

Bray, Charles W

CHARLES W. BRAY
96 BATTLE ROAD
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

October 13, 1941

Dr. Frank Aydelotte,
Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton, N.J.

Dear Dr. Aydelotte:

Thank you very much for your kind letter of October 2, 1941, covering the improvements to the strip of land adjacent to my lot. I realize that the present agreement must necessarily be temporary & subject to change at any time.

In view of the dry weather I have given up any idea of moving any bushes or trees on or off the strip until next spring. In the spring I hope to be able to clean away some of the undesirable shrubbery & to put in a cover crop to prepare for fall seeding & planting.

Sincerely yours,

Charles W. Bray

October 2, 1941

Dear Professor Bray:

I consulted Mr. Maass and Mr. Wister and we are delighted to agree to your proposal to put the strip of Institute land next to your house into grass with the understanding that we shall thereafter keep it cut along with the rest of our grass by the roadside.

While we have no expectation of making any other use of the property, our Trustees have nevertheless asked me to warn you that they would consider it unwise to make a permanent agreement affecting this land which would prevent them from planting it in a different way or making other use of it in the future should it seem best to do so. Since an educational institution is long-lived, I am sure you will realize the necessity for such a precautionary measure to protect the interests of the Institute.

I should like to say at the same time how warmly we appreciate your interest in the neighborhood and that it is our desire to cooperate with you in every way.

Yours sincerely,

FRANK AYDELOTTE

Professor Charles W. Bray
96 Battle Road
Princeton, New Jersey

FA/MCE

Maass & Davidson
Attorneys

Herbert H. Maass
Willur C. Davidson
Monroe L. Friedman
David J. Levy

20 Exchange Place

New York, September 29, 1941.

Cable Address "Maasherb"

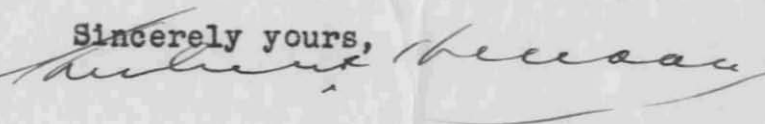
Dr. Frank Aydelotte,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
Fuld Hall,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear Dr. Aydelotte:-

This acknowledges yours of the 26th.

By all means make the arrangement with Professor Bray,
as it cannot add materially to the cost of maintenance and will
certainly improve the premises.

Sincerely yours,



HHM:JR

September 26, 1941

Dear Mr. Maass:

Here is a little problem for the Committee on Buildings and Grounds. You may remember that we sold Professor Bray a strip of land adjoining his house. There remains between his land and the road an area about 200 feet long and 30 feet wide, which is in a rather unkempt condition. Professor Bray has made us a proposal that he will plow this, prepare the soil properly, and seed it to lawn if we would be willing thereafter to treat it as a part of our Institute grass and have it cut regularly when Morrell cuts the strip of lawn along the Institute road.

I asked Wister to look at this strip when he was here the other day. He thinks the treatment that Bray proposes would very much improve the look of that whole neighborhood and believes that we could well afford to agree to Professor Bray's proposal. I am of the same opinion, but should like to have your O.K. on it. I don't believe it would appreciably increase the cost of maintenance of our grounds. If you agree you need not bother to write a letter, but simply give me your O.K. at the bottom of this one.

Yours sincerely,

FRANK AYDELOTTE

Mr. Herbert H. Maass
20 Exchange Place
New York City

FA/MCE

Bray + Edv

October 26, 1939

Mr. David C. Weston
c/o Messrs. Maass and Davidson
20 Exchange Place
New York City

My dear Mr. Weston:

I have your letter of
October 25 and in accordance with your instructions
am returning to you herewith deed from the Institute
to Professor Charles W. Bray, which has been executed.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. SANLEY

Secretary

ESB

Maass & Davidson
Attorneys

Cable Address "Maasherb"

Herbert H. Maass
Willur C. Davidson
Monroe L. Friedman
David J. Levy

20 Exchange Place

New York, October 25, 1939.

Institute For Advanced Study,
Fuld Hall,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Attention of Mrs. Bailey

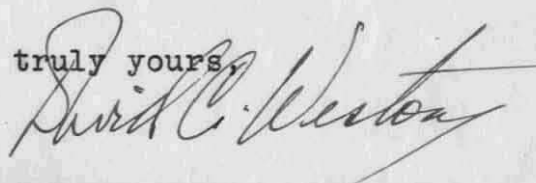
Dear Mrs. Bailey:

Enclosed herewith you will find deed from the Institute to Professor Charles W. Bray, which has been executed by Mr. Maass.

Will you kindly execute said deed, as secretary of the Institute, at the place where your initials appear on page 6 thereof, and also at the place where your initials appear on the following page, which is the acknowledgment, and swear to the same before a Notary Public. The seal of the Insitute should be affixed on page 6 at the place marked "Seal", and the Notary Public's seal affixed on the following page beside the Notary's signature.

As soon as this is done, please return this deed to us, as it is our desire to close this title on Friday, October 27, 1939.

Very truly yours,



DCW:IS
Encl.

April 25, 1929

Mr. Larson heartily approves of Professor Bray's acquiring the strip of land, the Institute reserving 25 feet on both sides of the new road.

Dr. Flexner will report verbally to Mr. Maass.

E. J. B.

Maass & Davidson
Attorneys

Cable Address "Maasherb"

Herbert H. Maass
Willur C. Davidson
Monroe L. Friedman
David J. Levy

20 Exchange Place
New York , April 21, 1939.

Dr. Abraham Flexner,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

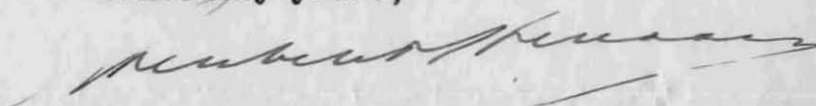
Dear Dr. Flexner:-

Herewith I acknowledge yours of the 20th enclosing
the letter which you received from Professor Bray.

The arrangement which Professor Bray suggests sounds
feasible and attractive, but I do not feel that I can give it my
approval until it first has been submitted to Mr. Larson and been
approved by him, for I do not know what he may have had in mind
with respect to the strip of land in question.

As Mr. Larson will be in Princeton over the week-end,
it may be possible that you can discuss the subject with him,
or, if you are absent, that Mrs. Bailey can lay it before him.
Therefore, I am returning Professor Bray's letter herewith.

Sincerely yours,



Encl.
HHM:JR

Bray & Gdo

April 20, 1939

Dear Mr. Maass:

I sent Professor Bray a copy of your letter of April 6 in reference to the strip of land between his property and the road which the Institute is going to build. I am enclosing a letter which I have from him this morning. Inasmuch as the strip, which as I remember it is 15 feet rather than 25, will never be of any use to the Institute, it would seem to me that we might as well part with it on a reasonable basis.

Should you wish to talk the matter over with Professor Bray let me know and I will arrange for him to go up to see you. If you feel that it is necessary to consult Mr. Larson perhaps you could do so before we communicate with Professor Bray.

Ever sincerely,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Mr. Herbert H. Maass
20 Exchange Place
New York City

AF/MCE

April 19, 1939

Dr. Abraham Flexner
The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Dr. Flexner:

The Institute's offer to lease to me the twenty-five feet of land adjacent to my lot is so generous that I hesitate to do other than accept it. Nevertheless, I feel that a short-term lease might ultimately prove unsatisfactory. My situation is such that I may not suggest any immediate permanent settlement.

Would it be possible for me to accept the lease you suggest but, at the same time, to be granted a three-year option to purchase the property at some figure to be agreed upon now? I would then be glad to bear the expenses of landscaping, without recourse, if the lease were revoked and the option not exercised. If the option to purchase were to be exercised, however, I would wish to be free of any cost of widening the road from Battle Road to Fuld Hall. Were this road to be widened by the Institute I would be glad to bear the usual maintenance costs which would properly be mine.

If you wish, I shall be glad to discuss the matter with you or other members of the Institute at your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) Charles W. Bray

April 20, 1939

Dear Professor Bray:

I have your two letters of April 11
and 19. I shall ^{send} the latter to Mr. Maass, the
Chairman of our Committee on Buildings and
Grounds, and I hope very much that matters can
be arranged between you to your satisfaction.
It may be that Mr. Maass will ask you to come to
New York to see him at your convenience.

Very sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Professor Charles W. Bray
Eno Hall
Princeton, New Jersey

AF/MCE

not answered
JL

CHARLES W. BRAY
ENO HALL
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

April 11, 1939

Dr. Abraham Flexner,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau St.,
Princeton, N.J.

Dear Dr. Flexner:

Thank you very much for your very kind letter and for that of Mr. Maass concerning the property adjacent to mine. May I have a few days in which to consider the matter and then get in touch with you again.

Concerning the sewer I might explain that I had not asked permission of the Institute to connect up because it was my impression that permission was unnecessary. The sewer was built as a part of my contract with Mr. Olden to purchase my lot, the terms being that he was to provide sewer service at the present sewer location. Consequently I have always taken it for granted that I could enter the sewer without further ado. In any case I should have notified the Institute of my intention to connect and I apologize for my failure to do so. It so happens that we already plan to enter the sewer on a southerly line from our house. We should be glad to have any advice which Mr. Larsen or the Hegeman-Harris superintendent care to give us on the manner of connection.

I must also apologize for the carelessness of our contractor who has piled a good deal of dirt on the Institute property adjacent to ours. I believe that no harm has been done since the dirt is good topsoil and will simply enrich your ground but if it causes any inconvenience I shall be only too glad to have it removed.

Sincerely yours,

Charles W. Bray

April 7, 1939

Dear Professor Bray:

I am enclosing a letter to you from Mr. Maass, Chairman of the Committee on Buildings and Grounds, in reference to the strip of property between your own lot and the Institute land. I am very glad indeed that the land can be put at your disposal, and I myself do not think that there is the slightest chance that the Institute will ever have any use for it.

Mr. Maass states that you may, of course, connect with the Institute sewer provided that the cost of such connection is borne by you and that the location and nature are approved by Mr. Larson or by the Hegeman-Harris superintendent. Mr. Larson suggests that, if you wish to enter the Institute sewer, it is advisable to build it directly south from your house and enter the Institute sewer just across your lot line.

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Professor C. W. Bray
15 Maple Street
Princeton, New Jersey

AF:ESB

C O P Y

April 6, 1939

Re: The Institute for Advanced Study

Professor C. W. Bray,
15 Maple Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear Sir:

In connection with the property owned by the above-named Institute, on part of which Fuld Hall is presently being erected, there is a roadway running from Battle Road through the Institute property to Fuld Hall. It is the present intention to reserve a further strip of twenty-five feet in width between this road and your property on Battle Road as the means of eventually widening such road. There will then remain a further strip between the road as widened and your property which, if not properly landscaped, may impair the neighborhood and particularly the view from your property.

If it is agreeable to you, the Institute is quite willing, as soon as the lines have been definitized, to lease you this strip between the road and your property at a nominal rental of \$1.00 a year for a term of three years, subject to cancellation at any time upon ninety (90) days' notice, provided you will agree, at your own expense, to landscape such strip in conformity with the landscaping of your own property, and the Institute will agree that if it exercises the right of cancellation at any time it will amortize the moneys expended by you for such landscaping on the basis of two-thirds of the cost thereof if the right of cancellation is exercised before the expiration of the second year of the lease and one-third if exercised during the last year of the lease. Of course, thereafter the lease could be renewed from year to year at the same rental, but without obligation on the part of the Institute to pay for any of the landscaping if the option of termination were exercised by it. At the moment no plans are in mind which would indicate a speedy exercise of such option.

Yours very truly,

(signed) HERBERT H. MAASS
Chairman of Building Committee, IAS

January 9, 1939

Professor Charles W. Bray
Eno Hall
Princeton, New Jersey

My dear Professor Bray:

In Dr. Flexner's absence I acknowledge receipt of your letter of January 5. I do not know just what plan our architect has in mind for the development of the strip of land between your lot and the road now being constructed by the Institute, but I doubt very much that he contemplates it as a home site. When he next comes to Princeton we will be very glad to bring your inquiry to his attention and to let you know just what his plan is.

Very truly yours,

MARIE C. EICHELSEER

CHARLES W. BRAY
ENO HALL
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

January 5, 1939

Dr. Abraham Flexner
The Institute for Advanced Study
20 Nassau St.
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Dr. Flexner:

I own a lot on the south side of Battle Road West, adjacent to the property of the Institute and opposite the new home of Dr. Panofsky. I am very much interested in the plans of the Institute for the development of the strip of land between my lot and a new road, on which the Institute has just begun construction. This road, apparently, is to run at right angles to Battle Road, and parallel to my lot at a distance of about fifty feet.

This Fall you were kind enough to allow me to see a sketch of the projected development of the Institute property. On this sketch the strip of land about which I inquire was indicated as a future home site. The road, as indicated on the sketch, differed, however, from that now actually under construction, in that it went away obliquely to the west. Thus the width of the strip increased with its distance from Battle Road and I feel there would have been adequate space for a house. In the actual arrangement the strip is rather narrow along its entire length and I hope it is not intended for a home. In any case, it will help me considerably, in planning the location of the house which I intend to build on my property this Spring, to know the plans of the Institute for the development of this strip. I would be very grateful to you if I might have this information.

Very truly yours,

Charles W. Bray

Charles W. Bray

Copy

Eno Hall

Princeton, New Jersey

January 5, 1939

Dr. Abraham Flexner
The Institute for Advanced Study
20 Nassau St.
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Dr. Flexner:

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Very truly yours,

(Signed) Charles W. Bray

Boddy S. L.

March 14, 1939

Mrs. Charles W. Bray
15 Maple Street
Princeton, New Jersey

My dear Mrs. Bray:

We have taken up with Mr. Larson the question that you raised. I quote the following from a letter received from him this morning:

"The property between the Bray lot and the new road could, if Dr. Flexner and Mr. Maass agree, be sold to the Brays and would make their lot more attractive. They could then face their house on to this new road which would give them a beautiful orientation and improve the whole appearance of the property in that area. If they put their house facing Battle Road, we would place the future house on lot No. 9 in conformity with it."

Lot No. 9 is on the other side of the new road, across from the Meritt house.

If you desire to communicate with Dr. Flexner regarding the matter, he will be returning to his office on March 22 or 23.

Very truly yours,
ESTHER S. BAILEY

ESB:MGH

Breisky, J. V.

September 15, 1938

Dear Mr. Breisky:

Returning to Princeton I find your letter of July 29 and the acknowledgment of my secretary.

I notice on reading the sketch about your step-father that he has been in the United States and has connections and acquaintances here in his own field of activity. I have myself no contacts in this field at all, so that there is no one to whom I can commend him. I should suppose that he would do best by appealing to those with whom he was associated during his residence in the United States.

I hope very much that he may thus succeed in finding a congenial post.

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Mr. J. V. Breisky
308 Taplow Road
Baltimore, Maryland

AF/MCE

July 29, 1938

Mr. J. V. Breisky
308 Taplow Road
Baltimore, Maryland

My dear Mr. Breisky:

Your letter of July 26 and its enclosure, regarding your step-father, have come while Dr. Flexner is out of the country on his summer holiday. Unfortunately, he will not return until some time in September, but I shall bring your letter to his attention at the first opportunity, and I am sure if he can make any helpful suggestions he will be very happy to do so.

Very truly yours,

MARIE C EICHELSEER

308 Taplow Road
Baltimore, Maryland

July 26, 1938

Dr. Abram Flexner, Director
Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Dr. Flexner:

I am writing this letter at the suggestion of Dr. John A. Fleming of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, who is well acquainted with my step-father, Prof. Victor F. Hess of Austria. You are probably familiar with Prof. Hess' work but I thought I might mention that he shared the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1936 with Carl D. Anderson from the Pacific Coast. The Nobel Prize was awarded to him for the discovery of cosmic radiation.

Because of my step-father's known anti-Nazi feelings prior to Hitler's annexation of Austria, naturally he was on the black list; and was taken into protective custody for one or two weeks; and afterwards he was suspended from his position as head of the Physics Department of the University of Graz and subsequently was pensioned. However, it seems very uncertain how much this pension will amount to in the long run, and whether it may be discontinued on short notice.

Naturally, my step father does not care to continue to live in Austria under such unpleasant conditions, and he would like to make a connection elsewhere, preferably the United States. He has lived here before for a considerable period of time, speaks English fluently, with only a slight accent, and feels he would be happier here than anywhere else. I am inclosing a short autobiography of Prof. Hess, which I translated.

I understand from Dr. Fleming that you are or were interested in enlarging your activities on cosmic ray research and for this reason I thought that you might possibly be interested to know that Prof. Hess is looking for a connection.

I should greatly appreciate your replying to me at the above address and let me know your reactions regarding this matter. Should you know of any openings, I will have to communicate with my step-father in an indirect way regarding them, since I would not dare to write him directly about it because of the strict censorship. I am mentioning this so as to caution you not to write to him directly and mention the fact that he is looking for a position outside of Austria.

Page 2.

As you undoubtedly know, the only way to get out of Germany today is to leave with just the clothes on your back. For these reasons it would be very important to carry negotiations regarding a position pretty far toward a conclusion before my stepfather could actually leave Germany.

Thanking you in advance for your attention to this matter, I remain

Respectfully yours,

John V. Breisky

JVB:DNP
Inclosure

EXCERPTS FROM THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF PROF. VICTOR F. HESS

As translated by J. V. Breisky

I was born on June 24, 1883 in the Castle Waldstein in the Province of Styria, Austria. I was graduated from Gymnasium (High School) in 1901 with magna cum laude, and studied at the University of Graz from 1901 to 1905, where I was in close contact with Professors Victor von Dantscher and Leopold von Pfaundler. I made my doctor's thesis in 1905 in Experimental Physics; and, after further studies, was promoted to Doctor of Philosophy sub auspiciis Imperatoris in 1906.

In the fall of 1906 I moved to Vienna and worked at the Second Institute of Physics of the Vienna University under Franz Exner and Egon von Schweidler until 1910, principally in the field of Atmospheric Electricity and Radio Activity.

From 1908 to 1920 I had a position as "honorar-dozent" for medico-physics at the Veterinary College in Vienna. In 1910 I became "Privat-dozent" for physics at the University of Vienna; and in the fall of the same year I also obtained the position as first assistant at the newly founded Institute for Radium Research for the Academy of Science of Vienna. In the latter capacity I worked under Professor Stefan Meyer for ten years (until 1920).

In 1920 I was appointed as Professor for Experimental Physics at the University of Graz, where I taught chiefly the medical and pharmaceutical students. However, in February 1921 I asked for a leave of absence, since I had obtained a position as Chief Physicist of the United States Radium Corporation in Orange, New Jersey and New York, New York.

I remained in this position until April 1923, and during that time I founded and operated a research laboratory for the above corporation. In this position I had to visit a great number of meetings and give lectures in the English language. I also was guest lecturer at several universities, such as Columbia, New York City and Yale University. At the suggestion of Chief Chemist C. S. Lind, I was appointed as Consulting Physicist of the United States Bureau of Mines in Washington, D. C.

Since the position of the radium industry seemed thoroughly weakened by the appearance of the competition of Belgium in 1922, I left the United States in 1923 and returned to my professorship at the University of Graz, where I was appointed to a full professorship in 1925.

After great difficulties I finally succeeded in 1927 in getting together the necessary financial help to continue research in my favorite field of Cosmic Radiation and Ionization of the Atmosphere, through grants from the Academies of Science of Berlin and Vienna, as well as from the Austrian Department of Education.

-2-

The summers of 1927 and 1928 were spent in an expedition to the Island of Helgoland for studies in atmospheric electricity, and in addition I started, together with several other co-workers, measurements of cosmic radiation in the high mountains of the Tyrol and Salzburg.

In 1929 I declined a call as professor at the Union College of Peking in China.

In 1929 and 1930 I was dean at the University of Graz. In 1931 I accepted a call as full professor of Experimental Physics at the University of Innsbruck, where I also founded and directed the Institute for Radiation Research, and also founded a laboratory for the continuous study of cosmic radiation on the top of the mountain "Hafelekar" at the height of 2300 meters. At the University of Innsbruck I immediately obtained a great number of students, so that in 1936 the new institute had already published 50 scientific papers.

In 1937 I was appointed as successor of Professor Benndorf, as full professor and director of the Physical Institute of the University of Graz. During 1937 and 1938 I was responsible for the ground-work leading toward an enlargement of the institute.

In 1938 I was prematurely pensioned when the universities were re-organized after Germany absorbed Austria.

One of the most important results of my scientific labor was the discovery of cosmic radiation in 1911 and 1912, for which I was rewarded by the Haitinger Prize of the Vienna Academy of Science in 1919, by the Ernst Abbe Prize of the Carl Zeiss Foundation of Jena in 1932, and finally by the Nobel Prize for Physics (jointly with Carl D. Anderson) in November, 1936.

Among my other publications I might mention the book "The Electrical Conductivity of the Atmosphere and its Causes", which was published in 1926 by Vieweg and Braunschweig, and which was published in 1928 in the English translation by Constable and Company in London. Also "Die Ionisierungsbilanz der Atmosphäre", published by the Akad. Verlagsges., Leipzig, 1934.

From 1931 to 1938 I, in cooperation with my co-workers R. Steinmaurer, J. Priebisch, and A. Demmelmair, continued my research work in the research laboratory on top of the "Hafelekar", which research was undertaken with the financial assistance of the Rockefeller Foundation. The number of my scientific publications totals 101 in June, 1938.

Among other honors I might mention my election as corresponding member of the Academy of Science of Vienna in 1934, the honorary Doctor's Degree at the Veterinary College in 1936. Since 1918 I have been a member of the Swiss Physical Society, of the Swiss "Naturforscher Gesellschaft" and a life member in the German Physical Society.

230 East 49th Street
~~229 EAST 48TH STREET~~
NEW YORK
~~ELDERADO 5-0849~~
Play a 3-27-49
6-iv-'33

Dear Dr. Flexner,

At long last I have been able to follow your advice and I have been to Southmore to see Mr. Byrdette. He was most kind and helpful and suggested that if I wanted to get into college administration work eventually, which was absolutely necessary, he thought it wise for me to do a spot of teaching as a preliminary, if only so that no one could hold that against me and so that I could have a more intimate view of the teacher's problems. This seemed to me sound advice

and I am now canvassing my friends
in the academic world in the hope of
finding a job.

In the meantime, while glancing
again through your book - the last one,
and my bible - I noticed a suggestion
of yours that in spite of the "department"
of "Education" which various colleges
maintain, Education might really be
a suitable subject for graduate inquiry.
It suddenly occurred to me to wonder
whether you might be considering
conducting, or rather directing, such an
inquiry at the Institute for Advanced
Study and Shelter, in that case there
might be some remote chance of my
qualifying to work under you. Whether
I can think of would give an answer

2.

~~229 EAST 48TH STREET
NEW YORK
ELDORADO 5-0849~~

pleasure or a more active sense of
using my self to some really proper
purpose.

With repeated thanks for your
many kindnesses and with best wishes,
I am,

Yours v. sincerely,
Joseph Brewer

J. Brewer

April 7, 1933

Dear Mr. Brewer:

In my opinion Dr. Myielotte gave you sound advice, and I hope therefore that you can find a teaching post which will qualify you for administrative work, for the colleges need administrators who have had both teaching and business experience.

The Institute for Advanced Study will not in the first place attack the subject of education. I am sending you under separate cover a little bulletin which will show that we are making an extremely modest beginning in a single field, largely in order that we may work out a technique applicable to other subjects not yet decided upon.

sent.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Mr. Joseph Brewer
230 East 49th Street
New York City

AF:GS

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

HARRY WOOLF
Director

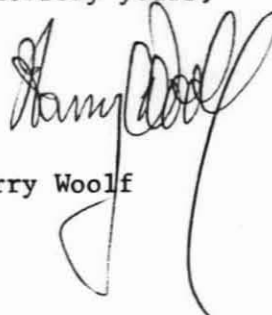
18 February 1986

Ms. Montez Brewer
811 West Lime Street
Brea, CA 92621

Dear Ms. Brewer:

Thank you for your letter of 21 January 1986. While I share with you the opinion that not all intellectual or historical insight is housed in academically trained brains, our organization nevertheless is committed to inviting those with established records of scholarship. Thank you very much for your inquiry.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Harry Woolf', written in dark ink. The signature is fluid and somewhat stylized, with a long vertical stroke extending downwards from the end.

Harry Woolf

January 21, 1986

Mr. Harry Woolf
Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Woolf:

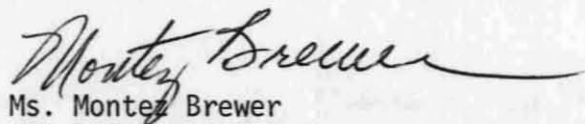
I read with much interest an article in the Los Angeles Times dated Sunday, January 12, 1986, regarding the Institute for Advanced Study. It goes without saying that this is a marvelous program and my imagination was completely captivated by the range of topics that are explored.

I noted that all members are scholars and scientists and rightfully so, however there are many other members of society with brains and experiences of a different nature. I am a secretary, a mother of four adult children, am interested in a wide variety of subjects and wonder if you have ever considered inviting people other than those mentioned above for even a brief period of time to participate.

I feel I have reached the time in my life where I am capable of much advanced possibility thinking. I have had some unique things happen in my life that have opened new possibilities.

I would be interested in hearing from you further on your program.

Sincerely,



Ms. Montez Brewer
811 West Lime Street
Brea, California 92621

Phone: (Home) 714/529-5527
(Work) 714/738-3304 (8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.)

Einstein's Legacy Nurtured at Institute

By CHARLES HILLINGER, Times Staff Writer

PRINCETON, N.J.—In 1931, Albert Einstein became the Institute for Advanced Study's first professor. He came to this small New Jersey town, home of Princeton University, to continue his work in theoretical physics at the institute and remained here until his death in 1955.

It was Abraham Flexner, the institute's first director, who, during a visit to the Einsteins' summer home near Berlin, persuaded the physicist to come to America. Einstein finally responded: "*Ich bin Feuer und Flamme dafür!*" ("I am fire and flame for it!")

When French physicist Paul Langevin heard Einstein had accepted Flexner's offer, he remarked: "It's as important an event as would be the transfer of the Vatican from Rome to America. The pope of physics has moved and the United States will now become the center of the natural sciences."

Since then, the Institute for Advanced Study has become the mecca for many of the world's most promising and distinguished scientists. They spend a year at the institute, thinking, researching, writing papers and interacting with others of their caliber. Housing is

provided for each of the 200 scholars. A small nucleus of scholars remains for several years, as Einstein did, becoming part of the permanent faculty of 22.

"Scholars come here from the great centers of learning throughout the world. Most Nobel Prize winners have been here," said Harry Woolf, 63, who has been institute director for 10 years.

"The institute operates on the premise that science and learning transcend national boundaries,"

Charles Hillinger's America

Woolf said. "Scholars and scientists are members of one republic of the spirit. Here they examine new and centrally important questions as they arise at the frontiers of knowledge."

There is no formal curriculum and no degrees are awarded. "Nothing is required," Woolf said. "They have a year of freedom to explore ideas, to interact with one another in an atmosphere where the mind is working at the highest level. We have no scientific labora-

tories. Their work is not published here. Our contribution to society is like yeast. The bread gets baked elsewhere."

The Institute for Advanced Study occupies a square mile embraced by forests and meadows. It is near the Princeton campus, enjoying a close academic relationship although it is separate.

Included in the institute complex are 10 buildings, mainly studies, libraries, administrative and faculty offices, common rooms, computer centers, a lounge, a dining hall and garden apartments.

All faculty members receive the same pay regardless of age or years of tenure. "We have a marvelous egalitarian system here," observed Woolf, the fifth director. Flexner served until 1939; Frank Aydelotte, 1939-47; J. Robert Oppenheimer, 1947-66, and Carl Kaysen, 1966-75.

The institute budget is now \$13 million; 65% is from its endowment, the rest from visiting scholars' institutions, from private foundations, and the U.S. and foreign governments.

There are four schools at the institute: mathematics, natural sciences, historic studies and social

science. There is a balance of senior scholars with well-established reputations and younger scholars who arrive four or five years after earning their Ph.Ds.

Brother and sister Louis Bam-

berger and Caroline Bamberger Fuld established the institute "to repay America for our success." They owned the Bamberger department store chain, which they sold in 1929 just before the crash.

"They looked around for someone to guide them and they found Abraham Flexner, a leading educator, who told them 'The world does not need another university,'" Woolf said.



**SOFA CLEANING SALE:
ANY SIZE, ANY NUMBER
OF CUSHIONS, JUST \$39.**

Reg. \$60. Save 35% and get the new year off to a spotless start by having your sofa professionally cleaned. We now offer two methods to clean your furniture and will choose the one that is best suited to your needs. Each method removes any dulling dust and dirt from your fine sofa. (Additional charge for light colors, Indian cottons, and dry-clean-only fabrics.) Sections are also specially priced. Reg. \$39. **\$29**, per section up to 5' in length. Sale ends Saturday, January 18. Be sure to ask about our new drapery and area rug cleaning too, now 10% off. Call for an appointment: **(213) 764-5931**. Robinson's Carpet Cleaning, 710, all stores except Fashion Valley, Horton Plaza, Palm Springs, Santa Barbara and University Towne Centre.

Robinson's

SHOP SUNDAY 11:00 A.M. TO 7:00 P.M.*

Bright, Robert

February 26, 1936

Mr. Robert D. Bright
Sigma Alpha Epsilon
Hanover, New Hampshire

My dear Mr. Bright:

Your inquiry of the twenty-second has been referred to me for reply. The Institute for Advanced Study admits only those students who have obtained the Ph.D. degree or who have given evidence of ability in independent research comparable with that expected for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The purpose of the Institute is to provide young men and women with opportunities to continue their independent training beyond the Ph.D. degree.

I am sorry that the Institute has no scholarships that may be used in the manner you suggest.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Assistant Secretary

Sigma Alpha Epsilon
Hanover, New Hampshire
February 22, 1936

Institute for Advanced Study
20 Nassau Street
Princeton, New Jersey

Gentlemen:

I have ambitions to continue my studies in chemistry in graduate school. My interest in chemical research has taken me so completely that I cannot think of any other field for my life work.

However, my lack of finances makes it necessary for me to find a sponsor or a means, by scholarship, loan, or similar financial aid, to go on with my work in graduate school or some similar institute for advanced study and research.

I shall graduate from Dartmouth College with the A. B. degree in June, 1936. I live in Passaic, New Jersey.

Will you inform me what conditions must be fulfilled to make me eligible for the Institute for Advanced Study? Please send me literature, catalogues, and application blanks, on the requirements and opportunities of the Institute,

Sincerely yours,

Robert D. Bright

Brooks, Robert C.

January 7, 1932

Dear Professor Brooks;

You have written me one of the most suggestive and helpful letters that I have thus far received in reply to the letter which I sent to you. I don't know how to thank you sufficiently. Please keep the matter in your mind and let me know anything further that occurs to you. I am certain that it will be wise and helpful.

With all good wishes for the new year and with profound appreciation, I am

Very sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Professor Robert C. Brooks
Swarthmore College
Swarthmore, Pennsylvania

AF:ESB

E. E. Brown

C O P Y

25 April, 1933

Dear Doctor Flexner:

Have I acknowledged the receipt of Bulletin No. 2 of the Institute for Advanced Study? I fear I may not have done so. I want to tell you how uplifted I feel by the program that you have marked out. It should certainly prove a development of the highest significance in the educational and scientific work of this country.

Believe me

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) ELMER E. BROWN

Chancellor

Dr. Abraham Flexner
100 East 42d Street
New York, New York

April 26, 1933

Dear Chancellor Brown:

Thank you very much indeed for your generous note of April 15. I hope you will keep your critical eye on us. It will help us to live up to your expectations.

With all good wishes, and with high regard,

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER
ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Chancellor Elmer N. Brown
New York University
Washington Square
New York City
AF:GB

J. C. Brown
Director
to phone
JCB

National Gallery of Art

Washington, D.C. 20565

Office of the Director

January 26, 1979

Dear Mr. Woolf:

The Trustees of the National Gallery of Art with the approval of the Congress is establishing a Center for Advanced Study in the Visual Arts (CASVA) to be housed in the Study Center in the Gallery's new East Building. This building will also house a major scholarly library and the Gallery's curatorial and administrative staff.

It is our hope that the Center will meet the need of mature scholars by funding their stay during an absence from salaried teaching and permit research by them. It will likewise provide for young professionals in the post-doctoral level an opportunity to complete their formation as scholars and make their first significant contributions to the world's fund of knowledge in the field. All these scholars will contribute their knowledge through teaching to generations of students. The Gallery has been promised support from major foundations and hopes to have the Center in full operation with an initial component of 3 to 5 senior scholars in the academic year 1980-81.

It will be most helpful to me and our Trustees if we could obtain from you a range of compensation and allowances for a full academic year awarded under your programs for

Senior scholars of full professor rank.

Mid-career scholars of associate professor rank.

Junior scholars with recent PhD degrees.

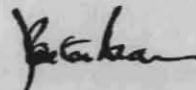
Such information will be very useful in our planning and formulation of definitive requests for foundation support.

-2-

If this request requires further clarification, I would be happy to respond to a telephone call or, if I am not available, our secretary, Robert Amory, Jr., will be prepared to supply the information you need.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely,



J. Carter Brown
Director

Mr. Harry Woolf
Director
Institute for Advanced Study
South Olden Lane
Princeton, N.J. 08540

J.D. BROWN

December 20, 1976

Dr. J. Douglas Brown
Library A-19-J-1
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Dear Dr. Brown:

How very good of you to send me a copy of
The Human Nature of Organizations. I enjoyed
our unexpected lunch together and look forward
to seeing you again soon.

With all best wishes, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Harry Woolf

Brown J Douglas

January 21, 1935

Dear Professor Brown:

I have no words in which to express how deeply I was touched by the joint letter which I received from you and your colleagues. Princeton has been inexpressibly kind and generous to us - both the University and the townsfolk. The letter which you and your colleagues have sent me shows, what indeed I already knew, that the economists and social scientists connected with Princeton University would cooperate with the Institute economists unselfishly and impersonally in trying to advance a study in which they all are profoundly interested and to which they have all devoted their lives. I have in my own mind no doubt whatsoever that we can repeat in the field of this thorny and difficult subject the experience, cooperation, helpfulness, and tolerance characteristic of the mathematicians in Fine Hall. It would not be possible to aim at a higher ideal, and we shall all be satisfied with nothing less.

With genuine gratitude and deep appreciation, I am

Very sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

P. S. I am sending this letter separately to every one of the gentlemen who signed the letter to me. A.F.

Professor J. Douglas Brown
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey

AF:ESB

Leslie Faneer Brown 16, Christchurch Rd
Putney, Surrey
England

23. 3. 35

Dear Dr. Flexner,

This is to introduce to you my friend Leslie Faneer Brown, a University of London administrator who, inspired by your book, has come to America to see how badly universities can be run.

He has, no doubt, an introduction to you from Deller, but I have asked him to take this letter to you, since it carries also my greetings & remembrance of good talk in New York.

With kind regards to Dr. Flexner

Yours sincerely
Ernest W. Wignall

Dr. Abraham Flexner
Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, N. J.

June 18, 1982

Dr. P. W. H. Brown
Deputy Secretary
The British Academy
Burlington House, Piccadilly
London W1V 0NS
England

Dear Dr. Brown:

Thank you very much for yours of 14 April 1982, with a copy of the 1978-79 report of the British Academy. I look forward to the resumption of the conversation about the possibility of a more formal cooperation of our two institutions when next our travels may bring us together.

I will look into the possibility of seeing you in England as soon as it is opportune for me to do so.

With all best wishes, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Harry Woolf

THE BRITISH ACADEMY
BURLINGTON HOUSE, PICCADILLY
LONDON, W1V 0NS
TELEPHONE: 01-734 0457

From

P. W. H. Brown
Deputy Secretary

14th April 1982

Dear Dr. Woolf,

At the end of the most agreeable meeting with you in New York at the end of January, I promised to follow up with some information about the Academy and with any further thoughts there might be about the possibility of some form of co-operation in the days ahead. I have been most dilatory, for which I apologise. One reason for delay was my wish to enclose the most recent Annual Report, but that has now been badly delayed and is still not in my hands. I am afraid I cannot produce anything more recent than 1978/79, but it may give some flavour of the Academy's range of activities.

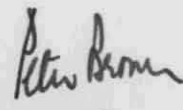
As I recall, three possible areas for co-operation emerged during our conversation that we felt merited further consideration: (1) joint sponsorship of foreign scholars in cases where neither side was able to provide full funding for a research programme or where the project required a period of study both in America and Britain; (2) injection of a British component into certain Institute activities and a reciprocal interest on the part of the Institute in Academy activities, such collaboration to be ad hoc as good opportunity offered; (3) the setting up of a joint study financed with matching contributions from both sides from private sources. We spoke tentatively of a programme of fellowships linked to an agreed theme.

Since my return I have talked to a number of Fellows of the Academy who are Institute alumni, and I have also consulted the Academy's Overseas Policy Committee. All parties have responded with enthusiasm to the idea of closer and perhaps regular contacts between our institutions, and we should be most happy to consider further the three possible areas mentioned above and any others that may have occurred to you in the interim. In particular we should greatly welcome the chance of talks here if you could spare the time to stop off on your next visit to Europe. It would be very good to see you here.

With all good wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Dr. Harry Woolf,
Director,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton,
New Jersey 08540,
U.S.A.



Browne, Charles

DR. CHARLES BROWNE
PRINCETON, N. J.

February 11st 1934

Dr. Abraham Flexner
Princeton
New Jersey

Dear Dr. Flexner:

On the sixteenth of this month I am giving a dinner to Dr. Einstein. The dinner will not be formal in character, that is, there will be no speeches; the idea being to have the Doctor meet some of my friends who are not directly connected with the educational interests in the State.

I am expecting Governor Moore, some others from various departments of the State's government and maybe a judge or so.

From the University will come Dr. Spaeth and Dean Eisenhart, perhaps Dean West and one or two others.

I am writing to you rather than sending you a formal invitation because I have not had the pleasure of knowing you (other than speaking to you a moment after your talk at the lunch at the Nassau Club on Wednesday) and I therefore think this is a better way to tell you that I, and all the others, shall be delighted if you will honor us with the pleasure of your company on this occasion.

With best regards, I am

Most sincerely yours

Charles Browne

February 2, 1934

Dear Dr. Browne:

I have great pleasure in accepting your kind note inviting me to dine with you on the 16th to meet Professor Einstein. May I ask you to let me know the dinner hour?

With all good wishes and deep appreciation,

Yours sincerely,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Dr. Charles Browne
Princeton, New Jersey

AF/LCE

Brunson, A. J

November 18, 1938

Dear Mr. Brunson:

I should suppose that the best source of information available on the subject of Professor Einstein's theory is the recent book on the Evolution of Physics by Einstein and Infeld. It is a work that requires very little mathematical equipment to understand and gives a thoroughly correct and not merely a popular presentation of Professor Einstein's views.

Very sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Mr. A. J. Brunson
105 E. Front Street
Plainfield, New Jersey

AF:ESB

PLAINFIELD 6-4737

A. J. BRUNSON
105 EAST FRONT STREET
PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY

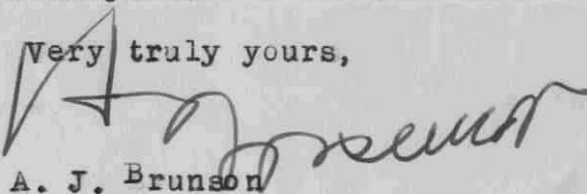
November 12, 1938

University of Princeton
Princeton, N. J.

Gentlemen:

I have been requested to give a ten minute talk on Professor Einstein's theories and research work. Unfortunately I know nothing about the matter and I am taking the liberty of writing to you as the best available source of information on the subject. If you have any literature or description of Propessor Einsteain's theories and the scope and development of his work I will very much appreciate such information as you are willing to give me on the subject.

Very truly yours,



A. J. Brunson

AJB:c
Stamped envelope enclosed.

DISTRICT III

ALUMNAE ASSOCIATION OF BRYN MAWR COLLEGE

District Councillor

MRS. ROGER T. SHEFTEL
414 Barclay Road
Rosemont, Pennsylvania 19010

PENNSYLVANIA
SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY
DELAWARE

October 6, 1986

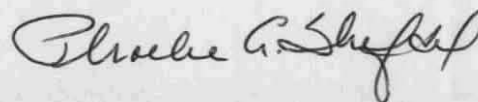
Dr. Harry Woolf
The Institute for Advanced Study
Olden Land
Princeton, NJ 08540

Dear Dr. Woolf:

Knowing how justifiably protective the Institute is of its privacy, I am very appreciative of your allowing us to use the facilities for an archaeological symposium. The date of Saturday, April 4 is certainly acceptable. Due to some rearrangement of our meeting format in the interval, I am wondering if it would be possible to use the facilities for a dinner and an evening symposium, rather than the lunch and the afternoon symposium. If this creates any problem we would be glad to stick with the lunch scheme.

Thank you for all your help.

Sincerely,



Phoebe A. Sheftel

*copy given to Mary
10/14/86*

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

HARRY WOOLF
Director

1 October 1986

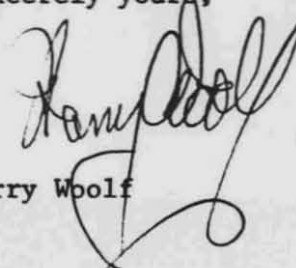
Ms. Phoebe A. Sheftel
414 Barclay Road
Rosemont, PA 19010

Dear Ms. Sheftel:

Thank you very much for yours of 3 September 1986. Please forgive the inordinate delay in replying to your letter, but I had to await the return of the faculty and beginning of the new term to discuss your request with them.

The term here ends on April 3, and I am prepared to give you permission to hold your meeting on a Saturday after that date. There will be some modest charges for the use of the facilities and we can discuss with you afterwards the procedure for and the costs of doing the luncheon as well. Do let me hear from you soon.

Sincerely yours,



Harry Woolf

bcc: PHL

DISTRICT III

ALUMNAE ASSOCIATION OF BRYN MAWR COLLEGE

District Councillor

MRS. ROGER T. SHEFTEL

414 Barclay Road

Rosemont, Pennsylvania 19010

PENNSYLVANIA

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY

DELAWARE

Sept. 3, 1986

Dr. Harry Woolf
Institute for Advanced Study
Olden Lane
Princeton, NJ 08540

Dear Dr. Woolf:

This coming April 3 and 4 two districts of Bryn Mawr College Alumnae from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware will be holding a conference in Princeton. Aside from the usual business component of the meeting, there will be a seminar/symposium dealing with an archaeological theme. We would very much like to hold this event at the Institute. In speaking with Patsy Labalme (a Bryn Mawr alumna), she suggested that I should direct our request to you.

Drawing on the wealth of Bryn Mawr-bred archaeological talent living or working in the Princeton area, we would invite perhaps 3 people to give short (half-hour) presentations. Ideally, these talks would be addressing some particular theme.

Our first choice would be to have a supper, followed by the lectures on the evening of Friday, April 3. If this is not suitable, we could work around a luncheon and symposium on Saturday afternoon, April 4. I would expect to allow one hour for the meal and 1½-2 hours for the lectures.

after lunch

My guess at numbers would be in the range of 75. It would be nice, if you were in agreement, to open the meeting to other interested groups such as the Princeton society of the Archaeological Institute of America. If that were the case, I expect that some people might come to the lectures only.

While awaiting your favorable response to this request, I would be glad to provide any additional information you might need in coming to a decision. You may reach me at (215) 527-3795.

Sincerely,

Phoebe A. Sheftel

Phoebe A. Sheftel

cc: Patsy Labalme

DRYN MAWR
MEETING

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

HARRY WOOLF
Director

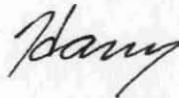
22 September 1986

Professor Giles Constable
School of Historical Studies

Dear Giles,

May I have the School's reaction to this
request?

Cordially yours,



Harry Woolf



Buchsbaum

October 3, 1980

Dr. Solomon J. Buchsbaum
Executive Vice President
Bell Laboratories
Holmdel, New Jersey 07733

Dear Solomon:

I thought you might like to have a copy of
the first printed annual report at the Institute
for Advanced Study.

It was fun to be with you and I hope it
happens again soon.

Cordially yours,

Harry Woolf

Enclosure

NINA BULL
PRESIDENT
FRANCES PERKINS
VICE-PRESIDENT
MARK J. SHOENBERG, M. D.
SECRETARY-TREASURER

Bull, Nina

JOSHUA ROSETT, M. D.
SCIENTIFIC DIRECTOR

BRAIN RESEARCH FOUNDATION
INCORPORATED

~~WOODSTOCK, NEW YORK~~
100 Central Park South
New York City
March 26 1936

The Institute for Advanced Study
20 Nassau Street
Princeton, N.J.

Dear Sirs:

I have been told that there is some prospect of your organizing a school for the study of human behavior as part of the Institute for Advanced Study.

Would you kindly let me know if this report is true and if so, what lines you propose to follow, and when a start is to be made.

Sincerely yours,

Nina Bull

Mrs. Nina Bull
President

April 14, 1936

Dear Mrs. Bull:

I have just received your kind note dated March 26. I am sorry to say that you have been misinformed, as we have no intention of establishing a school for the study of human behavior.

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Mrs. Nina Bull, President
Brain Research Foundation
100 Central Park South
New York City

AF/MCE

Bulloz, M. J. E.

December 2, 1936

M. J. E. Bulloz
21, Rue Bonaparte
Paris, France

My dear Monsieur Bulloz:

Professor Panofsky, who is a professor in the Institute for Advanced Study, has told me that you will be sending photographs for use in his work from time to time. May I ask you to address any parcels for him to

The Institute for Advanced Study
20 Nassau Street
Princeton, New Jersey, U. S. A.

I make this request because any parcel addressed to Professor Panofsky is subject to duty as provided by the Tariff Act of the United States. The photographs are to be used for educational purposes only, and so Professor Panofsky would appreciate it if in future you used the address of the Institute rather than send parcels directly to him.

With many thanks for your coöperation, I am

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY
Secretary

A very beloved thank
you for many
wonderful evenings!
Claire M. Bureau,



26½ Witherspoon Street • Princeton, NJ 08542

Keith

(609) 683-4008

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

HARRY WOOLF
Director

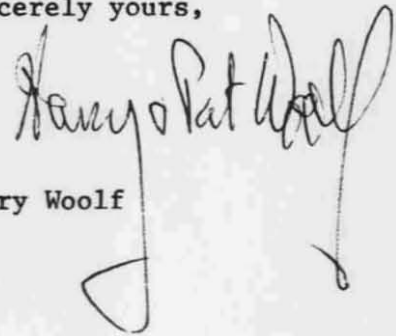
15 October 1986

Mrs. Claire Burns
39 Chestnut Street
Princeton, NJ 08540

Dear Mrs. Burns:

The flowers are simply beautiful and, as the phrase goes, "beyond the call of duty," and we appreciate them very much indeed.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Harry Woolf". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned to the right of the typed name.

Harry Woolf

C O P Y

A. Burroughs

Harvard University
Fogg Art Museum
Cambridge, Mass., U. S. A.

Oct. 31, 1935

Dr. Abraham Flexner,
Institute of Advanced Studies,
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Sir,

I am writing to inquire whether there is any possibility of an Instructor at Harvard, myself, receiving financial aid from the Institute of Advanced Studies for the purpose of finishing a book during a year's leave of absence. The subject of my study is the distinction between Rembrandt and the Rembrandtesque, on which I have worked for several years without, however, having been able to study important pictures in England and Sweden and Russia, where so many schools of Rembrandt pictures are preserved. I am applying for a Guggenheim Fellowship to cover the expenses of a trip for this purpose, but expect the major portion of my work will involve a long session at the typewriter, trying to visualize the part played in the XVIIth century by the pupils of Rembrandt who were certainly famous during their lifetimes, though now partly hidden by Rembrandt's greater fame. My work so far has led me to suppose that several so-called Rembrandt pictures, studied on previous excursions abroad, are actually by Jan Lievens, Fluick, Backer, etc.

Very truly yours,

(signed) ALAN BURROUGHS

Assistant in Research,
Fogg Museum, and Instructor,
Harvard University

November 2, 1935

Dear Dr. Burroughs:

I have your kind note of October 31.

I assume that you are hoping to obtain a Guggenheim Fellowship for the purpose of working abroad before you propose to come to Princeton. I shall inquire as to the possibility of our helping you and let you know at the first opportunity.

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Dr. Alan Burroughs
Harvard University
Fogg Art Museum
Cambridge, Massachusetts

AF:ESB

BURTCHAELL
2 pm
Dec. 18, 1980

December 3, 1980

The Rev. James T. Burtchaell
26 Linden Lane
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Dear Father Burtchaell:

After receiving your letter of 10 October Dr. Woolf asked me to call and arrange an appointment for you to visit with him here at the Institute for Advanced Study. I have, therefore, tried to reach you at 924-8015, but have been unsuccessful. I wonder if you would be kind enough to telephone this office at your convenience (734-8202) so that an appointment with Dr. Woolf can be arranged.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Aida L. La Brutte
Secretary to the Director

Rev. James T. Burtchaell, C.S.C.
26 Linden Lane
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

10 October 1980

Dr. Harry Woolf
Director
The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Dear Dr. Woolf:

Now that I am settled in, and have done a respectable stint of writing to get my conscience acclimated to these sabbatical days, I am taking advantage of your kind invitation to meet you. I should be pleased to call at your convenience. My telephone is 924-8015.

Faithfully yours,

James Burtchaell, C.S.C.

*Wed 30 oct
11 nov
20 nov
21 nov
3 Dec*

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

HARRY WOOLF
Director

August 14, 1980

The Rev. James T. Burtchaell
Department of Theology
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

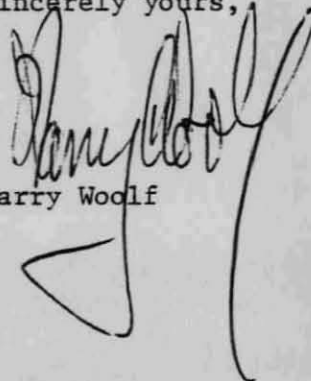
Dear Professor Burtchaell:

Thank you so much for your letter of 7 August 1980, alerting me to your coming to Princeton. I look forward to meeting you as soon after your arrival as possible.

I am delighted that John Ryan had me in mind when talking to you, and I would be pleased if you would extend to him when next you see him my warm personal regards.

I shall be away when you actually arrive, but be back in the office and at home after the Labor Day weekend.

Sincerely yours,



Harry Woolf

DEPARTMENT OF THEOLOGY
UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME
NOTRE DAME • INDIANA • 46556
AREA CODE 219-283-6312

Writer's Direct Dial Number 7467

In Princeton: 26 Linden Lane

7 August 1980

Dr. Harry Woolf
Director
The Princeton Institute for Advanced Studies
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

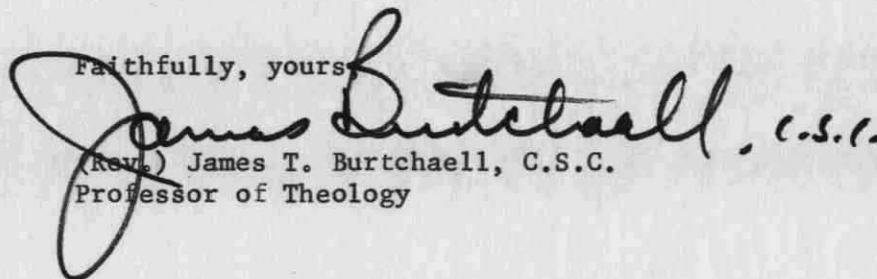
Dear Dr. Woolf:

Next year I shall be enjoying a leave of absence from my teaching duties at Notre Dame. I shall be in residence at the house in Princeton which Jacques Maritain bequeathed to Notre Dame, and shall be related to the University there as a Visiting Fellow. I was in conversation the other day with my friend, John Ryan, in Bloomington, and he suggested that you were a person in Princeton whom I should endeavor to meet. Hence I am taking the liberty of presenting myself to you even before crossing the frontiers of Mercer County.

My work will be of a basically historical nature. Possible it could be of interest to some who work within that discipline at the Institute. In any case, I thought it might not be amiss if I at least presented my respects and informed you of a newcomer who will be tinkering with a modest project down on Linden Lane. I hope to set out from South Bend on 29 August, and to be ensconced in Princeton shortly thereafter. In order to give you some notion of what I am about, I make bold to enclose a copy of a précis which I drew up for the NEH.

With respectful regards, I am

Faithfully, yours


(Rev.) James T. Burtchaell, C.S.C.
Professor of Theology

Curriculum Vitae of James Tunstead Burtchaell, C.S.C.

Education

The University of Notre Dame: A.B. in philosophy, 1956
Pontificia Università Gregoriana (Rome): S.T.B. in theology, 1958
The Catholic University of America: S.T.L. in theology, 1960
Ecole biblique et archéologique française (Jerusalem): studies, 1961-63
Pontificia Commissio de Re Biblica (Vatican City): S.S.B. in scripture, 1961;
Cambridge University: Ph.D. in divinity, 1966 /S.S.L., 1964

Academic Appointments

The University of Notre Dame; Department of Theology:
graduate assistant, 1961-62
assistant professor, 1966-69
associate professor, 1969-75
professor, 1975--
chairman, 1968-70
provost of the University, 1970-77
Cambridge University; Gonville and Caius College:
S.A. Cook Bye-Fellow, 1965-66
Princeton University; Department of Religion:
Visiting Fellow, 1980-81

Activities, Associations, Honors

Doctor of Humane Letters:
St. Mary's College (California), 1974
Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology (Indiana), 1976
The American Academy of Religion: president, 1970
Council on the Study of Religion: chairman of constituting committee, 1969-70
American Council of Learned Societies: advisory committee on the study of
graduate education in religion, 1970-71
Fulbright-Hays Advisory Screening Committee in Religion, 1970-73
Association of American Colleges: Committee on Academic Staff Reduction, 1971;
Commission on Religion and Higher Education, 1971-74, chairman 1973-74
North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, Commission on
Institutions of Higher Education: member, 1972-75; consultant examiner, 1970--
National Endowment for the Humanities: Board of Consultants, 1975--
National Chicano Council on Higher Education: post-doctoral fellowship awards
committee, 1979
Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities: Committee on Purpose and
Identity, 1975-80
Harvard University: Overseers Committee to Visit the Divinity School, 1975-81
Vanderbilt University: Divinity School Committee of Visitors, 1971--
Notre Dame Law School: Center for Constitutional Studies Advisory Board chairman,
1977-79
National Commission for Hispanic Americans: convening chairman, 1978--

Publications (selected from a list of 80)

Catholic Theories of Biblical Inspiration since 1810 (Cambridge University Press,
1969)
Encyclopedia articles: "Anonymity and Pseudonymity," "Glory," "Shekinah," New
Catholic Encyclopedia (1966); "Daniel, Book of," "Ebionites," "Eden, Garden
of," "Edomites," "James, Son of Zebedee," "James, Son of Alphaeus,"
Encyclopedia Americana (1969).

- "The Biblical Question and the English Liberal Catholics," The Review of Politics 31:1 (January 1969), 108-20.
- "Christianity and Symbolic Realism," comments on remarks of Robert N. Bellah, Journal for the Scientific Study of Religion 9:2 (summer 1970), 97-99.
- "The Purpose of Church," Commonweal 92:18 (September 4, 1970), 437-41.
- "The Rituals of Jesus, the Anti-Ritualist," Journal of the American Academy of Religion 39:4 (December 1971), 513-25.
- "Hot Gospel in a Cool College? The Question of Advocacy," in Claude Welch, ed., Religion in the Undergraduate Curriculum (Washington: Association of American Colleges, 1972), pp. 19-25.
- "A Word in Favor of Ritual," Thesis Theological Cassettes (Pittsburgh, 1972). Philemon's Problem (Chicago: ACTA, 1973).
- "A Word of Caution Against Exorbitantly Sacred Space," Faith & Form (Bulletin of the Guild for Religious Architecture) 7 (1974), pp. 14-31.
- Marriage Among Christians: A Curious Tradition (Notre Dame: Ave Maria Press, 1977).
- "A Call and a Reply," Christianity and Crisis 31:17 (November 14 1977), pp. 270-71; "Continuing the Discussion (II): How to Argue about Abortion," 31:21 (December 26, 1977), --. 313-16; also The Christian Century 94:37 (November 16 1977), pp. 1074-75.
- "How Much Should a Child Cost?" The Linacre Quarterly 47:1 (February 1980), pp. 54-63.
- "The Catholic School of Tübingen," in John Clayton, Steven Katz and Patrick Sherry, Religious Thought in the Nineteenth Century (Cambridge University Press, in press).
- Abortion Parley (Kansas City: Andrews & McMeel, 1980 [in press]).

List of referees

- The Revd Prof W. Owen Chadwick, Regius Professor of Modern History and Master of Selwyn College, Cambridge University
- Prof. John T. Noonan, Jr., Professor of Law, Boalt Hall, The University of California, Berkeley
- Prof. Stanley Hauerwas, Professor of Ethics, Department of Theology, The University of Notre Dame

Description of Proposed Study

Since the intellectual agenda for my research leave does not telescope naturally out of my past work, a word or two of introduction would be appropriate. My career has been unusual, at least in respect of positions held. Two years after I returned to Notre Dame to begin teaching, I was appointed chairman of the department (one of the largest on campus, with 30+ faculty). Two years later I was elected provost of the University, a responsibility I held for seven years. During the subsequent three years back in my department as a professor I have been easing out of a number of involvements in anticipation of a sabbatical leave planned for 1980-81. During my time as an administrator I continued to teach; I have not been out of the classroom since 1966. I also continued to write, though on a diversity of subjects. It is this diversity which bears some comment.

Most of my scholarly inquiry has coagulated around a succession of interests. First, I studied the theological debate around biblical inspiration among Catholics; my doctoral dissertation tracked the arguments across the 19th century; subsequent research carried the project into the 1960's, and the whole resulted in a book from Cambridge University Press. It was and remains the basic historical-critical text on that subject. Next I turned to the subject of grace, a more general instance of speculation on how divine responsibility can (and cannot) be attributed within human affairs. This issued in Philemon's Problem, an unadvertised but successfully selling book which continues to be used in colleges and in adult religious education. As an administrator I became interested in the increasing involvement by government in the governance of higher education, and did some historical-legal

research into the use of the funding power by government to impose social policy which could not otherwise be imposed by legislation. This led to testimony before the House of Representatives Subcommittee on Postsecondary Education, other testimony before the Office of Federal Contract Compliance (which led to amended regulations), and the founding and funding of a research center here to study First Amendment issues that touch on church and state and particularly affect the status of religiously affiliated higher education. During the last three years I have been doing research on issues related to abortion. Last October I convened at Notre Dame the first conference in nearly 15 years which brought together partisan advocates from each side of that question, to hold amicable and serious discussions about abortion; the proceedings are in press at present and will appear in September. I have a book of my own due on the subject of abortion which will be completed this summer and will probably appear next winter.

This would appear to be a helter-skelter sequence of intellectual interests, giving little promise of consistency or progressive competence in future research. What I would point out is that each of these inquiries has been historical in nature yet topical -- even polemic -- in result. My work on biblical inspiration led to conclusions about biblical inerrancy and ecclesiastical claims to infallibility which were more radical than the later findings of Professor K ung of T bingen, yet were grounded on more thorough historical data. My work on the use of the funding power to impose social policy has initiated a series of research projects in our law school which take most seriously this potential for the government to circumvent the historical restraints of the Constitution. My work on abortion deals with an obviously inflamed subject but does so by using reliable historical and sociological data. In each of these subjects I believe I have been able to make a contribution by reaching back behind the contemporary state of the question. It is this same technique which I hope to apply to the question of office in the Christian church.

Classically, the Christian church has sustained three orders of ministry: bishops, presbyters (elders), and deacons. The New Testament knows all three offices, but subsequent tradition and usage has given to them different roles and responsibilities than they seem to have had at the beginning. For example, some denominations do not retain the order of bishop. Virtually all communions have given to the descendants of presbyters (ministers, priests) individual responsibilities, whereas at first they seem to have functioned as elders in a corporate fashion. Deacons seem to have had financial responsibilities which later were transmuted into ritual tasks. Originally, only bishops seem to have presided at the Eucharist, whereas this task was shared out to presbyters later.

The classical pattern of office in the Christian church seems to have been set by the fourth and fifth centuries. It was composed of a single bishop in dominant control over a geographical diocese, presiding over a corps of presbyters who in turn presided over local congregations and celebrated most rituals there, with a dwindling number of deacons who had largely lost their earlier sayso over church temporalities. My ambition in this research project is to look behind that time and that pattern, to ascertain what the Christians thought they had in the offices of their earliest communities. In particular, I am curious about the antecedents of Christian offices: antecedents which I believe came from the organizational patterns of hellenistic Jewish communities of the Second Temple period (ending in the first century A.D.).

I want to investigate the patterns of leadership in the Jewish communities, both Palestinian and Hellenistic, in the period when Christianity emerged. To what extent did early Christians, who were predominately Jews, adopt and adapt the orders familiar to their synagogues? What parallels are there between the role of bishop and that of president of the synangogue? What parallels between the Christian presbyters and the elders of either Jewish synagogues or Jewish towns?

(Organization in the synagogue seems to have been expanded to handle the quasi-political organization of ethnic Jewish municipalities). As the role of presbyter underwent change, was this influenced by the model of the synagogue official who presided over worship under the president of the congregation? What were the causes and occasion for the conversion of deacons from their original tasks of social service to those of preaching and leadership and worship?

I shall be looking at some sources that have not been much looked at with these questions in mind. For instance, the two most valuable sources of hellenistic Judaism in the first century are Flavius Josephus and Philo Judaeus. Josephus was a Jewish patriot who changed sides to survive the Roman punitive invasion in 68-70, and spent the rest of his life explaining Jewish history and lore to the Romans. Philo was resident, not in Judaea, but in Alexandria, and undertook there to defend the civil rights of the Jewish minority by writing lengthily on their behalf to Roman authorities, while at the same time defending the legitimacy of Greek-speaking Judaism to the Aramaic-dominated rabbinical establishment back in Judaea. In the writings of these two prolific authors one can discern well the patterns of community deliberation and office and leadership of the Jewish society from which the first Christians were recruited. What I have found in my first soundings there is how inveterate the Jews were in making community decisions by corporate act of the various councils of elders. Even the most despotic rulers of the time were obliged, if only symbolically, to take counsel with significant community officers before any serious policy decision. This suggests that behind the apparent individualism of the figures called apostles in the New Testament there may well have been also a great measure of corporate consultation. My preliminary work in Philo has disclosed further descriptions of this corporate model of governance. I have also been accumulating a vocabulary of leadership selection and administration which is particularly illuminating because it is Jewish, yet expressed in the Greek language and thus capable of clear comparison with early Christian vocabulary and usage.

There have been other preliminary investigations. The literature of the first and second centuries in Christian Rome bears remarkable evidence of continuing Jewish membership and tradition. One matter has caught my attention particularly: the Christian community there seems to have become much more liturgical, much less social in its orientation: they meet to worship, and seem much less active in providing material support for the disadvantaged members. Did the illegal status of the movement cause it to become more privatized than it had been in the eastern Mediterranean? And if so, did the offices of leadership change? There have been other soundings in the early Christian literature of western Syria (Antioch) and of Syria's daughter church in Gaul (Lyon, Vienne), that are increasing my knowledge of the sources.

My hypothesis at this point is that the earliest church displays a flexibility, a variety and an adaptability with respect to its ordained offices of leadership that was forfeited after the Constantinian legitimacy. It would be interesting to reconstruct this process to the extent that the documents allow it.

How is this research timely and topical? First of all, any prospect of rapprochement between the divided Christian churches will require some new consensus about legitimate patterns of church office. The "high" churches follow the pattern set in the fourth and fifth centuries, while the "low" churches follow a less structured, congregational model which they legitimate by reference to the New Testament. Ecumenical unity is going to require a review of the earliest traditions, and will probably be more dependent upon agreement on the responsibility of professional ministry than on matters of sacraments or teaching authority.

Second, I find within the "high" tradition an assumption shared by clergy and laity which is unsettling. It runs as follows. When a Christian is ordained to one of the three orders, he or she is given powers and warrants which enable

him or her to perform certain functions on behalf of the community which are not had by those who hold lower orders or no order at all. This creates what I call an exclusivist understanding of ministry: that a deacon, presbyter or bishop is defined by those actions which he or she can perform but others cannot. My own hypothesis is that a more authentic understanding of order is: that a person is ordained deacon, presbyter or bishop, not to perform actions which others are incapable of, but to lead the Christian community in actions which all should perform. Whether my findings in the early documents will support such a hypothesis or not remains to be seen. In any case, I expect the research to require several years of sustained work, which will begin in earnest next year.

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- Safrai, S. The Jewish People in the First Century. Philadelphia, 1976.
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- Vogel, C. "Chirotonie et chirothésie," Irenikon 45(1972), 7-21, 207-235.

Although most research will be done in primary sources, I presume that a partial listing of secondary sources is more appropriate here.

Postscript

I propose to spend 1980-81 in Princeton, New Jersey. Princeton University has extended to me a visiting fellowship (non-stipendiary) which gives access to the excellent library collection. I shall also have access to the library of Princeton Theological Seminary. At a short distance lie the libraries of Harvard University to which I also have access. Next year I shall be mostly in the hunting-and-gathering stage: reading in the primary sources. To my knowledge, my research will be the first attempt of its sort.

Bush

September 30, 1977

Dear Alfred:

I meant to thank you in writing for the note about the 360 acre possibility. As I told you when we last saw each other, unless someone gives it to us, it's out of reach.

Thanks again.

Cordially yours,

Harry Woolf

Dr. Alfred L. Bush
Curator
Princeton Collections of
Western Americana
Princeton University Library
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY LIBRARY
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY 08540

RICHARD M. LUDWIG
*Assistant University Librarian
for Rare Books & Special Collections*

6 September 1977

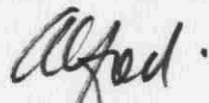
Mr. Harry Woolf, Director
The Institute for Advanced Study
Olden Lane
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Dear Harry,

As requested, here is the information on the sign on U. S. One:
"Available, 360 Acres, Houghton Real Estate, Princeton, 924-1001."
It appears to me that the land must be directly behind the Institute woods,
probably contiguous with your land at the canal.

It was good to have the chance to talk with you on Sunday night.

All good wishes,



Alfred L. Bush, Curator
Princeton Collections of
Western Americana

October 5, 1939

Dear Mr. Butterfield:

I have just returned to my office for a few moments, though I have not yet by any means recovered from a severe attack of laryngitis which rendered me voiceless.

At the moment there is nothing that I can do, but I am interested in securing your services for Professor Herzfeld. Unfortunately, the financial problem has got first to be settled, and I cannot be sure when that will be the case.

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Mr. Richard D. Butterfield
10 Valley Road
Hanover, New Hampshire
AF/MCE

September 22, 1939

Mr. Richard D. Butterfield
10 Valley Road
Hanover, New Hampshire

My dear Mr. Butterfield:

I have your kind letter of September 18, and I am very sorry to say that no decision can be made in your case until Dr. Flexner gets to Princeton. We are expecting him the first part of next week, and I shall bring your letter to his attention.

Perhaps I should say that our present budget does not permit of adding any members to our staff at this time, but it may be that Dr. Flexner can make some adjustment which will enable the Institute to offer you a post. I am sure he will make an effort to accomplish this.

Very truly yours,

MARIE C EICHELSER

MCE

10 Valley Road
Hanover, N. H.
Sept. 18, 1939

My dear Miss Eichelser:

When I saw Professor Herzfeld in August concerning the position which he needs filled, he told me that an interview with Dr. Flexner would probably be necessary before I could be appointed. Mr. Larson, after talking with you last week and learning of Dr. Flexner's illness, gave me the impression that the matter might be settled without the necessity of such an interview.

If Dr. Flexner wishes to see me, I can arrange to be in Princeton at any time he may set. I would greatly appreciate it if you will let me know whether or not Dr. Flexner does wish to see me, and when the work will be likely to start if I am appointed.

Very truly yours,

Richard D. Butterfield

Bye, Geo. T

October 31, 1938

Dear Mr. Bye:

Thank you for your very kind note of October 26.

The present year has been a very important one for the Institute inasmuch as we have embarked upon the construction of our first building and have also expanded our work in the field of political and economic studies. Beyond this we have at the present moment no funds with which to go, and I see no likelihood of expanding until we have made considerable progress in the field which we are entering.

I have no doubt that Mr. Ford is correct in thinking that the country is full of undeveloped literary talent, but our progress is bound to be slow if it is to be secure and sound.

With all good wishes and warm regards,

Sincerely yours,

Mr. George T. Bye
535 Fifth Avenue
New York City

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

AF/MCE

Telephone: MUrray Hill 2-8775

Cable Address:Byanbye

GEORGE T. BYE
AND COMPANY
535 FIFTH AVENUE
New York

October 26, 1938

Dear Dr. Flexner:

I very much enjoyed your talk yesterday at the Dutch Treat Club.

I had as my guest the distinguished British writer, Mr. Ford Madox Ford, who has had two years of scholarly research at Olivet College, Olivet, Michigan, where between lecturing he completed the important volume, "The March of Literature" that has just been so well received by critics and the public.

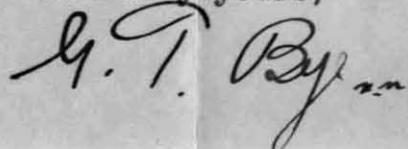
Mr. Ford and I have been talking of some way he could conduct an advanced course in literature for deserving American authors. He says that the middlewest is full of fine talent, so the rest of the country must be too.

When we heard your talk today and heard that you had done nothing yet with literature we both had the same thought -- that perhaps you would like to talk with Mr. Ford.

His address is 10 - Fifth Avenue, New York City. He would be glad to go to Princeton to have a chat with you.

Thanks for any word.

Faithfully yours,



Abraham Flexner, Esq.
Princeton University
Princeton, New Jersey



WREN CIRCLE DESIGN • MARY BYINGTON

July 2, 1986

Institute for Advanced Study
Einstein Archive
Princeton University
Princeton, NJ

Dear Archivist:

I am searching for a moving picture or television clip of Albert Einstein that is recorded any time after March 1, 1931, preferably regarding his position on international political organization. Can you help me, please?

If I must, I will settle for a picture that occurs in a newspaper, but my preference is the movie or television. Please include the procedures for using this information, too, as I assume that you have the rights to grant permission.

Thank you sincerely,

Mary Byington
P. O. Box 1558
Santa Barbara CA 93102
805-962-4120

* According to my reading, there should be something about April 11-12, 1954.

Byington

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

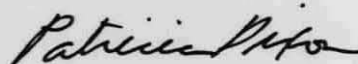
July 10, 1986

Ms. Mary Byington
P. O. Box 1558
Santa Barbara, CA 93102

Dear Ms. Byington:

Thank you for your inquiry about a movie or TV clip of Albert Einstein. We do not have what you are looking for, but we suggest you contact Dr. John Stachel, who is in charge of the Einstein Project at the Princeton University Press. His address is below. We wish you the best of luck.

Sincerely,



Patricia Dixon
(Sec'y to the Director)

Dr. John Stachel
Princeton University Press
41 William Street
Princeton, NJ 08540

BYRNE

HW



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
TRENTON
08625

BRENDAN T. BYRNE
GOVERNOR

January 5, 1978

Dr. Harry Woolf
The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Dear Dr. Woolf:

The Governor is looking forward to meeting with you in his office on Wednesday, January 25th at 2:00 pm to discuss the "Einstein Centennial Celebration".

With best regards.

Sincerely,

Edith Byrne

Edith Byrne
Appointments Secretary

BYRNE

cc. Mr. & Mrs. Dilworth
Mr. Morgan

January 28, 1977

The Honorable Brendan T. Byrne
Governor of New Jersey
Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Dear Governor Byrne:

Surely it is not normal to reply to expressions of thanks such as yours that arrived in the letter of January 20th and for which, of course, I am as pleased as I am grateful. Were you now to reply to mine again we would generate an infinite series of letters in which ultimately neither one of us would see the correspondence but the paper would pile up forever in something like a bureaucratic version of the Sorcerer's Apprentice.

My purpose in writing to you at all is to clarify in the mind of the Governor of the great State of New Jersey a misconception common to many others. The Institute for Advanced Study is an independent institution, founded by the Bambergers in New Jersey in 1930, and not part of Princeton University. This is not to say anything negative about our neighboring institution, rich in history and continuously concerned with the education of the young. The Institute for Advanced Study believes that education is also possible for those somewhat older.

Yours in the hope that that belief is solidly based,

Harry Woolf



STATE OF NEW JERSEY
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
TRENTON

BRENDAN T. BYRNE
GOVERNOR

January 20, 1977

Dr. and Mrs. Harry Woolf
Fuld Hall
Princeton University
Olden Lane
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Dear Dr. and Mrs. Woolf:

As the smoke has cleared from our reenactment of the Battles of Trenton and Princeton, I want to thank you for your participation in the successful celebration of the Ten Crucial Days.

The historic role of New Jersey in the American Revolution has been reaffirmed and a new enthusiasm for our heritage has emerged.

It was my pleasure to share these events with you. I hope we can share similar festive occasions in the days ahead.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Brendan Byrne".

GOVERNOR