

✓ SABIN, FLORENCE RENA

Biographical

**Anatomist**

Born Central City, Colorado, November 9, 1871

Daughter of George Kimball and Rena (Miner) Sabin

Education: B. S., Smith College, 1893  
 M. Sc. D., 1910, Smith College  
 M. D., Johns Hopkins, 1900

Honors: Sc. D., University of Michigan, 1926, Mt. Holyoke, 1928,  
 New York University, 1933, Wilson College, 1933,  
 Syracuse University, 1934, Oglethorpe, 1935,  
 University of Colorado, 1935, University of  
 Pennsylvania, 1937, Oberlin College, 1937,  
 Russell Sage College, 1938, University of  
 Denver, 1939, Woman's Medical College of  
 Philadelphia, 1950  
 LL.D., Goucher College, 1931

Career: Teacher mathematics, Wolfe Hall, Denver Colorado,  
 1893-94  
 Assistant in zoology, Smith College, 1895  
 Interne, Johns Hopkins, 1900-01

Fellow Baltimore Association for Advancement of  
University Education of Women, 1901  
Assistant in anatomy, Johns Hopkins, 1902, associate,  
1903-05, associate professor, 1905-17,  
professor histology, 1917-25

Activities: Member Rockefeller Institute for Medical  
Research, 1925-38  
Member emeritus since 1938  
President Board Finney-Howell Reserve Foundation  
Member American Association Anatomist (v.p. 1908-09;  
pres., 1924-26), American Association Physiologists  
Society Experimental Biology and Medicine  
(councilor 1932), National Tuberculosis  
Association, National Academy Sciences  
Honorary life member New York Academy Sciences,  
Harvey Soc. AAAS, American Association  
University Women, National Achievement award, 1932,  
M. Carey Thomas prize, 1935

Address: 1333 East 10th Avenue, Denver 3, Colorado

Who's Who in America, Volume 27, 1952-1953

1931

1/12

POLICIES

Administration

FLEXNER, A.

Biographical

✓ SABIN, FLORENCE R.

Biographical

Sabin to Flexner, January 12, 1931, evidently in answer to his questionnaire dated December 11.

"It seems to me that the question of subjects should be subordinated to the selection of the right people. In general, I should suggest the following tentative list of appropriate subjects: History, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, and Biology." [And economics in a postscript].

She again suggests the plan of which the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research has been run; e. g., select a man as head of a department and let him build up a small staff of young men. "It appears to me that this staff is more important than any group of students, and that the question of students might be left wholly to those who actually apply because they are attracted by the given man. In this

connection, I should think there should be no advertising whatsoever, allowing the reputation of the man be the thing that should draw students. The younger members of the staff might be considered almost in lieu of students, with the idea that they would receive a few years' training and then go on to universities, just as the younger men on the staff here at the Rockefeller Institute do.<sup>11</sup>

She can suggest no one for staff, but suggests salaries from \$15,000 to \$25,000. For the younger men, salaries should be adjusted to those now current in the universities ~~xxxxxx~~ rather than be out of alignment with them.

One day later she recommended Dr. Lars Onsager at Brown University and Dr. T. H. Gronwall, now at Columbia University, both mathematical physicists.

B, Sabin, Florence R.

1934

4/2

EARLE, EDWARD MEADE

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

✓ SABIN, FLORENCE R.

Flexner to Sabin, April 2, 1934.

Flexner asks Sabin to write Dr. Webb, Earle's physician in Colorado, to ask whether Earle's present condition and the outlook are such as would be justified "from the standpoint of the Institute" in taking any such step. "Search as I may, I have not been able to find anyone who seems to me to possess Earle's intelligence, vigor of expression, etc.

D, Sabin, Florence, R.

NOMINATIONS (p. 7)

Academic Personnel

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION (pp. 4-13)  
PRINCETON UNIVERSITY (p. 6,7)

Relations WPAI

FLEXNER, A. (pp. 4-10)

Biographical

VEBIEN, O. (p. 10)

WEED (p. 10, 11)

CARRELL (p. 11)

SABIN (p. 11)

RIEPLER, W. W. (p. 12)

Flexner on autonomous schools. Protests against idea  
it is disorder. Comments on Faculty government.

Trustees' Minutes, 1/23/39

1945

3/27

WORLD WAR II

Government Relations

EARLE, E. A.

Biographical

✓ SABIN, FLORENCE R.

Sabin to Aydelette, Marcy 27, 1945, regarding Earle's  
having contributed more to the victory than any other  
civilian.

Filed in Chronological file under 1945, 3/27.

D, Sabin, Florence

1957

2/10

ROCKEFELLER INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL RESEARCH

Foundations

GENERAL

Academic Procedures

PEARCE, LOUISE

Biographical

FLEXNER, ABRAHAM

FLEXNER, SIMON

✓ SABIN, FLORENCE

EINSTEIN, ALBERT

CARNELL

Table conversation with Louise Pearce February 10; 1957.

Filed in Vertical File under Pearce Intefviews.



1941-1945

✓ SACHS, ALEXANDER

Biographical

Alexander/ Sachs, 72 Wall Street, New York City.

See File for Sachs' activity with Aydelotte, Earle, et. al., 1941-1945 and press accounts of his function in bringing Einstein to the President in regard to the atomic bomb. Also see R. B. Warren's memorandum to Aydelotte on Sachs' suggestion that he have title of member at the Institute for Advanced Study in connection with a proposed study of interest rates, "the very heart of the capitalistic system."

D, Sachs, Alexander

1946

LIBRARY

GENERAL

✓ SACHS, JUDITH

Facilities

Personnel

Biographical

Miss Judith Sachs, an emigré from to America, April 4, 1938, citizenship granted spring, 1944; assistant cataloger, Swarthmore College Library, 1940-1944; graduated with a Bachelor's Degree from the Columbia University School of Library Service, 1939; speaks both French and German as well as good English; she studied Greek, Latin, Italian, and Spanish; was appointed Librarian on the departure of Mrs. Dorothy Persons, June 11, 1946. In 1944 to assist in cataloging and to carry out research and library projects in the School of Humanistic Studies for which Dr. Lowe and Mrs. Persons recommended an increase in salary.

D, Library Personnel

1955

10/12

LIBRARY

Facilities

~~SACHS, JUDITH~~

Biographical

Miss Sachs told me that the Institute was buying rare books very judiciously and slowly. She did not indicate what had been paid for rare books up to the present time, or what their present value was, or the number of volumes. Look into this matter.

Information from Miss Sachs

1936

ARCHEOLOGY (TARSUS)

HARVARD

GOLDMAN, HETTY

✓ SACHS, PAUL

Academic Activities

Relations WOI

Biographical

Goldman to Sachs.

A letter withdrawing her tender of resignation as Director of the excavations at Tarsus and an enumeration of points justifying further work at Tarsus for the enlistment of financial aid.

D File, Goldman, Hetty, 1936-1944

Nov.

1932

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

Academic Organization

✓ SALVEMINI, GAETANO (Professor, Yale University)

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

The early part of the correspondence is not in the file.

Salvemini to Flexner, Nov. 3, 1932, a long letter in which he asks permission to lay before Flexner some ~~xxxxxxx~~ ideas which are the results of some 40 years of study in historical studies and in sociological readings. He proceeded to do so.

His point is that a new center of historical studies "would be useless to science and human society. . . . The literature has developed into such tremendous proportions that no historian can attack a subject without being overwhelmed by a heap of works, most of which discover what their predecessors had already discovered.

"While historians are piling up books, reviews, collections of documents, etc. , the scholars who devote themselves to social sciences, pile up doctrines on doctrines. Most of them have no historical training; they accept the most ridiculous misstatements as if they were facts carefully checked by historical research; they build castles in the air, and these castles in the air call 'sociological laws'."

He says that history and sociology are in the same situation as that in which the natural sciences would be, if every student were studying on his own account piling up facts on facts, without checking other students' statements, and without checking their own hypothetical laws with the help of other students' experiments.

He points out that history and sociology today need two kinds of work:

(1). An historical bibliographic encyclopedia with citations to all works published on that subject. The encyclopedia should have quinquennial supplements. Two or three scholars, expert in each subject, in different countries, should be entrusted with the task of gathering the bibliography of their subject, and send it to a central bureau with their opinions, where it can be shaped for publication, by a small group of scholars in the central bureau.

(2) A bridge between historical and sociological studies. In this connection he suggests a study of all the revolutions in the world. He suggests the presence of scholars who could contribute their knowledge based upon careful studies of the various revolutions in different countries.

He receives a sympathetic letter from Dr. Flexner on the death of Howland of Yale who, he says, brought him to Yale to lecture and whom he loved and respected "for his fine mind and human, generous and sweet heart." He and Flexner make an engagement for luncheon on Dec. 17, 1932 but Flexner goes to Europe before the luncheon comes and asks to be excused. No further correspondence is in the file on this subject.

1933

9/6

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

NEUGEBAUER

Biographical

✓ BARTON, GEORGE

FLEXNER, A.

Sarton to Flexner, September 6, 1933, informing Flexner of word which he has had from Neugebauer at Göttingen that he is editing the Corpus of all the original documents of Babylonian mathematics. Sarton says the world will owe much to Neugebauer for this.

Sarton suggests the history of science as one of the fields for the Institute to study; first because it has been neglected by other agencies except for the Carnegie Institution, and because when colleges that do give courses in it, it debases the subject rather than elevating it. Furthermore, because the history of science, that is, the history of mathematics and other sciences down the scale, is the best introduction to the philosophy of science and synthetic knowledge; next, because it is the best means of humanizing science; and, last, because

it would be an excellent preparation for increasing groups of people needing a general scientific knowledge and intelligence rather than a specialized and technical knowledge.

The organization of such studies in the United States could be reconciled with the urgent needs of many German scholars--a new opportunity to them, a great opportunity to this country.

Then he goes on to compare himself with Neugebauer, in relation to whom he said he, Barton, was only a dilettante. "He works in the front trenches while I amuse myself way back in the rear--praising the one, blaming the others; saying this ought to be done, etc.--and doing very little myself. What Neugebauer does is fundamental, and what I do, secondary."

He assures Flexer Neugebauer did not ask him to write the letter.

D, Institute--Organization



1933  
1940  
1940

9/8  
7/29  
7/31

HISTORICAL STUDIES (HISTORY OF SCIENCE)

Academic Activities

✓ BARTON, DR. GEORGE (Editor of Isis at the  
Harvard Library, Cambridge, Mass.)

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

NEUGEBAUER

Flexner to Barton, September 8, 1933.

He alludes to a recommendation of Neugebauer which Barton has sent.  
~~What I wonder now is whether there exists in this country~~  
the material which he would need for his Babylonian and other work in  
case the Institute could give him a position... Some day I should like to  
see the Institute of Advanced Study develop an institute of the history  
of science or the history of culture, which would include both science and  
the humanities. Thus our American scholars might be enabled to gain a  
perspective, which very few of the younger men now possess."

Sarton to Flexner, July 29, 1940.

He asks Flexner to devote his time for the rest of his life to founding an endowment for an institute of the history of science.

Aydelotte to Sarton, July 31, 1940.

He acknowledges the letter to Flexner and points out that the war would render impossible any such effort at the present time.

1943

March

AMERICAN HISTORY

Academic Activities

✓ SAUER, CARL O.

Biographical

HAMILTON, EARL J.

Comments by Sauer on Hamilton's plans.

See Source.

PA (Elsa Jenkins) 3/19/57, File No. 9

1938

5/20

ECONOMICS

Academic Activities

✓ SAUNDERS

Biographical

~~XXKEYNES~~ KEYNES

VINER, J.

Saunders expressed in interview with Flexner respect for Knight of Chicago, a young man lecturing at London School that year. Regarded Viner as a great man, "the greatest you have in America." We are not so fortunate in England. Our leading economists are either the mathematical group, who are ineffective and remote, or Keynes, who, with all his brilliance is an incongruous mixture of business, man, politician, journalist, and economist."

Interview with Mr. Carr Saunders, Director London School of Economics; D, Organization

1938

5/20

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

Academic Organization

✓ SAUNDERS, CARR (Director London School of Economics) Biographical

LASKI, HAROLD

See record of interviews--Laski re: Mitrany and Rumney.  
Flexner lunched later with Laski and Ginsberg.

Saunders' interview with Flexner on London School not very  
useful except for his conviction that there are no ultimate  
truths in economics any more than there is in any science.

D, Institute - Organization

✓ SCHAAP, MICHAEL

Biographical

Chairman of Board of Bloomingdale Brothers, Inc.

Born 1874

Education: LL. D. New York University, 1896

Career: Practiced law New York City, 1895 to 1917  
Progressive "Bull Moose" Party leader in New York Assembly  
1913-1914  
Vice-President and General Manager, L. Bamberger & Company,  
Newark, N. J., 1917-1929  
President General Manager, Bloomingdale Brothers, Inc.,  
1929-1944  
Chairman of Executive Committee since 1944

Address: Office - Lexington Avenue and 59th Street, New York 22, N. Y.  
Home - 33 East 48th Street, New York

Who's Who in America, Vol. 27, 1952-1953

1937-1944

SCHAAP, MICHAEL

Biographical

Schaap was the nephew-in-law of L. Bamberger. Married Stella Hammersmith, who received \$50,000 in Bamberger's will.

Schaap was with Bamberger & Company at one time.

D, Bamberger, Louis, 1937-1944

TRUSTEES

Corporation

FOUNDERS

✓ SCHAAP

Biographical

BAMBERGER, E. L.

Aydelotte to Weed.

Bamberger (Louis) wants Michael Schaap to succeed Stewart  
as Trustee; Weed as V. C. E. L. Bamberger to succeed  
Esther S. Bailey as Secretary.

D, Weed



1945

12/18

GENERAL (TAXES--NEW JERSEY)

Government Relations

✓ SCHAAP

Biographical

Reported \$500,000 plus inheritance taxes on Mr. Bamberger's estate to New Jersey which has abandoned claim for inheritance tax on gifts made before his death.

Executive Committee Minutes, 12/18/45, p. 5

1946

3/19

SALARIES  
COMMITTEE  
✓ SCHAAP  
VEBLER  
MORSE

Academic Personnel

Biographical

Prof. Stewart wrote a letter on increased cost of living and necessary adjustment of salaries in the lower brackets. Prof. Morse said the Standing Committee did not wish to make any recommendation in the absence of Aydelette.

The Sch. of Eco. recommended that Dr. Hans Swarzenski's salary be increased from \$3000 to \$3500. The Faculty Standing Comm. approved this for reference to Trustees.

A Committee of Mr. Schaap, Professors Veblen and Morse was appointed by Mr. Board to investigate the general salary question and to report at next meeting of Board.

Exec. Comm. Mtg. 3/19/46 <sup>2-3</sup> pp. 3-4

1947

SINOLOGY

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

GEST ORIENTAL LIBRARY

FULTON, J. R.

AYDELOTTE, F.

✓ SCHAAP

BOYD

DUYVENDAK

Academic Activities

Relations WOAI

Facilities

Biographical

Flexner to Aydelotte, 10/6/47. If well rounded studies in on Far East can be undertaken (financially) at IAS Gest Oriental Library should stay Princeton. Otherwise go to another institution. Defers to Oppenheimer's consideration which Aydelotte suggested letter 10/4. Schaap's notes to Maass 4/9/47 as member of Committee on Gest Oriental Library.

1947

Notes on conference 4/4/57. Stenographic. Important and extended--Duyvendak's recommendations of 1946 repeated by him. Boyd spoke, Lattimore, etc.

A, 10/18/56, Board of Trustees, October 9, 1947

1947

4/4  
4/9

GEST ORIENTAL LIBRARY

Facilities

✓ SCHAAP, MICHAEL

Biographical

Report of meeting of conferences on Gest. Oriental  
Library.

Also Michael Schaap's own report.

G. O. L. better undergraduate than graduate library.

A, 10/18/56, File #44

1947

4/11 to 4/28

HOUSING

Facilities

SALARIES

Academic Personnel

AYDELOTTE, F.

Biographical

MAASS, HERBERT H.

MILLER, BERNETTA

DAUNCEY

✓ SCHAAP

~~AYDELOTTE~~ OPPENHEIMER

For memo on above headings see Chronological File under  
1947, 4/11 (to 4/28) or any one of the first 6 headings listed  
above.

D, Maass, 1947-

1949

2/15

POLICIES (LIFE INSURANCE,  
GROUP INSURANCE)

Administration

✓ SCHAAP

Biographical

Mr. Schaap, the chairman of the special committee on insurance, reported that the committee had decided to take no action on insuring Faculty members; and that the Director should handle Institute group insurance.

Minutes, Meeting of the Executive Committee, February 15, 1949

1956

5/29

FOUNDERS  
GENERAL  
INSTITUTE FILE  
GIFTS  
DIRECTOR  
ECONOMICS  
✓ SCHAAP  
FARRIER  
BAMBERGER, LOUIS  
FULD  
HARDIN  
BAMBERGER, EDGAR  
LEIDESDORF  
MAASS  
STRAUS  
PLEXNER  
AYDELOTTE  
STRAUSS

Corporation  
Facilities  
Institute File  
Finance  
Administration  
Academic Activities  
Biographical

Interview with Messrs. Schaap and Farrier, May 29, 1956.  
in the Board room at Bloomingdale's, New York City.

Filed in Vertical File under Schaap and Farrier Interviews.  
Interview with Schaap and Farrier, 5/29/56



1947

5/8

GENERAL

Public Relations

AYDELOTTE, P.

Biographical

SCHAFFNER, JOSEPH HALLIE

OPPENHEIMER, R.

Schaffner to Aydelotte, May 8, 1947.

Again thanks him for hospitality. "This time you added a new ingredient to the stew. I don't know yet whether it will turn out to be baking powder, cold water or a dash of seasoning. It was an especial treat for me because I had never seen or met Oppenheimer before, and the quality of his mind and personality delighted me. I should think him almost the most persuasive person in presenting his own ideas I have come across. I told Weiskopf that afternoon that I should like his assurance that if I ever got arrested for murder he would be able to get Robert Oppenheimer to defend me. I can think of few juries that could resist him."

D File, Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Inc.

1934

6/28

SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES

Academic Organization

ARCHEOLOGY

Academic Activities

HISTORY OF ART

PRINCETON

Relations WOAI

MOREY, C. R.

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

← SCHLUNK

WEITZMANN

PANOFSKY

Flexner to Morey from London, June 28, 1934, commenting on his inability to do anything for Schlunk and Weitzmann, ~~but~~ but mentioning an interesting conversation with Panofsky. "It seems to me clear that we must be most punctilious in helping him to carry out his engagements with New York University both for his sake and because of ultimate possibilities therein which I can explain to you when I see you in the fall."

III-24

1935  
SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES  
SCHLUNK, HELMUT  
WEITSMANN, KURT  
ARCHAEOLOGY (ANTIOCH)  
PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Academic Organization  
Biographical

Academic Activities  
Relations w.o.a.i.

Letter from C.R. Morey to Flesher:

"This letter is in pursuance of the conversation we had last Wednesday relative to the continuance of the grant made by the Institute for Advanced Study which so effectively promoted two projects of research in archaeology at Princeton during the year 1934-35, and enabled us to secure the services of Helmut Schlunk and his especial knowledge of Visigothic architecture in Spain, and of Kurt Weitsmann for the furtherance of the project of Professor Friend and the Index of Christian Art for the publication of the illustration of the Old Testament in Greek manuscripts.

"We are faced with a somewhat difficult situation, in 1935-36, relative to the working up of the final publication of the results of the Antioch dig, whose first concession term terminates Dec. 31, 1936. To do this properly we must provide the field workers an opportunity to do the research supplementary to their field-notes, and afford also the opportunity to Glenville Downey, at present librarian of the American School at Athens, to be relieved for a term from his duties and financed for the completion of his very fine work on the sources for the history and topography of Antioch, - a job he can't do very well in his

present location and position.

"As I said in our conversation, this could be done very well on a two-year continuation of the \$6000 annual grant made by the Institute in the case of Schlunk and Weitzmann.

...

"...

"I need not say how much this cooperation would be appreciated nor how grateful we are for helping us out with Schlunk and Weitzmann. If your Board can see its way to continuing the cooperation until the wind-up of this first campaign at Antioch, I feel sure that it will see in the result something that will justify the expenditure in the fullest degree."

File III-24

1935

7/10  
8/2

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY  
SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES  
✓SCHLUNK, HEINRICH  
WEITZMANN, KURT  
ARCHAEOLOGY (ANTIOCH)

Relations W.O.A.I.  
Academic Organization  
Biographical

Academic Activities

Memo from C.R. Morry (Princ. Univ.) to Dr. Flemer concerning grant of \$6000 made by IAS to H. Schlunk and K. Weitzmann. Schlunk has accepted a post as Curator of Mediaeval Antiquities in the Deutsches Museum in Berlin and Morry is writing for Flemer's permission to divide his grant and give \$1300 to F. W. Robinson for work on the catalogue of the Museo Cristiano, and \$1700 to the committee on the excavation of Antioch for the expenses of the 1935 campaign.

Morry writes to Flemer on Aug. 2 thanking him for the help the IAS was able to give the Expedition at Antioch and for the grant to Robinson.

File III-24

1950

11/20

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

MEMBERS

HEUGEBAUER, OTTO

Biographical

✓ SCHMIDT, OLAF

Schmidt appointed member grant-in-aid of \$2500. Suggested by Heugebauer since assistant he previously was, who will be here the same term.

Faculty Minutes, 11/20/50

1931-35

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations W.O.A.I.

JOINT (ANNALS)

Publications

EISENHART, L. P.

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

ALEXANDER, J. W.

VON NEUMANN, J.

✓ SCHRÖDINGER

Excerpts from file on L. P. Eisenhart, II-17

See EISENHART, L. P. - Biographical

1935

1/12  
4/30

WEYL, HERMANN

Biographical

✓ SCHROEDINGER

HEISENBERG

IAS official bradded file on Weyl beginning with rejection cable January 12, 1932--Letter of second appointment September 9, 1933 not in file but correspondence is and also revision of terms April 27, 1934 account uninsurability of Weyl's life, countersigned by Weyl.

A, 10/18/56, Bradded section IAS files on Weyl



1934

3/12

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

FLEXNER, A.

Biographical

✓ SCHRÖDINGER

Report on School of Economics and Politics.

Report that members of Faculty had been making inquiries in field of mathematical physics, which "has already been opened by Professor Einstein and Professor von Neumann." No nomination to submit (Schrödinger better related?) Director coming as visiting professor.

In April, 1934, Minutes, pp. 2-3. Director reports on Schrödinger as great mathematical physicist who resigned from University of Berlin when Hitler assumed power, accepted immediately a professorship offered by Oxford, subject to a term as visiting professor previously arranged with Princeton University. Worked with Einstein while here. See correspondence with

Eisenhart indicating that Princeton offered him a professorship  
which he refused, apparently looking toward I. A. S.  
The March Minutes indicate this is what happened.

Executive Committee Minutes

1934

4/6

✓SCHROEDINGER

Biographical

Schroedinger spending a month at Princeton University.  
Formerly professor of theoretical physics at University of  
Berlin. Resigned in protest. Now supernumerary at Oxford.

Science, Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society, Vol. 79,  
April 6, 1934

1934

4/23

LECTURES

Academic Procedures

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WOAI

WEYL, HERMANN

Biographical

✓SCHROEDINGER

Re: Excerpt from Director's report about Weyl's lectures; Schroedinger (PU)  
and cooperation between Princeton U. and IAS. Minutes 4/23/34, pp 2-3, Vol. I, No. 19.

See: LECTURES - Academic Procedures

1934

6/25  
7/9

PRINCETON

Relations WOI

/ SCHROEDINGER, ERWIN

Two letters from Schrödinger to Flexner filed in  
Chronological File under 1934, 6/25.

D, Schrödinger

1934

6/25  
7/4

~~APPO-INTERESTS~~

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

✓ SCHROEDINGER, ERWIN

FLEXNER, A.

~~Academic Personnel~~

~~Educational Institutions~~

~~Biographical~~

Schroedinger to Flexner notifying him that he has just written to Eisenhart and Dodds telling them that he could not accept the professorship offered by the University of Princeton. Flexner has expressed interest in his acceptance, but the letter is not in the file. Schroedinger says that the single arguments that encouraged him were: first, Flexner's concern and kind interest, second that Flexner had said the Institute would continue to build in the direction of theoretical physics, and, third, that as long as the offer from the side of the University was in suspense, Flexner's loyalty toward the latter would absolutely prevent him from hinting at any other possibility; fourth, is that hearing that Schroedinger had refused Princeton, he might easily be induce to infer that Schroedinger does not like Princeton after all and wants to put off the idea of going there altogether. Schroedinger informs Flexner that he is enchanted at the beautiful scientific milieu of Fine Hall. He has no longer

any apprehensions about transplanting from Europe to the U. S. A. after what his friends Ledeburg, Einstein, Weyl and Veblen said and write him in very kind letters. It was after this, he said, that he carefully reconsidered the financial side, especially also the conditions of pension, security for his wife, and so forth, and these he decided kept him from accepting the University professorship.

Flexner to Schroedinger, July 4, 1934. A kind reply indicating that he has to proceed with great caution because of the financial circumstances in the country, and the anxiety of the Trustees that in the short time Flexner has left he should start other schools either in the Humanities or economics or both. He has as yet, however, no program to submit to the Trustees when they meet in October. ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ He says he is delighted that Schroedinger likes Princeton and hopes that under the circumstances he will be inclined to reopen the Princeton offer with Dean Eisenhart, and informs him that he need feel under no hesitation in doing so. "Unfortunately, I am in no position to advise, since I do not know the terms upon which either Oxford or the Princeton

professorship is held." He wrote from London to Oxford; that is, Flexner was in London. See Schroedinger under these dates for reply in German to translate dated July 9--merely an acknowledgment of the letter.

D, Schroedinger, Erwin



1934

7/4  
7/11

PHYSICS

Academic Activities

✓ SCHROEDINGER, ERWIN (1887)

Biographical

EISENHART

FLEXNER, A.

Schroedinger left University of Berlin when Hitler came to power. Was fellow at Oxford, 1933, but came to lecture in physics at Princeton for several weeks, spring semester, 1934. Refused an offer from Princeton, evidently thinking he was going to get an offer from I. A. S. (why? Einstein or Veblen?). Worked with Einstein while here. Minutes (4/23/34). Flexner had to placate Eisenhart. Schroedinger did not come to Princeton. International Who's Who lists no connection 1933-6; 1936-38. University of Graz, 1930--Dublin Institute for Advanced Studies.

II-17

1935

9/3

9/7

EINSTEIN, ALBERT

Biographical

SCHRÖDINGER

FLEXNER, A.

Einstein to Flexner.

Lately I have been carrying on a scholarly correspondence with Schrödinger. In my judgment he would be a wonderful acquisition for our Institute. He wrote me of the intention to accept a call to Graz (Austria), since he is at Oxford only on a courtesy call, so to say; and there is no real opportunity therefor a scholar in th. physics. I believe that the influential people of Princeton after open discussions would not have opposed a call to Schrödinger to our Institute to spite him because of his refusal of the call to Princeton. One could <sup>hardly</sup> take amiss the striving of such an outstanding scholar for a position which promises him the opportunity to contribute his learning as completely as possible.

Flexner to Einstein, September 7, 1935.

The Schrödinger matter is a delicate one, which I cannot completely settle without talking with you and with your associates as well as the Princeton people. I will take the matter up, however, without delay when we ~~xxx~~ are all together once more. Schrödinger made a blunder that embarrassed both me and the Institute but I shall handle the matter with every possible discretion and with every desire to do the best for him as well as for us...

D, Einstein, A., 1934-36

1936

4/9

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WOI

✓ SCHROEDINGER

Biographical

HEISENBERG

ENRIKO FERMI

SIEGEL

POWLER

Eisenhart to Flexner, April 9, 1936.

The Research Committee reviewed its past actions with regard to visitors and adopted this policy for the future: Under normal conditions, a visitor invited to the University for scientific research: maximum stipend shall be \$1,000 a month and the maximum traveling expenses \$500. In each case the Committee shall determine the stipend and grant for traveling expenses in the light of the circumstances of the case.

The maximum offer was made to Schroedinger, Heisenberg and Fermi, in each case for several months, "because of our desire to have

then visit Princeton to determine whether we wished to extend each of them an offer for a permanent position. We did not offer as much as this to either Professor Siegel or Professor Fowler."<sup>3</sup>

D. Eisenhart, Luther P.

1947

4/13  
4/29

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WOAI

KENYON COLLEGE (GAMBIER, OHIO)

✓ SCHROEDINGER, ERWIN

Biographical

SUTCLIFFE, DUNHAM

Dunham Sutcliffe, President of Kenyon College informed Aydelette April 23, 1947 that they were having a conference on "The Heritage of the English-Speaking People and their Responsibility" and had invited Schroedinger of the Dublin Institute for Advanced Studies. He encloses a copy of Schroedinger's answer which is that he as an Austrian is deprived of a national passport because the four occupying powers cannot agree on the terms. He writes from Dublin, the School of Theoretical Physics at the Dublin Institute for Advanced Studies: "So I suppose I shall remain on this pleasant and hospitable island, until the world is ruled by a

little more reason than it is now. Which may mean, until I pass away.

"You see I am slightly despondent on mankind as a whole."

Aydelotte sent a memorandum to Weyl, Veblen, and von Neumann, April 29, 1947, asking whether if Kenyon supplied travelling funds and the passport were obtainable they would want him as a visitor at the Institute. Question raised by Sutcliffe. Von Neumann on the bottom of this letter pencils that he would be very strongly in favor of inviting Schroedinger and suggests discussion of the matter, ~~xxxxxxxxxxxx~~ There is no disposition of the matter in the file.

D. Schroedinger, Erwin

1956

7/9

GENERAL

Educational Institutions

MATHematics

Academic Activities

POLitics

Administration

MEMBERS

Academic Personnel

HOUSING

Biographical

GRANT

WEL

SIENSTEIN

COOL

SCHUBNER

VERLEN, G.

Interview with Professor Hengsbauer, July 9, 1956.  
Filed in Vertical File under Hengsbauer Interviews.



9/25

1790  
ECONOMICS (P. 1, 4, 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16)  
DIRECTOR (P. 6)  
SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES (P. 6, 7)  
PRINCETON (P. 7, 8, 11)  
PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION (P. 9, 13)  
POLICIES (P. 12)  
BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS (P. 6, 7, 15, 16)  
ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION (P. 16, 18)  
STEWART (P. 1, 5, 13, 14)  
FRANKFURTER (P. 2, 5, 9, 17)  
CLAY (P. 4)  
RIEFLER (P. 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15)  
WOLMAN (P. 4, 17)  
VINER (P. 5, 8)  
AYDELOTTE (P. 6)  
VEBIEN (P. 1, 16)  
STRAUS (P. 7)  
PANOFISKY (P. 7)  
✓SCHROEDINGER (P. 7, 8)  
OPPENHEIMER (P. 9, 17)  
WARREN (P. 10, 11, 16)  
BUCHANAN, NORMAN (P. 11)  
FEIS (P. 13)

Academic Activities  
Administration  
Academic Organization  
Relations WOAI  
Academic Personnel  
Administration  
Facilities  
Foundations  
Biographical

Interview with Mr. Stewart, September 25, 1956.  
Filed under Stewart Interviews in Vertical File.

1957

5/15

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)  
BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS (2, 6)

GENERAL (2, 3)

MATHEMATICS (3, 6)

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL (4, 6, 7)

PROFESSORS (4)

MEMBERS (4)

ASSISTANTS (4)

EISENHART (1, 3, 4)

✓ SCHWENDINGER (1)

ALEXANDER (1)

VON NEUMANN (1)

VERLEN (1, 2)

EINSTEIN (5)

Relations WOA1

Facilities

Academic Procedures

Academic Activities

Foundations

Academic Personnel

Biographical

Interview with Dean Eisenhart, May 15, 1957.

Filed in Vertical File under Eisenhart Interviews.

1931

5/31

GENERAL (Purpose)

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS & POLITICS

ECONOMICS

SCHUMPETER, J.

FLEXNER, A.

Corporation

Academic Organization

Academic Activities

Biographical

See 11-page copy of letter to Flexner from J. Schumpeter at Bonn commenting on nature of I.A.S. (pp. 1-3), theoretical economics (pp. 3-6), and what the I.A.S. could accomplish, and suggesting men qualified to initiate and guide development of field (pp.6-11).

*See Vertical file under "S"*

File IV-6

1932

1/7  
1/11

FRANKFURTER

Biographical

VINER, A.

✓ SCHUMPETER, J.

Frankfurter agrees with Schumpeter that Viner is the man much as he dislikes Schumpeter.

Vertical File, Frankfurter-1

MARSCHAK, JACOB

Biography

/SCHUMPETER, JOSEPH A.

ECONOMICS

Academic Activities

Schumpeter (Cambridge, Mass.) to Flexner 4/29/34

"It has been suggested to me (not by himself) that I should recommend to you, for possible consideration in filling your chair in economics, Dr. Jacob Marschak, formerly of Heidelberg, now of All Souls, Oxford. I have no hesitation in doing so. Quantitative analysis in close connection ~~with~~ with the theory of the Marshall-Parets type is no doubt the scientific program of economics in the near future. The signs of the time point unmistakably towards this goal of constructing a building which may some day bear comparison to that of physics. As yet, there are very few competent men in the field, as most economists - even those who can at all be called scientists, and are more than popular or philosophic writers on the questions of the day - lack either the theoretical or the statistical complement. Now Frisch is comfortable at Oslo, and Leontief in Harvard (I hope so at least), and after them Marschak certainly stands in the first line. His book (on elasticity of demand) and his papers (especially on the determination of the constants of the monetary system) have earned for him an international

name in his field. He is young (about 30 or 32), and in full vigor, with a bright prospect of achievement before him. If you consider young men at all, you will probably not be able to do better.

"Kindly excuse my intruding like this into your counsels, and believe me,..."

File III-17

1936

12/7  
12/14  
12/23

HUSSENL, GERHARD

Biographical

/SCHUMPETER, JOSEPH A.

RIEFLER, WINFIELD W.

ECONOMICS

Academic Activities

Schumpeter (Harvard University) to Flexner (IAS, Princeton University):

"A few days ago I had a visit from Professor Gerhard Husserl, who years ago, before he was called to Kiel, was my colleague in Bonn. I was then, and I have been again, struck by his talent, the width of his philosophical erudition and all that he means for general jurisprudence. I don't know whether you have met him, but it occurred to me that he may be just the type of man you are now recruiting for your Institute.

"His remarkable publications have made quite a name for him in Germany and since there is a tendency in this direction in this country, they may before long do so here. I do not know at all what your plans are and I am throwing out the suggestion at the risk of its being entirely off the point. Nor do I know what your policy is regarding temporary appointments, but I do think it might be worth your while to have him at your Institute for, say, a year in order to look at him."

Flexner to Schumpeter (Harvard University):

"Thank you very much for your kind note of December 7 in regard to Professor Husserl. I saw him a few days ago and I believe that while he was here he had an interview with Professor Riefler. I shall send your letter to Riefler, whose plans are, however, still unformed. As far as he has progressed in his thinking he is inclined to follow the policy pursued here in mathematics, namely, to mark off a section of the economic field and cultivate it with unusual intensity."

Riefler (IAS) to Flexner (Princeton): (12/23/36)

"I am returning the letter of Professor Schumpeter concerning Professor Gerhard Husserl. I do not feel that we have progressed far enough at present to consider temporary appointments."



1955

$\frac{3}{4}$   
 $\frac{3}{7}$

GIFTS

Finance

✓ SCHWARTZ, MARVIN L. (Counselor-at-law)

Biographical

Marvin L. Schwartz, REES Counselor-at-law of New York to the Institute, March 4, 1955.

He has a client wishing to leave draw a will in which the IAS is to be named one of the remaindermen of a trust.

Oppenheimer responds March 7, 1955

There is no further information in the file.

D File, Donations

1947

September  
October  
12/23

~~S~~CHWEITZER, ALBERT

Biographical

A man named Dr. Walter Lowrie corresponded with Aydelotte asking him to invite Dr. Schweitzer from Equatorial French Africa to the Institute for a year. The correspondence is long; Lowrie is very persistent, but Aydelotte persists in refusing, in the first place generally on the ground that Schweitzer is too old to ask to the Institute. The last correspondence on the subject was January 13, 1947 when Jane Richardson acknowledged a letter to Lowrie saying that Aydelotte was out of town, but the matter would be brought ~~y~~ to his attention. Apparently, one of the first things Oppenheimer did as Director was to invite Schweitzer to come to the Institute for as long as he wishes to stay, offering \$10,000 for the first year. There is no answer in the file and no evidence that Oppenheimer corresponded with Lowrie.

D, Schweitzer, Albert

1946

10/29

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WPAI

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

SCHWINGER, JULIAN

Biographical

On October 29, 1946, Aydelette asked Schwinger to come ~~xxx~~ down to Princeton to discuss with him and some of the members of the School of Mathematics an opening in mathematical physics at the Institute. He offered travelling expenses.

On November 17 Schwinger responded that he was grateful for the Institute's interest, but had no desire to leave Harvard, "since there is much scientific activity in the Cambridge area." He declined the invitation.

D, Schwinger, Julian

1948

2/2

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES

Academic Organization

✓ SEGALL, DR. BERTA

Biographical

DE TOLNAY, CHARLES

Reappointment of Segall (Dr. Berta) and Charles de Tolnay (Dr.). The School had decided to terminate Segall's appointment unless Princeton University agreed to provide her part-time support, which was very doubtful in the Director's opinion. In the case of Dr. de Tolnay, the Director asked whether the Faculty's past action to terminate his appointment was binding on the Director. "It was agreed that no adequate professional opinion on de Tolnay's work on Michelangelo could be given by the Faculty; [Panofsky was not present] that its merits would not be reviewed again; that the Faculty decision was binding."

Faculty Minutes, 2/2/48

1948

11/9

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

Academic Organization

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WCAT

✓SELBERG, ATLE

NEUGEBAUER, OTTO

FRANKL, DR. PAUL

ELIOT, THOMAS

BOHR, NIELS

Faculty meeting of November 9, 1948.

Filed in Chronological File, 11/9/48.

Minutes Faculty Meeting, November 9, 1948, File V-1

1948

11/16

✓SELBERG, ATLE

Biographical

Faculty recommended appointment to permanent membership of Dr. Selberg with a grant-in-aid of \$8000 and TIAA of 5 o/o with Selberg contributing a like sum. The Director stated that at 31 Selberg was considered one of the best mathematicians in the world. He was then at the University of Syracuse; and would occupy a post at the University of Oslo the next year.

Tr. Min. 11/16/48 p. 3

10/20

FACULTY

Academic Personnel

MONTGOMERY, DEANE

Biographical

PAIS, ABRAHAM

SELBERG, ATEE

SALARIES

Academic Personnel

See Director's discussion on status of faculty--economics professors gone. Weyl retiring, Siegel about to resign, Alexander also. (Alexander had been on leave at \$7500 per year stipend since December, 1947). (Both Siegel and Alexander resigned at the meeting as reported to the Trustees May 4, 1951.)

Board authorized the promotion of Montgomery, Pais and Selberg, and appointed a committee consisting of Strauss, Leidesdorf and Linder, Director Ex-Officio, to consider the salary on the Director's recommendation.

Trustees' Minutes, 10/20/50

1950

11/14  
11/20

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

SCHOOL OF HISTORICAL STUDIES  
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

PAIS  
SELBERG  
MONTGOMERY  
WOODWARD  
KANTOROWICZ

Biographical

Pais, Selberg and Montgomery invited to meeting though their nominations as professors were presented at it. Approved at meeting. But nomination of Woodward and Kantorowica presented by School of Historical Studies deferred to next meeting. (3 S. M. men were permanent members and known to I. A. S.: reason). But the difference in treatment was noted and it was decided that hereafter nominations would be acted upon not when first proposed but at next meeting. The meeting of the 14th had approved appointment of Bigelow and Goldstein as permanent members. Action repeated November 20, 1950.

Faculty Minutes, p. 216



11/14

1950  
PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

EINSTEIN

Biographical

VEBLEN

PAIS

MONTGOMERY, DEANE

~~SELBERG, ATLEY~~

LERAY, JEAN

For a memorandum on the retirement of Veblen and Einstein, the recommendation for appointment as professor Montgomery, Pais, and Selberg, and a three-year appointment for Leray, see memo of above date in Chronological file or under the first six headings.

Faculty Minutes, 11/14/50

1951

1/19

APPOINTMENTS

Academic Personnel

BENEFITS

✓ SELBERG, ATLE

Biographical

Oppenheimer to Selberg informing him that he has been appointed a professor in the School of Mathematics.

Term to start July 1, 1951 and continue to age of retirement. "According to present practices, retirement takes effect on the 30th of June after you have passed your 65th birthday." Initial salary of \$12,500 a year. Institute and Selberg to make 5 per cent contributions to TIAA if desired it.

D. Selberg, Atle

1953

9/28

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

DIRECTOR

Administration

SELBERG, ATLE

Biographical

Professor Selberg was elected new Faculty secretary.  
(First note of an election).

Faculty Minutes, 9/28/53

1953

11/4

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

DIRECTOR

Administration

KANTOROWICZ, ERNST

Biographical

MORSE

✓ BULBERG, ATLE

Starting with November 4, 1953, the Director plans to be away for approximately a month. Administrative committee consisting of those mentioned above will be in charge, and one of them will be in the Director's office for an hour, a stipulated hour, each Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

D. Memoranda to Staff and Members

1932

10/27  
10/29  
11/1

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

Academic Organization

XXXXXXXX FRANKFURTER, F.

Biographical

FLENNER, A.

✓SERUYS

Correspondence regarding Monsieur SERUYS.

Vertical File, Frankfurter-1

1931

12/28

SHAPLEY, HARLOW (Harvard University)

Biographical

Shapley to Flexner, answering the questionnaire for advice. He says, among other things, that pure science and professional training have been generously financed in recent years but the humanities have suffered from littl~~aa~~ financing. "I feel that the literature, languages, histories and arts need protection from the appeal of sciences, pure and applied, an appeal that goes to the pocket-book as well as to the active young mind."

Then he suggests "Next to Geophysics, and possibly to an Institute of Paleontology, I believe that a Department, School, or Institute of Applied Mathematics is the most obvious need for the advancement of American learning. There is now no personnel in America for Geophysics or Paleontology, as I see them; but a School of Applied Mathematics is feasible and obtainable, though it cannot be sold to the Departments of Pure Mathematics. The technical schools need super-computers, rather than mathematicians..."

"I have always felt that some high-minded philanthropist should break away from the custom of endowing the feeble-minded and subsidize in an effective way a few strong-minded individuals. This endowment of brains (rather than chairs or traditional institutions) seems to be just what you now have in the plans of Mr. Bamberger and Mrs. Fuld."

File IV-7

✓ SHEAR, T. LESLIE

Biographical

Princeton University archeologist directing excavations  
in Agora.

III-24

1939

1/1

ARCHAEOLOGY

academic activities

ROCKEFELLER, JOHN D., JR.

Biographical

MERRITT

Biographical

CAPPS

Biographical

✓ SHEAR, T. L.

Biographical

Merritt to Flexner, January 1, 1939.

Four mentioned have been made honorary members of the  
Greek Archeological Society.

D. Merritt



1949

1/18

GIFTS

Finance

✓ SHEAR, MRS. T. LESLIE

Biographical

Oppenheimer acknowledges \$2,500 gift of water colors of  
Greek pottery - in Professor Thompson's office.

Meritt, Faculty Business, Vertical

1930

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

PHYSICS

MATHEMATICS

✓ SHENSTONE, ALLEN

VERLEN, C.

EISENHART

Relations with Edu. Institutions

Academic Activities

Biographical

Interview with Professor Allen Shenstone, May 23, 1956.

Filed in Vertical file under Shenstone Interviews.

Interview with Professor Shenstone, 5/23/56

1938

## BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

facilities

✓ SHENSTONE, ALLEN

Biographical

VEBLER, O.

Veblen interested his friend Architect Roy Bauhan (now in New Hope) in planning Fuld Hall. But in I. A. S. internal squabble Bauham was eliminated. His plans good. Shenstone doesn't like result.

Interview with Allen Shenstone, May 23, 1956

1939 1949

6/24

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WOAI

✓ SHENSTONE, A. G.

Biographical

OPPENHEIMER, R.

SHENSTONE TO OPPENHEIMER, June <sup>24</sup>~~26~~, 1949.

Princeton is short-staffed--Smythe, Wheeler and White are away. Could Oppenheimer assist by allowing one of our people to give a course of lectures for us on thermodynamics for one term and statistical mechanics for the second to be given by one or two men?

Princeton would pay \$800 to \$1,000 each term depending on the seniority of the lecturer. Answer could be early in September.

No record in the file of the answer which was probably made by telephone.

D - "Sa" to "Sk"

1953

RICHARDSON, OWEN W.

Biographical

✓ SHENSTONE, ALLEN

A note from the Allen Shenstone Interview, May 23, 1956.

In 1953 Sir Owen W. Richardson wrote Chester Arthur Grove, a technician in the physics laboratory from 1903-1953 when he was given a testimonial for 50 years' service. He was the man who built the contraptions which the physicists needed for experiments. He was noted for his good human qualities, good humor, kindness, good cheer. Richardson recounts in this letter which is in a testimonial book to Grove how when he came to Princeton it was to install a research laboratory in the cellar of the old science building which had no ventilation but a big hole. The space was infested with hop toads which used the space and the swimming pool nearby. In the letter he recounts his students, the Comtons, Davidson, C. J., who married Richardson's sister, and others. He said the faculty was very much interested in what Richardson was doing. In this letter Richardson tells Grove he himself retired nine years ago and found it no occasion for rejoicing

From Interview with Shenstone, May 23, 1956

1954

3/25

PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

NUMBERS

GOTTMAN, JEAN

Biographical

✓ BRICE

WACE

LOWINSKY

All of these were extended for another year in the  
School of Historical Studies.

Faculty Minutes, 3/25/54

1956

6/6 6/7

DIRECTOR  
ARCHAEOLOGY  
PRINCETON  
TEACHING  
MEMBERS  
ASSISTANTS  
MERITT, B. D.  
AYDELOTTE, P.  
FLEENER  
DAUNCEY, MRS.  
CLEMENT  
✓ SHOM  
OHRY, WADE  
DE TOLNAY  
KANTOROWICZ  
GIERNISS  
THOMPSON  
PAROFKY  
FRANKL  
HERZFELD  
LOWE  
CAPIS  
SIGEL

Administration  
Academic Activities  
Relations WOA  
Academic Procedures  
Academic Personnel

Biographical

Interview with Professor Meritt, June 7, 1956.  
Filed in Vertical File under Meritt Interviews.

1956

6/14

ARCHEOLOGY (AMERICAN SCHOOL OF  
CLASSICAL STUDIES AT ATHENS)

Academic Activities

~~ROCKEFELLER~~ ROCKEFELLER

Foundations

GAPP, ~~ROBERTA~~ EDWARD

Biographical

✓ SHOE, LUCY

MERRITT, B. D.

~~MORGAN, CHARLES~~  
CLEMENT, PAUL

Interview with Miss Lucy Shoe, June 14, 1956.

Filed in Vertical File under Shoe Interviews.

Interview with Miss Shoe, 6/14/56



✓ SIEGEL, CARL LUDWIG

Biography

MASON, MAX

ROCKEFELLER

Foundations

Mason (NYC) to Flexner

"Dear A. F.

"It was possible to act for the small contribution in the case of Siegle on the basis of maintaining reasonable continuity, even though the case, if brought up for the first time for consideration now, would not fall in present program. Since the situation had been studied and 'matured' in Europe by W.E.T. with the expectation of a fellowship, we carried on here as tho fellowship was too restrictive. Hence the inconsistency between my remark to you when we talked, and our action.

Cordially,

/s/ Max Mason"

File III-17

1936

4/9

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations with

SCHROEDINGER

Biographical

HEISENBERG

FRANK FERMI

✓ SIEGEL

POWLER

Eisenhart to Plesner, April 9, 1936.

The Research Committee reviewed its past actions with regard to visitors and adopted this policy for the future: Under normal conditions, a visitor invited to the University for scientific research: maximum stipend shall be \$1,000 a month and the maximum traveling expenses \$500. In each case the Committee shall determine the stipend and grant for traveling expenses in the light of the circumstances of the case.

The maximum offer was made to Schrodinger, Heisenberg and Fermi, in each case for several months, "because of our desire to have

then visit Princeton to determine whether we wished to extend each of them an offer for a permanent position. We did not offer as much as this to either Professor Siegel or Professor Fowler.<sup>2</sup>

D. Klenhart, Luther P.

1940-1951

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

/SIEGEL, CARL

Biographical

Came as member to Institute by invitation Aydelotte cable March 13, 1940 for second time (first 1935 financed by Rockefeller Foundation--lectured 1935). Left Norway April 7, 1940 by ship. Took out first papers December 1940. (Resigned his professorship at Gottingen in opposition to Nazis 1940). Pianeé did not accompany. Aydelotte cabled her October 23, 1940 offering her \$1200 of Siegel's \$3000 stipend. Annual renewals--he had nowhere else to go--at \$3000 apparently always reimbursed by Rockefeller Foundation (at least 1943-4).

In February, 1945 Weyl inquired of math's outside as to qualifications of Siegel. On February 27, 1945 (See chrono.) prepared report (see file for gem) and especially for Sourant's appraisal of his importance to American youth.

While that was pending, he was offered stipend, \$4,000, ~~xxxxxxx~~ for year 1945-46 which he accepted conditionally; he wanted a professorship in Germany if he could get back. (3/24/45 S. to A.) 6/11/45 A. to S. offered professorship at

\$10,000 with joint contribution TIAA of \$1625 each for pension of \$4,000 at 65. Siegel didn't accept this; felt his major responsibility to rebuild principal academic life in Germany (6/19/45). Deferred decision until September 27, 1945 when he accepted it.

January 11, 1946 cable from Francis Miller that British hadn't been able to locate Helen Brown. Then Siegel became worried about his mother's health, and Aydelotte corresponded with all Rhodes scholars he could to gain information for Siegel. June 28, 1946 Siegel to Aydelotte. Had intended to marry Helen Brown in 1940 but she wasn't allowed to come to America by the German Government. Now that war is on American Government seems to have inherited some of the Nazi methods--won't allow her in. So he is going to Germany immediately. Has been asked to return to his chair at Gottingen. Has agreed to go for a year to find out attitude of students. Asks leave of absence without salary and help to go.

Weyl and Veblen consulted. Both urged Aydelotte to let Siegel go--help him go--and strive to get Brown to U. S. Said

Veblen, "The affair is of great importance to the Institute as a whole, for if we lose Siegel and Pauli (the latter may be influenced by what happens to the former) our faculty will be exactly what Flexner left behind minus a number of retirements." (July 5, 1956, Veblen to Aydelotte). Siegel had been naturalized.

Aydelotte took up with Executive Committee which authorized full salary for 90 days from time Siegel would leave U. S. Thereafter, Siegel speaks of "wall of official anti-Germanism" in the U. S. and says his only hope of seeing Miss Brown is "in making my escape from this country as soon as possible." (September 2, 1946, Siegel to Aydelotte). By September 20, 1946, Aydelotte urges Veblen to return to Princeton as soon as possible because Siegel's mental condition is serious. Hallucinations of imprisonment. Siegel was in Denmark in early October, 1946 allowed to go to Germany--Göttingen in November.

Siegel lectured at Göttingen and "started a book" with Brown. Wanted to return to Princeton. Brown's departure blocked. They went to Denmark where both became ill stopping with Harold Bohr.

Siegel and Brown came to Princeton September, 1947 and bought 178 Ewing Street for \$11,500 and asked Institute to lend \$7,500 which it did.

February 11, 1949 Siegel went to Europe. Went May 31, 1949. On December 19, 1945 Oppenheimer wrote he would get \$6,000 minimum pension. In May 1950 he again went abroad. (Helen Brown was member only 1947-48).

In 1951 (3/21) Siegel to Oppenheimer. He resigned end of term. Grateful to Institute for sanctuary. Felt he made a serious mistake accepting professorship Institute. But his visit to Germany disappointed him "by the attitude of the person whom I had considered as my nearest friend, and this deep shock brought me back to Princeton."

Doubts he will find peace in Germany but delivering regular courses might be ~~helpful~~ helpful in finding some sense in continuation of life, in spite of its exterior difficulties, and it might even happen that a gifted young student becomes interested in one of my problems...

To be sincere, I should mention another reason of disillusion, though this may appear impolite. More than half my whole scientific work has been published in this country, during the last 16 years. Quite apart from my own estimation I cannot think that this work is entirely worthless since men like André Weil and Hermann Weyl added some thoughts of their own to me or another of my problems. This contrast with the ~~stupid~~ attitude of the younger American generation of mathematicians from whom I never obtained during all these years a single sign of deeper concern with my own work." Further Siegel alluded to a "mischievous review" of a recent book of his in A. M. S. Bulletin.

Left May 17, 1951.

*Papers from file attached to above.*

D, Siegel



1942

4/6

STIPENDS

Academic Personnel

MEMBERS

✓ SIEGEL, CARL L.

Biographical

Siegel to Aydelotte thanking him for stipend for next academic year:

✓ "In this time of general confusion, your Institute seems to be the only place where pure scientific work is still possible, and I greatly appreciate the new chance given to me by your generous invitation for the next year."

See Source for rest of letter.

FA (Elsa Jenkins) 3/19/57, File 3.

1942

1/8  
2/10

ROCKEFELLER

Foundations

WORLD WAR II

Government Relations

EMIGRES

Academic Personnel

PAULI

Biographical

✓ SIEGEL

OSSEL

Aydelotte to Hanson regarding aid to I. A. S. for the Pauli, Siegel and Ossel. Foundation gave last \$6,000 each for two years for Pauli 1942-1944 and termination aid. He is seeking position in United States. Ossel and Siegel are getting \$6,000 and \$3,000 respectively from I. A. S. Drains I. A. S. stipend funds to help these worthy refugees. Foundation granted \$6,000 for two years for Siegel, \$3,000 for Ossel--also asks aid in bringing Orientalist Dr. Chen from China.

D. Rockefeller Foundation

1943

2/12

GÜDEL, KURT

Biographical

PAULI

~~SIEGEL~~

Aydelotte to Naass, February 12, 1943.

Güdel came to the Institute first as a short-term member in 1933. Later on he came again in 1939 and was caught by the war.

February 12, 1943, Aydelotte to Naass. He brings up the question of the application of the income tax law to Pauli, Siegel and Güdel. "These men are very much more eminent than most members of the Institute."

They have paid income tax, but now, Aydelotte says, Güdel finds higher rate of tax difficult to meet. Aydelotte asks Naass' advice, which is a crisp and definite advice to refugees to pay and be glad, and implication that this is no case for an inspection of stipend relationship.  
D File, Güdel, Kurt

1943

6/8

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

academic organization

EINSTEIN, A.

Biographical

WYLL, H.

VON NEUMANN

✓ SIGGEL

Report on work appendix, pp. 1-3. Wyl's discovery--  
Von Neumann's Theory of Games.

Trustees' Minutes, 6/8/43

1944

1/31

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organisation

GÖDEL

Biographical

PAULI

/ SIEGEL

It was voted to ~~annually~~ renew stipends of Gödel, Pauli, and Siegel at \$4,000, \$4,000 and \$3,000 respectively.

Minutes School of Mathematics, 1/31/44

1944

7/4

MATHEMATICS

Academic Activities

WEYL, HERMANN

Biographical

HARDY, SIR WILLIAM

✓ SIEGEL, C.

Weyl to R. H. Fowler of Cavendish Laboratory, Cambridge, England. On question of a successor to Sir William Hardy in Chair of Sedlerain, Chair of Pure Mathematics.

Speaks of Max Newman as one of more distinguished of the "numerous topologists (of which Princeton is a branding Place)." And of others.

But suggests name of C. L. Siegel as "of same caliber as Hardy," at the height of his productive power; an extraordinary personality and a sovereign teacher. Strength is as characteristic of him as Hardy... he is one of the few who in our days really increase the substance of mathematics." A German opposed to

Hitler who, though he left Germany in 1935 but returned to Frankfurt to support his Jewish friends and colleagues there. Escaped through Norway "by the skin of his teeth" in 1940. Resigned his professorship in Göttingen and has since been a temporary member of I. A. S. But he does not fit into the American scene...

1945

2/2

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organisation

PAULI, WOLFGANG

Biographical

OPPENHEIMER, R.

✓ SIEGEL

Minutes of a meeting of the professors of the School of Mathematics held February 2, 1945.

Shows Einstein, Morse, von Neumann, Veblen, Weyl and Alexander present.

Einstein and Weyl were appointed as a sub-committee to draw up a report on possible candidates for a chair in mathematical physics. The names of Pauli, Rabi, Fermi, Oppenheimer, Dirac, Gamow, and Bethe were discussed. "The group favored Pauli as the most desirable candidate.

"As for an appointment in pure mathematics, a committee of



Weyl and Alexander was appointed to prepare the report on Siegel who was considered by the group as head and shoulders above all others considered

V-8 School of Mathematics Minutes, 1935-1950

1945

2/5

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY

Relations WOAI

✓ SIEGEL, CARL

Biographical

COURANT, RICHARD

AYDELOTTE, F.

Courant to Aydelotte, February 5, 1945.

Courant has talked with Veblen on the possibility of Siegel giving a sequence of lectures at New York University, and both Veblen and Aydelotte, he understands, favor the plan. Courant writes because he is afraid Siegel is too timid and shy to talk to Aydelotte about it himself.

"I would like to add a personal remark. We all know that Siegel's psychological problems are difficult and perhaps not really solvable. His feeling of frustration and loneliness can probably be overcome only if he establishes somewhat broader contacts with congenial young scientists, a possibility that we can definitely offer in connection with such lectures. On the other hand, not enough can be said about Siegel as a

scientist and about his scientific ethics. His catalyzing influence on young mathematicians who later may become leaders in their science is of unequalled potentialities. It is for this reason ~~xxxx~~ that his remaining in this country at least for a few years after the war seems to me of great importance. In spite of his apparently stubborn attitude to the contrary at present, I have a hunch that he could be persuaded to stay if he is given more of an outlet for scientific activity in the way of contacts with younger scientists and if his more personal problems of which you know could be solved."

D File, Courant, Richard

1945

2/7

VEBLEN, O.

Biographical

✓ SIEGEL

PAULI

WEYL

MOE, HENRY

Moe to Aydelotte.

"Dr. Veblen yesterday told me that Dr. Weyl's statements about  
Doctors Siegel and Pauli were of such elegance that I ought to see them.  
If it be proper, would you please, at your convenience, send them to me."

D File, Henry Allen Moe

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

COMMITTEES

ACADEMIC RESEARCH

PAULI, WOLFGANG

Biographical

✓ SIEGEL, CARL LUDWIG

OPPENHEIMER, J. ROBERT

"As the head of two nominating sub-committees, Professor Weyl read prepared statements recommending the appointment of Professors Wolfgang Pauli and Carl Ludwig Siegel for chairs in the School of Mathematics, with Professor J. Robert Oppenheimer as an alternate for Professor Pauli. Dr. Aydelotte stated that he was strongly impressed with the recommendations and would give them most serious consideration."

Minutes of the School of Mathematics, 3/5/45

1945

4/7

PROFESSORS

Academic Personnel

COMMITTEES (POLICY)

Academic Personnel

✓SIEGEL

Biographical

Voted offer professorship younger mathematicians and submit to Policy Committee of faculty. (Weyl, Morse and von Neumann supported it.) (This was apparently Siegel).

Mathematics Faculty Minutes, 4/7/45

4/28

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

SMYTHE

Biographical

FERMI

✓ SIEGEL

PAULI

Aydelotte called meeting to consider his own and Smythe's suggestion Fermi be invited to University in theoretical physics under auspices I. A. S. and University. Did the School of Mathematics wish to defer its nominations of Siegel and Pauli? No, they did not.

Math Mathematics Faculty Minutes, 4/28/45

1945

5/22

FACULTY

Academic Personnel

MEMBERS

SALARIES

APPOINTMENTS

COMMITTEES (ON APPOINTMENTS)

Corporation

PAULI

Biographical

VINER

ALBRIGHT

✓ SIGREL

Minutes of meeting of Committee on Appointments.

Extra Copy from D File filed in Chronological File under  
1945, 5/22.

D, Committee on Appointments, Extra Copy



195

1/3 2/2

SALARIES  
COMMITTEE ON APPOINTMENTS  
(TROTTER) (MAASS, WEID, ATHELSTON)

Academic Personnel  
Corporation

PAULI  
VINEY  
ALEXANDER  
✓ SIGEL

Biographical

Committee received appointment of Pauli, Sigel and Viney  
at \$10,000. See draft minutes for retirement arrangements.

Also approved increase salaries:

	Goldman	\$2,400 to 7
✓A	Panofsky	10,000 to \$12,000
	Harle	10,000 to 12,500
✓	Swann	3,600 to 4,500.

1, 10/10/56 Pensions

1945

9/26

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

✓ SIEGEL, CARL L.

Biographical

BRAUN, HELENE (DR.)

PAULI

OPPENHEIMER, R.

Mathematics faculty heard Aydelotte report Seigel was still considering whether to accept the professorship offered him by the Institute and that Pauli felt himself under obligation to return to Zürich for a short stay before accepting a permanent position here. Aydelotte felt he might ask the Executive Committee to offer Pauli a temporary professorship pending the departure of the latter for Zürich.

Aydelotte reported that Dr. Helene Braun was still having transportation difficulties and admission ~~in the~~ problems to the United States.

It was voted to recommend to the Faculty and Trustees that Oppenheimer be offered a chair in the School of Mathematics. Von Neumann and Einstein appointed to draw up a biographical report on Oppenheimer for presentation to the Faculty.

Minutes, School of Mathematics, 9/26/45

1945

10/19

PAULI

Biographical

✓ SIEGEL

VINER, J.

Report on status IAS has withheld invitation to Viner  
on account of Princeton University.

Trustees' Minutes, 10/19/45

1946

3/19

SALARIES

Academic Personnel

PAULI

Biographical

✓SIEGEL

Prof. Veblen reported that Prof. Pauli was offered \$12,500 by Columbia Univ. and that if the IAS wished to keep him and Prof. Siegel their salaries should be raised to \$15,000 in accordance with the salaries of the other members of the Sch. of Math. It was moved that Prof. Siegel's salary be increased to \$15,000 7/1/46 and that the same amount be offered to Prof. Pauli, effective same date.

Exec. Comm. Mtg. 3/19/46 - pp. 3-4

1947

January - October

SIEGEL, CARL L.

Biographical

VEBLER, O.

AYDELOTTE, F.

Aydelotte to Veblen, January 12, 1947.

(Veblen has given him an extract of a letter to read). "I think we can count on him. Without any authority, I took the liberty of telling Miss Miller to continue Siegel on full salary, until my return, and I expect to bring the matter up to the executive committee at its meeting in February."

Then he says, "Siegel is a funny person." He could get Miss Braun into the United States very easily by marrying her.

Aydelotte to Veblen, July 7, 1947.

Siegel is apparently having a pretty bad time.

Miss Braun's letter was not specific as to what the source of the trouble was.

October 6, 1947. Luella Trinterud to Siegel.

"I took up with Dr. Aydelotte the matter of your return to full salary as of September 21st, but he stated that the check you received for September at half rate was to cover that month and that you would return to full salary as of October 1st."

October 11, 1947, Aydelotte to Veblen.

He is disturbed about the question of Siegel's salary. "In the ordinary way of things when we gave Meritt leave of absence to go to Oxford and Panofsky leave to go to Harvard, we did it in each case on the basis of half salary."

To Siegel, however, it was not certain that he could go to Germany and we consequently gave him leave for ninety days on full salary. Then that leave on full salary was extended so that he had about half the year before the payments were reduced to the ordinary half-salary basis. "I am only too glad to do anything for Siegel that we fairly can but I must say that it seems to me that he has been rather more generously treated than other members of the Faculty already...If there are any elements in the problem to which I am not giving due weight, please let me know."

Aydelotte to Siegel, October 15, 1947.

He apologetically re-instates him to full salary basis as of July 1, 1947, and sends him the half pay for the three months in question.

There is no exchange from Veblen in the file at this place.



1947

January - October  
12 15

POLICIES

Administration

SALARIES (E of A)

Academic Personnel

✓ SIEGEL

Biographical

MERITT

PANOFSKY

See Aydelotte to Veblen regarding half-salary for Siegel in light of precedents for Meritt (at Oxford) and Panofsky (at Harvard). But Veblen ~~grants~~ prevails and Siegel gets full pay though he is abroad.

*Re grant of this A. or by referring to interview*

See Memo from V-6

1947

10/8

DIRECTOR

Administration

AYDELOTT, F.

Biographical

OPPENHEIMER, R.

✓ STUDEL

List of problems Oppenheimer inherits.

Filed in Vertical File under "D" for Director.

A, 10/30/56, IAS

1947

10/9

GENERAL

Facilities

GEST ORIENTAL LIBRARY

GENERAL

Publications

CARNEGIE

Foundations

BENEFITS

Academic Personnel

✓ SIEGEL

Biographical

veblen

Letter from Aydelette to Oppenheimer, October 9, 1947, regarding  
above listed items.

Filed in Chronological File under 1947, 10/9.

A File, IAS

1947

10/11

SALARIES (L OF A)

Academic Personnel

MERRITT

Biographical

✓ SIEGEL

PANOFSKY

VEBLER, O.

AYDELOTTE, F.

Aydelotte to Veblen.

When Merritt went to Oxford and Panofsky to Harvard (1947-48) Institute gave them half their salaries.

When Siegel went to Germany, he had about 1/2 year on full salary (first 90 days during uncertainty whether he could go. Aydelotte feels that Siegel should be returned to full salary not before October 1, 1947, for he has been more generously dealt with than the others already. But Veblen

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

evidently changed Aydelotte's mind, for Aydelotte wrote Siegel October 15, 1947 that he had "reconsidered" and his full salary was to be paid July 1, 1947.

Executive Committee February 18, 1947 heard Director say if Siegel had not returned from Germany by April 4, 1947 he would be on half pay thereafter. (Hadn't earned sabbatical?)

1955

12/13

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

Academic Organization

BARLE, E. M.

Biographical

VEBLER, O.

PLEXNER, A.

✓ SIGEL, CARL L.

PAULI, W.

Interview with Professor Veblen, December 13, 1955.

Filed in Vertical File under Interviews.

Interview with Professor Veblen, December 13, 1955.

1956

1/10

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

POLICIES

Administration

FLEXNER, A.

Biographical

EARLE, E. M.

HERZFELD, ERNST E.

KANTOROWICZ, ERNST

WOODWARD, E. L.

ALFÖLDI, ANDREW

SIEGEL, CARL LUDWIG

PAULI, WOLFGANG

PANOFKY, ERWIN

Interview with Professor Veblen, January 10, 1956.

Filed in Vertical File under Interviews.

Interview with Professor Veblen, January 10, 1956.

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6/7

DIRECTOR  
ARCHAEOLOGY  
PRINCETON  
TEACHING  
MEMBERS  
ASSISTANTS  
MERITT, B. D.  
AYDELOTTE, F.  
FLEISHER  
DAUGHEY, MRS.  
CLEMENT  
BROE  
GENY, WADE  
DE TOLMAY  
KANTOROWICZ  
CHENY IES  
THOMPSON  
FANOFNEY  
FRANKL  
HERZFELD

Administration  
Academic Activities  
Relations WPAI  
Academic Activities Procedure  
Academic Personnel

Biographical

LOWE  
CAPIS  
SINGEL

Interview with Professor Meritt, June 7, 1956.

Filed in Vertical File under Meritt Interviews.

Interview with Meritt, 6/7/56



6/21

1956  
PRINCETON UNIVERSITY (8, 9, 10)

HARVARD UNIVERSITY (1)

MATHEMATICS (2, 7, 14)

B. O. P. (5, 6)

APPOINTMENTS (2, 3, 4, 5)

SALARIES (3)

FACULTY (10, 11)

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS (5, 9, 14, 15)

SCHOOL OF HISTORICAL STUDIES (14)

JOHNS HOPKINS (7, 8)

DIRECTOR (10, 11)

TRUSTEES (11)

RESEARCH (13)

MORSE (1, 5, 8, 10)

BIRKHOFF (1, 4)

WHITNEY (2)

STEWART (2, 3)

PLAINES (3, 7, 8)

GODEL (3, 5)

MAYER (3)

✓ SIEGEL (5)

BIGLOW (5, 6)

ELIOT, T. S. (7)

STRAUSE (10)

EAHLE (10)

BORNL (15)

Relations WOIY

Academic Activities

Academic Personnel

Academic Organization

Educational Institutions

Administration

Corporation

Academic Procedures

Biographical

VEBLEN (1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 13)

DODDS (2)

WADDEN (2, 3)

VON NEUMANN (3, 5, 6)

PLATON (3)

WINNER, ROBERT (4, 6)

WYLL (5, 8)

EINSTEIN (6, 8, 11, 12, 16)

VINER (9, 10)

AYDE OTTE (10, 11)

OPPENHEIMER (15)

Interview with  
Morse 6/21/56.

Filed in  
Vertical file  
under Morse  
Interviews.

1956  
GENERAL

GENERAL

✓ SILVERSTEIN, THEODORE

4/3  
Academic Procedures

Academic Activities

Biographical

Dinner table conversation with Theodore Silverstein,  
April 3, 1956.

Filed in Vertical File under Silverstein interviews.

Dinner table conversation with T. Silverstein, 4/3/56

GIFTS (LEON J. SIVIAN)

✓ SIVIAN, " "

finance

Biographical

For memo on will and death of Sivian, see memo under above date. He made Institute residuary legatee under his will.

D, Sivian Memorial Fund

1947

10/6

GIFTS

Finance

TAXATION (W. J. INHERITANCE &  
ESTATE TAXES)

Government Relations

✓ SIVIAN

Biographical

AYDELOTTE, P.

Aydelotte to Schmidt and Bourne. Sivian's executors (or attorneys for same) evidencing surprise that information given 18 months before as to name of Institute should result in gift. (C. f. with statement of Aydelotte at Trustees' meeting that he had nursed it along).

Also to Gabrielson regarding inheritance tax law.

A, 10/18/56, File #43

1947

10/7

GIFTS

Finance

AYDELOTTE, F.

Biographical

✓ SIVIAN (?)

GREAT ORIENTAL LIBRARY

Facilities

Aydelotte to Fulton.

Just received news of a bequest to I. A. S. which I have been nursing for 18 months or 2 years. Doesn't know amount but for general purposes and not for G. O. L.

A, 10/18/56, File No. 44

1947

10/7

GIFTS

Finance

✓ SIVIAN, LEON J.

Biographical

AYDELOTTE, P.

MAASS, HERBERT H.

Maass to Aydelotte, October 7, 1947.

He acknowledges correspondence with Attorneys Schmid and Bourne regarding the will of the late Leon J. Sivan. There is no question but that the Institute can accept the estate within the purposes described in the will. "This seems to be the first 'break' which the Institute has received by way of additions to its endowment from outside sources, and I am sure the Trustees will all be delighted."

A File, Herbert H. Maass

XXHX1947

GENERAL

Public Relations

GIFTS

Finance

✓ SIVIAN, L.J.

Biographical

Mr. Maase was authorized to take up the matter of relief for the Institute from paying inheritance taxes. In this connection Mr. Strauss expressed a concern that a dignified announcement of Leon J. Sivan's bequest to the Institute should be put in the papers in hope that such publicity might encourage further gifts to the Institute.

Tr. Min. 10/9/47 p. 2

1947

10/9

GIFTS

✓ SIVIAN, LEON J.

TAXATION

Finance

Biographical

Government Relations

Chairman announced bequest of \$150 to \$200 thousands to IAS as residuary legatee. New Jersey State inheritance tax of 5 per cent threatens. Trustees decided to oppose tax.

Minutes Trustees, 10/9/47



1949  
GIFTS

✓ SIVIAN, LEON J.

2/15  
Finance

Biographical

The Leon J. Sivan bequest yielded \$411,471.38 to the  
Institute.

Executive Committee Meeting Minutes, February 15, 1949

1940  
1956

2/10  
5/28

GENERAL (ALFRED P. SLOAN)

Foundations

✓ SLOAN, ALFRED P.

Biographical

The Foundation was for a one-year program of education in business administration in economics for young industrial executives with competitive fellowships under grant ~~of~~ funds from the Foundation. (Piske to Aydelotte, February 10, 1940, with application form).

On March 24, 1942, Earle enclosed a clipping of the competition for fellowships in the Herald Tribune and asked Aydelotte if this didn't suggest the possibility that we might obtain funds.

Apparently nothing was done until February 10, 1956, when Oppenheimer consulted with Richard T. Arnold, Program Administrator of the Fund, to ~~xxxxxxxxxxxx~~ gain an understanding that if grants were made there would be included an item of indirect expenses in the amount of 20 per cent or 25 percent depending upon whether the grant is large or small respectively.

On May 15, 1956, the grants-in-aid were offered for the support of Drs. Melvin Henriksen, Raoul Bott and John F. Nash, Jr. This was accepted by Oppenheimer May 28, 1956.

D, Slean, Alfred P. - Foundation

1902-1921

✓ SMITH, DAVID EUGENE

Biographical

501 West 120 Street, New York, New York.

Professor mathematics, Columbia University, 1902-26.

President American Mathematical Society, 1920-1921, etc.  
etc.

Who Was Who in America, Volume II, 1943-1950

1930

11/6  
11/7  
12/3  
12/4

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

✓ SMITH, DAVID EUGENE (NEW YORK CITY)

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

At Flexner's request Smith wrote guardedly to 4 men in 4 European countries for recommendation for the greatest young (30-45) mathematicians in their knowledge: ~~potential~~ potential successors to Klein, Lie, Weizstrasse, Sylvester or Poincaire.

IV-13

1931

6/29

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

✓ SMITH, DAVID EUGENE (FROM LONDON)

Biographical

FLEXNER, A.

HADAMARD

BIRKHOFF, G. D.

Smith to Abraham Flexner. He has seen Hadamard. Birkhoff had just closed a series of lectures in French at the Sorbonne. When Smith said Birkhoff seemed to be nearest to a mathematical genius in America. Hadamard: "In the world."

IV-13

1945

November  
December

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS

Academic Organization

ROCKEFELLER

Foundations

✓ SMITH, WALTER BEDELL

Biographical

EARLE, E. M.

STEWART, W. W.

AYDELOTTE, FRANK

Stewart had had correspondence with Douglas Freeman, Editor of the Richmond News Leader about the desire of General Smith to retire from the Army and write the history of the campaigns in western and northern Europe 1944-45. Because it was rich in material on the use of the Army Air Forces Smith told Earle about it. Earle immediately with Stewart worked with the Rockefeller Foundation to seek to get a grant for three or four years for the General, and Aydelotte played ball. Ultimately, the thing fell through because Smith, though not an educated man, was looking for a permanent berth if he

left the Army.

Earle's interest lay in getting not only the General  
but his documentary material for his own history of the  
military strategy of the end of the war.

/ (No scholarship here as a pre-requisite for membership).

Earle Files, Smith, Walter Bedell, 1944-45



19.32-35

COMMONWEALTH FUND

WORKERS

GENERAL

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

PRYCE, MAURICE H. L.

✓ SMITHIES, FRANK

REED, EDWARD B.

WYLIE, SHAUN

Foundations

Academic Personnel

Academic Standards

Relations W.O.A.I.

Biographical

Excerpts from correspondence between Reed and Flexner, File IV-4

See COMMONWEALTH FUND \* Foundations

✓ SMYTH, HENRY DEWOLFE

Biographical

Graduate of Princeton University

CAREER: Assistant Professor of Physics, 1925-29 at Princeton  
Associate Professor at Princeton, 1929-36  
Professor, 1936  
Chairman of the Department of Physics, 1935-50  
Consultant to the National Research Council, the  
Manhattan Project, Brookhaven, etc.  
Brookhaven Trustee, 1946-49

Who's Who in America

1944

10/11

PHYSICS

Academic Activities

BOHR, NIELS

Biographical

PAULI, WOLFGANG

✓ SYKES, HENRY

AYDELOTTE, P.

Excerpt from Aydelotte's proposed report to the Trustees which was never given.

He reminded the Board that in his report in April, 1940, he announced a grant from the Rockefeller Foundation for visiting professorships for Niels Bohr and Wolfgang Pauli, and commented on the possible value of collaboration of these two men with Einstein and von Neumann on the theoretical aspects of the uranium problem. He recalled that Bohr could not leave Denmark, but Pauli came to the Institute and was still there in 1944. Bohr later came to England, and Aydelotte saw him twice in November, 1943. Bohr was at the time of the writing

of the report in the United States and has visited the Institute at Princeton, and would like to come, but is not certain whether or not he can.

"Meanwhile since 1940 the Governments of the United States, England and Germany have spent hundreds of millions of dollars for scientific research on uranium. Some of the members of the Physics Department of Princeton University, notably Professor Sayre, have had an important share in this work. I still cherish the ambition of bringing together here a group of eminent scholars who may after the war is over make a significant contribution to it. It may well be the most important problem, both theoretical and practical, in mathematical physics of this century."

A (Attic) File, Report of the Director, October, 1944

1945

4/28

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

THEORETICAL PHYSICS

Academic Activities

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations NOAA

✓ SMYTH, HENRY D.

Biographical

VON NEUMANN, JOHN

Tentatively discussed suggestion of Smyth and von Neumann that Professor Enrico Fermi be offered a chair in Theoretical Physics under the joint auspices of the Institute and University with the understanding that his salary would be paid by the Institute and that laboratory facilities would be furnished him by the University. Aydelotte present questioned whether School of Mathematics might care to delay its nominations of Pauli and Siegel for consideration of the Fermi matter, but the School of Mathematics decided to push the two nominations and at the same time explore the Fermi proposal.

Minutes, School of Mathematics, 4/28/45.

4/28

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

✓ SMYTHE

Biographical

FERMI

SIEGEL

PAULI

Aydelotte called meeting to consider his own and Smythe's suggestion Fermi be invited to University in theoretical physics under auspices I. A. S. and University. Did the School of Mathematics wish to defer its nominations of Siegel and Pauli? No, they did not.

Em Mathematics Faculty Minutes, 4/28/45

1954

7/13

DIRECTOR

Corporation

MAASS, HERBERT H.

Biographic al

VEBLEN, O.

FULTON, JOHN F.

STRAUSS

✓ SMYTHE, HARRY

For reference to Harry Smythe see memorandum of above date.

Filed in Chronological file under 1954, 7/13.

One of Fulton files

1956

7 6/13

THEORETICAL PHYSICS

Academic Activities

MATHEMATICS

GENERAL

Academic Procedures

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WOAI

✓ SMYTHE, HENRY DeWOLFE

Biographical

DODDS

FLEXNER

EINSTEIN

BOHR

Interview with Dr. Henry DeWolfe Smythe, June 13, 1956.

Interview will be filed in Vertical File under Sym Smythe Interviews

Interview with Smythe, 6/13/56



PARTICIPATION IN ADMINISTRATION

Academic Personnel

MEMBERS

ASSISTANTS

✓ STAMIROU (STAMIROU)

Biographical

Heriot recommended and the School endorsed Stamirou's appointment to membership for a third year. He has been busy compiling a new and up-to-date list of all Athenian citizens with a brief account of their lives; work complementing and supplementing the work of the Berlin Academy on the subject. Stamirou is on leave of absence from the Department of Antiquities, a part of the Archaeological Service of the Ministry of Education in Athens. Stipend approved, third year approved, \$3,000 a year.

XXXXXXXX Faculty Minutes, 2/13/50

1938

11/2

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organization

SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES

INSTITUTE

Publications

✓ STARR, R. P. S.

Biographical

HERZFELD

Flexner to Keppel, regarding renewal for Starr, <sup>5113</sup> ~~unofficial~~ member. He had just received his Ph. D. Keppel had yielded to request for stipend but Starr "not the type of seasoned scholar" that their program is planned to support. Nevertheless gave I. A. S. \$1,800. Flexner asks Keppel for aid in publishing Herzfeld's work \$5,000--the Lowell lectures and another book. Keppel grants \$2000 for publication of lectures--which he thinks is nearest Flexner's heart.

D. Carnegie Corporation

1938

1/28  
11/2

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WGAJ

SCHOOL OF HUMANISTIC STUDIES

Academic Organization

✓ STARR, R. F. S.

Biographical

Fleener to Starr.

Trustees are unwilling to participate in Antioch excavation-- already involved in Antioch Agora and Tarsus--unwise to increase burden. Besides, I. A. S. wants to keep a constant stream of younger people flowing through it. Graceful and personal.

11/2 But Carnegie Corporation has given \$1800 for work for next year.

During 1935-39 Starr had completed (1935-37 before M. F. A. granted by Princeton) two works on Near East excavations. One year 1937-38 for M. F. A. and Ph. D. degrees during which I. A. S. paid stipend.

paidxsktpandx

1938-39 further work on publication of Near East Excavation  
undertaken by Fogg Museum and Harvard University.

1939-40 ditto.

May, 1939 Morey, Bender and Starr pressed for one more year  
for Starr to teach at Princeton at I. A. S. expense. Flexner tried  
to raise money from Keppel but was refused.

D, Starr

NOTICES

Academic Personnel

AYDELOTTE, F.

Biographical

DUGGAN, STEPHEN

✓STEIN, FRED N.

ROSENWALD, WILLIAM

7/16/40

Duggan to Aydelotte, (Duggan is Chairman of the Emergency Committee in the Aid of Displaced Foreign Scholars, with office at 2 West 45 th St. in NYC.) A letter has been received by Fred N. Stein, the Treasurer of the Emergency Committee in the Aid of Displaced Foreign Scholars from William Rosenwald, the President of the Rosenwald Family Association. Rosenwald alludes to a plan of Pres. Aydelotte's and Duggan wants the Committee to meet Aydelotte to discuss it.

Aydelotte responds and is willing to meet the Committee. He informs Duggan (July 19, 1940) that out of a total of the less than \$50,000 available for stipends they are planning to give upwards of \$30,000 to the refugees. "I said to William Rosenwald that I thought that this was more than we ought to do and constituted an injustice to our large number of

American applicants. I accordingly requested ~~xxxx~~ the Rosenwald Family Fund to appropriate \$12,000 or \$15,000 to assist us in taking care of these refugee scholars." His appeal was listened to with sympathy and they desired to make whatever appropriation they could through the Emergency Committee in the Aid of Displaced Foreign Scholars. It is this plan which Aydelotte will lay before the Executive Committee. Attached to the carbon of this letter is a summary of stipends for refugees academic year 1940-41.

The School of Economics and Politics, Dr. Felix Gilbert, \$1500, Dr. Herbert Rosinski, \$1000.

The School of Humanistic Studies: Dr. Paul Frankl, \$2000, Dr. A. Raubitschek, \$1500, Dr. Paul Tedesco, \$2000.

The School of Mathematics: Dr. Kurt Gödel, \$4000 and Dr. Carl L. Siegel, \$3000  
Total: \$15,000.

Fred M. Stein to Aydelotte, July 22, 1940. Duggan has referred to me your letter of June 21 in which you notify us that they have accepted the Emergency Committee's grants of \$1,000 each for Dr. Lens and Dr. Lauterbach during the year 1940-41 with the condition that the Institute secure matching sums from other sources.

Harlow Shapley to Aydelotte, Aug. 2, 1940

"Not as a member of the Emergency Committee, but privately I write you to register my personal views with regard to the possible steps you might take in advancing the proposal you brought before the Committee today, and which got a little lost in the course of the meeting because of the excitement about the amazingly large Rockefeller support of the New School plan.

"It seems to me that the Committee looked with favor on your plan. Its official or unofficial endorsement is probably all that is needed for you to get the desired support from the Rosenwald Foundation. If Dr. Duggan would write a letter to William Rosenwald, saying that the Committee informally endorses the plan (as well as the somewhat similar plan at the New School which the Rockefeller Foundation is planning to support), you could get, I believe, up to one-half of the thirty-five thousand dollars needed.

"Dr. Alfred Cohn, with whom I talked on this subject after the luncheon meeting, agreed that the Rosenwald Foundation would support your project, and probably generously.

"I take it from the Rosenwald letter to Mr. Stein, a copy of which I have, that Rosenwald was not expecting the support of your project to come from the fifty thousand dollars, plus or minus, which he has already put at the disposal of the Emergency Committee for its general uses and for the 'Shapley Plan'.

"I think your plan will be important at this moment because of the help that may be needed for mathematicians and physicists; and the advantages of your place as a clearing-house."

Aydelotte to Shapley, Aug. 5, 1940. "It was precisely because of the facilities which we could offer as a clearing house that I felt the thing was justified, and I am delighted to have you make the point in your letter."

Aydelotte to Duggan, Aug. 2, 1940 recapitulates what I said to the Committee about our own application made originally to the Rosenwald Family Fund and referred by them to

the Emergency Committee. "I pointed out to William Rosenwald in an interview late in the spring that the Institute for Advanced Study was itself in the position of being rather overextended in the matter of aid to refugees. We should like to give for the year 1940-41 something over \$33,000 in stipends to refugee members, ~~which~~<sup>which</sup> is too large a fraction of our total budget of about \$50,000 for this purpose. I asked Mr. Rosenwald whether the Rosenwald Family Fund would not be willing to grant us an appropriation of from \$12,000 to \$15,000 for this purpose. I had hoped they could make it \$15,000 in a lump sum, but if they wished to make it a definite fraction of the stipends granted I suggested one-third of the stipends proposed on the enclosed list, which would be \$11,100."

Mr. Rosenwald ventured the suggestion that the Fund might prefer to act through the Emergency Committee.

Aydelotte to Duggan, Aug. 5, 1940, on the Shapley letter. "Shapley feels very strongly the advantages of the Institute as a clearing house for mathematicians and physicists and thinks that if you would write a letter to William Rosenwald giving an informal endorsement of our application it might be possible for us to get from the Rosenwalds up to one-half of the \$35,000 needed. That is somewhat more than I asked for, but if you felt it feasible to request the Rosenwalds to appropriate that amount I need not say that we could use it to good advantage and that we should be able to take care of a correspondingly larger number of persons."

Aydelotte to Bernard Flexner, Aug. 13, 1940 acknowledging one from Bernard dated Aug. 8, ~~not in the file~~. Evidently Bernard complimented Aydelotte. "I hold very deeply the conviction, which I tried to express, that these refugee scholars who are coming to



the United States at the present time are a tremendous addition to American wealth and culture. I have no patience with the protective tariff attitude toward them. It is, of course, something of a job to get them placed, and obviously that cannot be done quickly, but in the course of a few years I am sure that we can absorb them into American life and the country will be the better for it."

Bernard Flexner to Aydelotte, Aug. 8, 1940. Your statement with reference to the Institute seem to be eminently fair and I hope that there will be no difficulty in providing the funds. No educator knows better than you the work that the Emergency Committee has done. "From the beginning the Committee was in close touch with you and had the fullest cooperation with you in its efforts to place scholars. I feel confident that the Committee can count upon you for your support in carrying forward its activities, broadening them, if that appears the desirable thing to do. I feel very strongly that the Institute for Advanced Study is a most valuable springboard for caring for scholars temporarily and it ought to play an increasingly important part in the ultimate placement of these scholars."

"I have had a fairly large experience in my life on committees of all kinds. I have never been associated with any that consistently has done the A-1 job that this one has done, and from my point of view the interest of the scholars will be best served by strengthening and not weakening the Committee."

to Betty Drury to Frank Aydelotte, Nov. 14, 1940 transmits a clipping letters columns of the Editor of the New York Times on Dr. Alvin Johnson's new School of Social Research.

It had been announced that \$500,000 had been provided to bring over refugee scholars. The letter is signed by Ph.D. at New Haven, Connecticut.

Ph.D. ~~ask~~ claimed that American scholars will lose their places provided for the foreign scholars. \$1,000,000 is needed to do the job, says Dr. Johnson, to save these people from the horrors of concentration camps or death. Ph.D. asks why they couldn't just be brought into this country and not used to fill positions of which they are not enough even for Americans. "'Ferment' for our own single life is good idea so how about letting our own younger scholars into the jobs so that they can do some fermenting. I am a Ph.D of eight years standing and am told by colleagues that they consider my work of some eminence and importance yet I have had to subsist on meager year to year appointments because my field is extremely specialized. Now that even such appointments are about to cease because of the financial situation of the institutions which might hire me, I am advised to take some other kind of job--if I can get one, and there are definite openings at which I can avail myself even at the risk of never getting back into my scholarly work.

"If the European scholar, who is at least in part responsible for the collapse of his world, must be preserved for scholarly endeavor, as we are constantly being told, why then should not the American scholar whose world is still a going concern, also be preserved for his chosen field...?"

In the Sunday Times of Nov. 17, 1940 Alvin Johnson's letter answers as follows in brief:

1. Displaced foreign scholars are not competing with American scholars.
  - a. Witness the loan of Gerhard Gola to the Department of Commerce and the Bureau of the Budget,
  - b. Earl Brandt to Stanford Food Research Institute, and
  - c. Hemberg to the Federal Reserve Board of Foreign Markets.
2. None of the money is drawn from regular educational sources.
3. The New School still has American lecturers.
4. The Emergency Committee has seven years of experience. It does not place a foreign scholar where a qualified native is available.

5-6

We have concentrated on buildings and not faculties. We need the competition and the freshening of the European. The Europeans will be reduced in intellectual content. Consider what the work of Einstein, Bohr, Langevin, Eddington has meant to our physics departments. We will gain what Europe loses.

7. All the universities could raise more money if they really went after it.

In the New York Times of Nov. 11, 1940 a letter appeared from G. R. Davidson of Princeton, N. J. which also took on for argument Ph.D. He said that Ph. D. undoubtedly needs a job and of course he should have one but that the bringing in of European scholars and putting them to clerking or factory positions would help Ph.D. to secure one Davidson gravely doubts. The New School for Social Research is as Davidson understands it quite outside the competitive field and probably no part of Johnson's special fund of \$5,000 will ever in any case have reached Ph.D.

"But it is true that European scholars often obtain jobs which might have gone to Americans. The blame for this lies not with the refugees, who cannot be censured for

trying to find a foothold in a familiar field, but with the institutions which hire them. They have discovered a way to save their money and their prestige at the same time. They have found that for an instructor's salary, which is not \$5,000 or even half that sum, they can secure a man who has won recognition in his own country, whereas in order to add to their faculty a well-established American scholar they must pay him a full professor's salary. The refugees naturally have no choice but to accept what they are offered."

Ph.D. is also suffering from the present tendency of the universities to cut down their staff in "luxury subjects" and to concentrate on practical courses. He suggests that Ph.D. might attempt to persuade educational institutions that they are harming themselves. "Certainly the solution is not to blame the unfortunate foreign scholars nor to force them into other work, nor even to feist on them the responsibility for the collapse of the European world. It is possible that they were in part responsible for its downfall; it is even more likely that an attitude such as that of 'Ph.D.' may contribute to the downfall of our own."

9

Laurens H. Seelye to Aydelotte, Apr. 4, 1941. Seelye is the Assistant to the Chairman of the Emergency Committee in Aid of Displaced Foreign Scholars. He proposes a plan for the absorption of foreign scholars which is that college teachers on year's leaves be invited to perform advanced ~~musicals~~ studies in certain institutions as the New School of Social Research, New York City, the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, the Library of Congress, Washington and other institutions, museums, libraries, etc. Then the displaced foreign scholars could occupy their positions at the universities for the year of their absence. A service like this "would offer American small colleges methods, similar to those conferred in former decades, by trips to Europe for study.

It would make them available to a wider range of colleges; for the only hindrances to college participation in our service would be lack of administrative vision, want of a teacher of the calibre to be accepted for advanced studies, and inability of our Committee to provide the college with a DFS substitute. And it might further refute a phrase in Thorstein Veblen's prophecy, made a score of years ago, that a great world migration of scholars to the U. S. A. would come and we would not be ready to benefit by it."

Aydelotte to Seelye, Apr. 5, 1940. He approves thoroughly of the memorandum.

Aydelotte to Miss Drury, ~~Secretary~~ Executive Secretary to the Committee, May 3, 1941.

"I understand that in your printed report you wish the particulars of refugees who are being supported in whole or part through the Emergency Committee. The list of individuals at the Institute for Advanced Study, whose stipends are being partly paid by a grant from the Rosenwald Family Fund through the Emergency Committee, is as follows:

Institute for Advanced Study

School of Mathematics

Dr. Valentin Bargmann, formerly of University of Zürich

Dr. Alfred T. Brauer, formerly of University of Berlin

Dr. Kurt Gödel, formerly of University of Vienna

Prof. Carl L. Siegel, formerly of University of Göttingen

School of Humanistic Studies

Dr. Paul Frankl, formerly of University of Munich

Dr. Anton Raubitschek, formerly of University of Vienna

Dr. Paul Tedesco, formerly of University of Vienna

School of Economics and Politics

Dr. Felix Gilbert, formerly of University of Vienna

Dr. Herbert Rosinski, formerly of University of Vienna

"We originally had Dr. Kurt Weitzmann on this list, but we find that he is sensitive on the subject of being considered a displaced scholar since he is not a Jew and could have remained in Germany had he chosen to do so. Under the circumstances we should appreciate it if you would leave his name out of your printed report, and as a matter of bookkeeping we will charge his stipend to Institute funds and apply the \$11,000 which we received through the Emergency Committee to the stipends of the nine men listed.

"If you wish any further information, we shall be most happy to supply it."

In support of this please see in the file a printed confidential list of the individuals aided into the country and placed in various institutions by the Committee in its report of June 1, 1940. Two people, Ernst Hersfeld, in archeology, and Paul Tedesco, in languages and literature, are listed as in the Institute for Advanced Studies because of grants given by the Committee.

Aydelotte to Duggan, Sept. 13, 1940.

"In reply to your inquiry of September 9 I wish to say that we have placed 17 scholars and teachers in American institutions of learning outside the Institute for

Advanced Study, and 13 of these have been absorbed permanently in the following institutions:

Armour Institute, Chicago  
Colby College  
Newark University  
Princeton Theological Seminary  
Princeton University  
Toronto University  
University of Chicago  
University of Illinois  
University of Michigan  
University of North Carolina

"In addition to the above we have absorbed 11 refugees into our Institute staff so that it would perhaps be fair to say that we have placed altogether 28 scholars, of whom 24 have been absorbed into regular positions.

"In view of the smallness of our numbers I think this is a very satisfactory record."

## REFUGEES

April 30, 1940

- Dr. Charles de Tolnay, Hungarian \$2,500.00  
 Aged 36 Ph.D., University of Vienna, 1925; studied at Universities of Frankfurt, Berlin, Vienna under the most eminent professors of art history; lived in Paris 1933-1939, studying and lecturing at the Sorbonne; one of the best, if not the best, art historian of his generation in so far as the periods of the Middle Ages and the Renaissance are concerned. Studies of Michelangelo, Peter Breughel the Elder, Jerome Bosch, Origins of Flemish Painting. Two of his books have received prizes from the Academie des Inscriptions et Belles Lettres, Paris, very remarkable since French organizations are reluctant to honor scholars not of French nationality. He is this year continuing his studies of ~~the~~ the art of Michelangelo and wishes to continue his studies on Michelangelo and various other researches in the field of Renaissance art. The thoroughness of his scholarship and the constructiveness of his mind are unquestionable. History of art in Princeton now gravitates towards the Middle Ages so that Dr. de Tolnay's presence would make for a well-balanced and comprehensive program.
- Professor Paul Frankl, German \$2,000.00  
 Aged 60 Originally a privatdozent in Munich, full professorship at Halle, occupying chair of Adolf Goldschmidt, really belongs to the great men of the slightly older generation, built up the history of architecture, has written a handbook of Romanesque architecture and various monographs on individual buildings, a book called "Phases of Development of Architecture", which established the categories still used, also an enormous book on the science of art. He proposes to write a handbook for the Gothic period, on which he has been working for years, which would be a parallel of his history of Romanesque architecture.
- Dr. Anton Raubitschek, Austrian (taken out first papers) \$1,500.00  
 Aged 28 Ph.D., University of Vienna, 1935; engaged in study of the early Attic dedications based upon his own photographs and drawings and material on Greek epigraphy in Institute; desires to continue his studies with Professor Meritt.
- Dr. Paul Tedesco, Austrian (taken out first papers) \$2,000.00  
 Aged 42 Ph.D., University of Vienna, 1920; first rank of Iranists, a distinguished scholar in Oriental studies - Balkoslavie, Iranian, Sanskrit or Comparative Linguistics; has published many papers; at work on linguistic researches; highly recommended by Prof. Franklin Edgerton of Yale; has worked with Prof. Herafeld at Institute.
- Dr. Richard Bernheimer, German (taken our first papers) \$1,200.00  
 Aged 35 Ph.D., University of Munich; assistant professor at Bryn Mawr College, desires to spend his sabbatical leave at Princeton writing a comprehensive treatise on the problem of mediaeval symbolism.
- Dr. Alfred T. Brauer, German \$1,800.00  
 Aged 46 Ph.D., 1938, University of Berlin; assistant, University of Berlin, 1926-35; assistant to Professor Weyl in Institute; mathematician.



Dr. Felix Gilbert, German

\$1,500.00

Aged 35 Ph.D., 1930, University of Berlin; studied at Heidelberg, Munich, Berlin, 1923-30; worked in history under Meinecke, in philosophy under Grabmann and Spranger; editor of J. G. Droysen, Politische Schriften under auspices of Prussian Academy, 1930-32; research work in Florence and Rome, 1932-34; in history, Cambridge, England, 1934-36; instructor in History Department, Scripps College, Claremont, California, 1937-38; author of monographs and articles on European history in the 19th and 20th centuries and history of the Renaissance.

Dr. Kurt Gödel, Austrian

\$4,000.00

Aged 34 Ph.D., 1930, University of Vienna; Venia legendi, University of Vienna, 1939; universally conceded to be the most brilliant mathematical logician in the world.

Prof. Carl L. Siegel, German

\$3,000.00

Aged 44 Dr. Phil, 1920, University of Göttingen, Lecturer, Hamburg University, 1920; assistant, University of Göttingen, 1921; professor, University of Frankfurt, 1922-1935 (?); professor, University of Göttingen, 1935 (?) - 1940; a mathematician of the first rank who has remained in Germany until this year, largely in order to try to protect some of his Jewish colleagues.

Prof. Harald Bohr, Danish

\$4,000.00

Aged about 51 The leading mathematician of Denmark. He is remaining in Copenhagen at present for reasons of patriotism and in order to give his colleagues what help he can. Among these are a number of refugees from Germany, for Bohr and his brother, Niels Bohr, the distinguished physicist, have been very active in helping refugees from Germany. Undoubtedly he will be in serious difficulties before many months, and it would be very desirable to take steps to get him away from Denmark in time.

Prof. Jakob Nielsen, Danish

\$4,000.00

Aged 50 A professor in the University of Copenhagen, a mathematician distinguished chiefly for his work in topology, a subject which has been much cultivated here in Princeton. Nielsen has collaborated with Bohr in helping German refugees and will undoubtedly be a marked man as soon as the Gestapo gets actively at work in Copenhagen.

1941

11/25

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS

Academic Organisation

INSTITUTE (BULLETIN #10)

Publications

✓ STEIN, FRED, M.

Biographical

Stein to Aydelotte November 25, 1941.

Found Bulletin No. 10 Institute "all except the mathematics portion which might as well have been written in Sanskrit. I didn't know what most of the words meant."

D, "S1" - "S2"

1955

10/31

GENERAL  
 FOREIGN  
 SITE (Buildings & Grounds)  
 FOUNDERS  
 GEST ORIENTAL LIBRARY  
 PRINCETON UNIVERSITY  
 GENERAL  
 REPORTS  
 FLEXNER, A

✓STEIN

MAASS, HERBERT  
 VELEN, OSWALD  
 OPPENHEIMER, ROBERT  
 GOTTMANN, JEAN  
 LEIDESDORF, SAMUEL, D.  
 ELLIOT, T. S.  
 TOYNBEE, ARNOLD  
 LEVY, DAVID M  
 BIRKHOFF, D  
 EICKELSER  
 WEYL, HERMAN

Academic Personnel

Facilities  
 Corporation  
 Facilities  
 Relations W. O. AL I.  
 Academic Organization  
 Corporation  
 Biographical

(See FLEXNER, A., Biographical - Interview of 10/31)

1936

February - June

GEST ORIENTAL LIBRARY

Facilities

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

Relations WOI

MC GILL UNIVERSITY (TORONTO)

ROCKEFELLER

Foundations

MORGAN, A. E.

Biographical

DOIDS

FLEXNER, A.

✓ STEVENS, DAVID P.

For memo on above headings see Chronological file under  
1936, February - June or any one of the first five headings  
listed above.

Gest Oriental Library, Misc. Correspondence, M-Z