

ALIEN REGISTRATION ADDRESS REPORTS

The Alien Registration Act, 1940, requires all resident aliens to report each change of address within 5 days of such change. Other aliens, for example: Visitors, students, and others not admitted for permanent residence in the United States, must report their address every three months whether they change their address or not. A penalty of fine and imprisonment is provided by law for failure to make the required reports. When reporting, give both your number and name.

16-16437-1

PLACE
1 CENT
STAMP
HERE

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE,
ALIEN REGISTRATION DIVISION,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Form I-16 (Rev. 1-24-54)

ADDRESS RECORD CARD—ALIEN REGISTRATION

(This card may be used for both types of reports mentioned on the face of this card)

REGISTRATION No. _____

(COPY FROM REGISTRATION RECEIPT)

Name (print or type) _____

My last address was _____

(STREET ADDRESS OR RURAL ROUTE)

(POST OFFICE)

(COUNTY)

(STATE)

My present address is _____

(STREET ADDRESS OR RURAL ROUTE)

(POST OFFICE)

(COUNTY)

(STATE)

I work for _____

(EMPLOYER'S NAME)

Whose address is _____

(STREET ADDRESS)

(POST OFFICE)

(COUNTY)

(STATE)

Date _____ Signature _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

PLEASE ADDRESS REPLY TO

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

July 1, 1955

AND REFER TO THIS FILE NO.

56336/218

TO: All Institutions of Learning Approved by the Attorney
General for the Attendance of Nonimmigrant Students

The regulations concerning applications by nonimmigrant aliens for attendance at approved schools have been revised. School approvals heretofore issued and methods for future school approvals are not changed. The booklet entitled, "Educational Institutions Approved by the Attorney General", will be discontinued.

The principal change involving your operation is in the manner of notifying a prospective nonimmigrant student concerning his acceptance for attendance at your institution. You will hereafter be required to execute Form I-20, Certificate of Acceptance, in a single original copy for each nonimmigrant student. You will furnish Form I-20 to the prospective student who will be required to exhibit it to the American Consul and surrender the form to the immigration officer at the time of his admission.

You should already have in your files a notice of school approval received from this Service. The title of the person who signed that notice, the city, date, and file number appearing on the notice must be inserted in the proper place on Form I-20, Certificate of Acceptance. Form I-20 will also be used by the student, after original admission, in case he desires to make a temporary trip outside the United States during the period of the validity of his visa. It will also be used in connection with any application for extension of the period of original admission, and by the new accepting school where a student desires to transfer from one approved school to another. Upon request of an enrolled student, you will be required to deliver this form to him, in single original copy, for any of the purposes indicated.

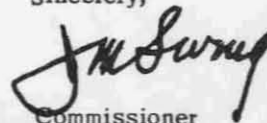
If your school is a member of a school district or other group which has received general approval, it is very important that you fill in the certification on Form I-20 that your school is under the jurisdiction of the approved school district or other group. Failure to do so may result in delay for the nonimmigrant student in securing admission.

A small supply of Form I-20 is enclosed. Additional copies may be secured from our field offices. If you desire to do so, you may reproduce this form yourself, filling in some of the required items, but each form issued to a prospective student must bear an original signature.

Certificates of Acceptance, in any form which you have previously used for this purpose, and which are already in the hands of prospective students, will be honored by American Consular Officers and this Service until January 1, 1956. However, you should begin use of Form I-20 immediately as to any further students accepted.

If you have any questions concerning proper procedure under these instructions, you may address a letter to the District Director or Officer in Charge of the Immigration and Naturalization Service office having jurisdiction over the area in which your institution is located. Do not address such inquiries to this office.

Sincerely,



Commissioner

For 806 (Rev. Dec. 1944)

11136

(POSTMARK OF

Receipt for Registered Article No. _____

Registered at the Post Office indicated in the Postmark

Fee paid _____ cents Class postage _____

Declared value _____ Surcharge paid, \$ _____

Return Receipt fee _____ Spl. Del'y fee _____

Delivery restricted to addressee:

in person _____, or order _____ Fee paid _____

Accepting employee will place his initials in space indicating restricted delivery.

POSTMASTER, per _____



MAILING OFFICE)

The sender should write the name of the addressee on back hereof as an identification. Preserve and submit this receipt in case of inquiry or application for indemnity.

Registry Fees and Indemnity.—Domestic registry fees range from 20 cents for indemnity not exceeding \$5, up to \$1.35 for indemnity not exceeding \$1,000. The fee on domestic registered matter without intrinsic value and for which indemnity is not paid is 20 cents. Consult postmaster as to the specific domestic registry fees and surcharges and as to the registry fees chargeable on registered parcel-post packages for foreign countries. Fees on domestic registered C. O. D. mail range from 40 cents to \$1.40. Indemnity claims must be filed within one year (C. O. D. six months) from date of mailing.

CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

Place: _____
Date: _____

This is to certify that _____
(Name of school or institution)
has accepted for attendance in a full course of study the person described below: (If already in attendance, indicate courses being taken or which have been completed in the preceding year.)

Name: _____, Age _____
Country of citizenship: _____
Describe course of study: _____

The above-named school or institution was approved by the Attorney General for the attendance of nonimmigrant students by the _____, Immigration and Naturalization Service at _____ on _____, file number _____

I hereby certify that this approval has not been revoked or canceled.

The above-named school or institution is under the jurisdiction of the _____ which was approved as shown above.
(Name of approved school district)

- The above-named school or institution agrees that it will:
- (1) Immediately upon the admission of a nonimmigrant student to such institution file with the District Director, Immigration and Naturalization Service, of the district in which this institution is located, a report in writing stating the name, age, and local address of such student; the name and complete address of a friend, or relative of such student in the United States; the date when such student was admitted, and the course of study pursued by him.
 - (2) Forthwith, upon the termination of the attendance of a nonimmigrant student, file with the District Director of the district in which this institution is located a report in writing, stating the date when, and the reasons why, such attendance was terminated, the whereabouts of the alien, if that information is available, and the date, ship, and port of proposed departure if the alien is about to leave the country.

(Signature of registrar or other authorized official)

(Title)

This form must be presented by the prospective student to the American Consular Officer at the time of visa application. It must again be presented to the United States Immigration Officer at the time of application for admission. If the student desires to depart from and return to the United States during the period of the validity of his visa or desires to secure an extension of his temporary admission, or desires to transfer to another school, he must present a new current copy of this form to the United States Immigration Service.

STATEMENT TO BE SIGNED BY APPLICANTS FOR NONIMMIGRANT STUDENT VISAS AND/OR ADMISSION AS
NONIMMIGRANT STUDENTS UNDER SECTION 101(a)(15)(F) OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT

This Certificate of Acceptance shows that I _____ have been
(Name of applicant - please print)

accepted by an institution of learning approved by the Attorney General for the attendance of foreign students. As an applicant for a nonimmigrant student visa and for admission into the United States as a student I declare that:

1. I seek to enter the United States temporarily and solely for the purpose of pursuing a full course of study in the institution or recognized place of study which has accepted me as a student.

2. I will carry a full course of study of the scope and nature required by that institution.

3. Check one:
 I have sufficient scholastic preparation and knowledge of the English language to enable me to undertake my intended course.

My knowledge of the English language is inadequate, but the institution of learning accepting me is equipped to offer, and has accepted me expressly for, a full program of study in the _____ language with which I am sufficiently familiar to enable me to pursue a full program of study. (A statement to the foregoing effect from the accepting institution must be attached).

The institution of learning furnishing this Certificate has accepted me for a full course of study in English. (A statement to this effect from the accepting institution must be attached).

Special arrangements have been made by the accepting institution for tutoring me in English. (A statement outlining the arrangements made issued by the accepting institution must be attached).

4. I will be financially able to pursue a full course of study in the United States. State source of support: _____

(Documentary evidence of means of support must be submitted to the American consular officer to whom the visa application is made. If arrangements for part-time employment on the campus of the accepting institution of learning have been made, a statement to that effect issued by the institution must be attached).

5. I understand that the following conditions must be met by alien students who are admitted into the United States:

a. No alien student admitted to the United States temporarily may be employed for a wage or salary or engage in business while in the United States unless it is necessary for him to do so to defray part of his living expenses, and then only if permission to do so has been granted by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. If arrangements for part-time employment have been made with the accepting institution of learning as indicated in the answer to question 4 above, permission to accept employment will be granted at the time of the student's admission into the United States.

b. All alien students admitted temporarily are permitted to remain in the United States only for the period fixed at the time of their admission, unless they apply to the nearest office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service on Form I-539 thirty days prior to the expiration of the period of admission authorized, and obtain an extension of their stay.

c. All aliens in the United States on the first day of January of each year must send a written notice of their address to the national headquarters of the Immigration and Naturalization Service by the thirty-first day of January. In addition, such a notice must be sent within 10 days after each change of address. Regardless of whether they move, all alien students temporarily in the United States are required to file a written notice of their address every three months. A printed post card notice form obtainable at any United States immigration office or post office should be used in making the address report.

d. At the time an alien student departs from the United States, his temporary entry permit (Form 257 a or I-94 C) is to be surrendered to a representative of the steamship or airline if he leaves via seaport or airport; to a Canadian immigration officer, if he leaves across the Canadian border; or to a United States immigration officer, if he leaves across the Mexican border. An alien student who departs temporarily from the United States during the period of his authorized stay in this country is required to be in possession of a valid student's visa when applying for readmission to the United States.

e. An alien student admitted temporarily is only admitted for the purpose of pursuing a full course of studies at a specified school, college, or other educational institution. If, after being admitted, such student desires to transfer to another school, college, or educational institution other than that specified at the time of his admission, the student must make a written application in advance to the United States Immigration office having jurisdiction over the place where the student resides, for permission to make such a transfer.

f. Whenever employment for practical training is required or recommended by the institution or place of study attended by the applicant, the district director or the officer in charge may permit employment of the alien for a six-month period subject to extension for not over two additional six-month periods, but any such extensions shall be granted only upon certification by the school and the training agency that the practical training cannot be completed in a shorter period of time.

6. If an alien student in the United States has any questions concerning his immigration status, he should not hesitate to call or write to the nearest immigration office. That office will be pleased to help the student.

(Signature of Applicant)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 19__

CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

Title

at _____

(To be sworn to before the American consular officer to whom the visa application is made.)

ADDRESS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO
THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

*res
ant*



In reply refer to
IEP

My dear Dr. Oppenheimer:

May 20, 1950

The Institute for Advanced Study is hereby notified that the program of the Institute, described in the Exchange-Visitor Program application submitted April 14, 1950, to provide opportunities for study, research, consultation, and collaboration with especially qualified scholars in the fields of Higher Mathematics, Theoretical Physics, Classical and Historical Studies, Art History, and Economics, for foreign students and leaders in fields of specialized knowledge or skills receiving (1) grants-in-aid or assistantships from the Institute, or (2) grants authorized by the Fulbright or Smith-Mundt Acts or awarded by private foundations, United States Government agencies, or the governments of the grantees, has been designated an Exchange-Visitor Program as provided by the administrative regulations under the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948. The serial number assigned to the program is No. P-156. The sponsor is requested to refer to this number in any correspondence with the Department, consular officers, or the Immigration and Naturalization Service concerning the program or any individual included in it.

Specific instructions to sponsors are enclosed.

The questions raised in the letter of April 14, 1950, accompanying the Exchange-Visitor Program application of the Institute for Advanced Study will be answered in a separate communication.

Sincerely yours,

For the Acting Secretary of State:

Francis J. Colligan
Francis J. Colligan
Chief

Division of Exchange of Persons

Enclosure:
Statement.

Robert Oppenheimer, Ph.D.,
Director,
Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton, New Jersey.

To Sponsors of Exchange-Visitor Programs

I. Notification of Designation as an Exchange-Visitor Program.

The Exchange-Visitor Program administrative regulations provide that when a decision is made to designate a sponsor's program as an Exchange-Visitor Program, the Department of State shall notify (1) the sponsor of the Exchange-Visitor Program, (2) American Consular Offices in the countries from which the participants in the designated program are expected to come, and (3) the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization. All three notifications will include reference to the serial number assigned to the program upon designation and will contain the official description of the nature and purpose of the program.

When an American Consular Officer has been duly notified of the designation of a program, he may receive applications for Exchange-Visitor 3(2) visas from persons selected by the sponsor to participate in the Exchange-Visitor Program. It should be definitely understood by both the sponsor and the participant in a designated program, however, that designation of a program does not ensure the issuance of a visa. Visas in such cases may be issued only when participants have been found to be fully qualified for such visas under all existing immigration laws and regulations.

Designation of a program, furthermore, should be understood to consist exclusively of an affirmation of the sponsor's eligibility to bring participants in the designated program into the United States under the conditions prescribed in the Exchange-Visitor immigration and visa regulations promulgated July 22, 1949. It does not in any sense constitute Departmental sponsorship or approval, and reference to the Department's designation of a program should be used by the sponsor only in connection with the application of participants for Exchange-Visitor visas. Reference to such designation in connection with a sponsor's efforts to secure support or approval for a specific program from any individual or agency, public or private, is not authorized. The Secretary of State may in his discretion revoke the designation of a program for any sufficient reason.

II. Responsibilities of Sponsors of Exchange-Visitor Programs.

The sponsor of a designated Exchange-Visitor Program is under obligation to provide each participant with a document containing (1) affirmation of his selection as a participant in the designated program, (2) the serial number of the program in which he is to participate, and (3) instructions to present the document described to the Consul to whom application for visa is made and to appropriate authorities at the port of entry in the United States.

The sponsor of an Exchange-Visitor Program is further under obligation to submit to the officer in charge of the Immigration and Naturalization Service at the port of entry at which an exchange-visitor entered the United States:

1. Notification, on Form I-502 at six month intervals, that the exchange-visitor is continuing to pursue the activity for which he was admitted.

2. Notification that the exchange-visitor has ceased to pursue the activity for which he was admitted. This notification is to be made immediately when such activity ceases and should include the name and current address of the exchange-visitor, nationality, date of admission, and facts as to the current activities of the exchange-visitor.

3. Application for extension of stay for the exchange-visitor, where such extension is desired and necessary. Such application should be made on Form I-539 at least thirty days before the expiration of the exchange-visitor's stay in the United States.

Required forms and information concerning their submission can be obtained by sponsors from regional offices of the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Sponsors of designated programs are advised that the Department of State must be informed of any contemplated deviation from the program as described in the Exchange-Visitor Program application, such as an increase or decrease in the number of participants, other countries to be involved, or a change in the nature of the sponsorship.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING
42 SOUTH FIFTEENTH STREET
PHILADELPHIA 2, PA.

PLEASE REFER TO THIS FILE NUMBER

May 25, 1949

ID-314.6.89

Dr. Robert Oppenheimer
Director of the Institute for
Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Dr. Oppenheimer:-

It pleases me to inform you that the Institute for Advanced Study is being retained on the list of approved schools, in view of its high standing and the nature of its work.

I hope that future association with your institution will continue to be as satisfactory and cooperative as it has been in the past.

Very truly yours,

Karl I. Zimmerman

Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING
42 SOUTH FIFTEENTH STREET
PHILADELPHIA 2, PA.

PLEASE REFER TO THIS FILE NUMBER

April 1, 1949

314.6.1

Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton
New Jersey

Dear Sir:

Service records show that your institution received the approval of the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. However, Section 125.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations fixing the qualifications required for such approval, or continuance of approval, was amended effective January 31, 1949, and we cannot determine from information previously furnished, whether all of the present requirements exist in the case of your school.

For your convenience, there is quoted the pertinent part of 8 C.F.R. 125.16 as amended, effective January 31, 1949:

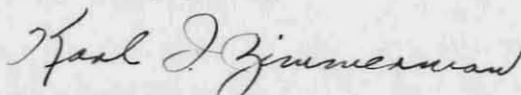
"If the Attorney General is satisfied that such school, college, academy, seminary, or university has been established for at least two years immediately preceding the filing of the petition herein required; that it is a bona fide institution of learning; that it possesses the necessary facilities and is otherwise qualified for the instruction of immigrant students in recognized courses in the field of secondary education and qualifies graduates for acceptance to accredited colleges or institutions; and in the field of higher education that it possesses the necessary facilities and is otherwise qualified for the instruction of immigrant students and (1) confers upon graduates recognized bachelor, master, doctor, or professional and divinity degrees, or (2) does not confer such degrees but its academic credits are recognized by and transferable to an approved school, college, academy, seminary, or university which does confer such degrees, he may approve such school, college, academy, or university as a school for immigrant students. Approval previously granted to a school, college, academy, seminary, or university that does not fulfill the foregoing conditions may be revoked by the Attorney General upon notice in writing to such school that the revocation will be effective not less than 30 days following delivery of the notice."

- 2 -

In view of the foregoing, it will be necessary for you to furnish evidence within thirty days from the receipt of this letter, to establish that your school can qualify under the amended regulations. Such evidence may be in the form of a certification by a responsible school official that it meets the specific requirements contained in the regulation with respect to secondary education and/or higher education, citing in detail the manner in which the requirements are met; or, if a catalog is published, a copy of the latest edition with appropriate reference to the pages on which the required information will be found.

It is proper to inform you, also, that should it become necessary to revoke approval of your school for immigrant students admitted to the United States under Section 4(e) of the Immigration Act of May 26, 1924, because of ineligibility under the amended regulations, such revocation would not prevent the attendance of foreign students who are admitted to the country as temporary visitors under Section 3(2) of the Act.

Very truly yours,



Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director

Form I-20

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service
(Rev. 3/5/56)

**CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY
(For Nonimmigrant "F" Student Status)**

Place Princeton, New Jersey Date August 26, 1960

This is to certify that The Institute for Advanced Study
(Name of school or institution)

has accepted the person named below for admission to a full course of study beginning _____
December 1960, or that such person is a
student permitted to continue a full course of study.

Name Kuo-Tsai Chen Date of Birth _____

Country of Citizenship _____ Place of Birth _____

Conditions of Admission:

As a member of the School of Mathematics for the academic year 1960-1961
with a grant-in-aid of \$3,000 from the Institute for Advanced Study for
advanced research in the field of Mathematics.

The above-named school or institution was approved for the attendance of nonimmigrant students
under the Immigration and Nationality laws by the Immigration and Naturalization Service at
Newark, New Jersey, on May 25, 1949, file number, 3380-VS.

I hereby certify that this approval has not been revoked or canceled.

The above-named school or institution is under the jurisdiction of the _____

Newark, New Jersey which was approved as shown above.
(Name of approved school district)

The above-named school or institution agrees that it will:

(1) Immediately upon the initial registration of a nonimmigrant student at such institution file with the local office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service having jurisdiction over the area in which this institution is located, a report in writing stating the name, date of birth, and local address of such student; the name and complete address of a friend or relative of such student in the United States; the date when such student was first registered, and whether registered for a full course of study.

(2) Forthwith, upon the termination of the attendance of a nonimmigrant student, file with the local office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service having jurisdiction over the area in which this institution is located a report in writing, stating the date when, and reasons why, such attendance was terminated, the whereabouts of the alien, if that information is available, and the date, ship, and port of proposed departure if the alien is about to leave the country.

FOR USE OF IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS:

DATE: _____
PLACE: _____
ADMITTED TO: _____

(Signature of authorized official)

(Title)

This form must be presented by the prospective student to the American Consular Officer at the time of visa application. It must again be presented to the United States Immigration Officer at the port of entry. If the student desires to depart from and return to the United States during the period of validity of his visa or desires to secure an extension of his temporary admission, or desires to transfer to another school, he must present a new current copy of this form to the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service.

STATEMENT TO BE SIGNED BY APPLICANT FOR NONIMMIGRANT STUDENT VISA AND /OR ADMISSION AS
NONIMMIGRANT STUDENT UNDER SECTION 101(a)(15)(F) OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT

- This Certificate of Eligibility shows that I _____ have been accepted by an
(Name of applicant-- please print)
institution of learning approved under the Immigration and Nationality laws for the attendance of foreign students. As an applicant for a non-immigrant student visa and for admission into the United States as a student I declare that:
1. I seek to enter the United States temporarily and solely for the purpose of pursuing a full course of study in the institution or recognized place of study which has accepted me as a student.
 2. I will carry a full course of study of the scope and nature required by that institution.
 3. Check one:
 I have sufficient scholastic preparation and knowledge of the English language to enable me to undertake my intended course.
 My knowledge of the English language is inadequate, but the institution of learning accepting me is equipped to offer, and has accepted me expressly for, a full program of study in the _____ language with which I am sufficiently familiar to enable me to pursue a full program of study. (A statement from the accepting institution to the foregoing effect must be attached or specified under "Conditions of Admission".)
 The institution of learning furnishing this Certificate has accepted me for a full course of study of English. (A statement from the accepting institution to this effect must be attached or specified under "Conditions of Admission".)
 Special arrangements have been made by the accepting institution for tutoring me in English. (A statement from the accepting institution outlining the arrangements must be attached or specified under "Conditions of Admission".)
 4. I will be financially able to support myself during my entire stay in the United States while pursuing a full course of study. State source and amount of support: _____

(Documentary evidence of means of support must be submitted to the American Consular Officer to whom the visa application is made. If arrangements for part-time employment on the campus of the accepting institution of learning have been made, a statement from the institution to that effect must be attached or specified under "Conditions of Admission".)

5. I understand that the following conditions must be met by me if I am admitted into the United States:
 - a. No alien student admitted to the United States temporarily may be employed for a wage or salary or engage in business while in the United States unless it is necessary for him to do so to defray part of his living expenses, and then only if permission to do so has been granted by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. If arrangements for part-time employment have been made with the accepting institution of learning as indicated in the answer to question 4 above, permission to accept employment may be granted at the time of the student's admission into the United States.
 - b. All alien students admitted temporarily are permitted to remain in the United States only for the period fixed at the time of admission, unless they apply to the nearest office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service on Form I-539 thirty days prior to the expiration of the period of admission authorized, and obtain an extension of their stay.
 - c. All aliens in the United States on the first day of January of each year must submit a written notice of their address to the Immigration and Naturalization Service by the thirty-first day of January. In addition, a notice must be sent within 10 days after each change of address. Regardless of whether they move, all alien students temporarily in the United States are required to file a written notice of their address every three months. Printed forms obtainable at any United States immigration office or post office should be used in making the annual address report, the change of address report, and the three-month address report.
 - d. At the time an alien student departs from the United States, his temporary entry permit (Form 257a or I-94 C) is to be surrendered to a representative of the steamship or airline if he leaves via seaport or airport; to a Canadian immigration officer, if he leaves across the Canadian border; or to a United States immigration officer, if he leaves across the Mexican border. An alien student who departs temporarily from the United States during the period of his authorized stay in this country is required to be in possession of a valid student's visa when applying for readmission to the United States.
 - e. An alien student admitted temporarily is admitted only for the purpose of pursuing a full course of studies at a specified school, college, or other educational institution. If, after being admitted, such student desires to transfer to another school, college, or educational institution other than that specified at the time of his admission, the student must make a written application in advance to the United States immigration office having jurisdiction over the place where the student resides, for permission to make such a transfer.
 - f. Whenever employment for practical training is required or recommended by the institution or place of study attended by the applicant, the district director or the officer in charge may permit employment of the alien for a six-month period subject to extension for not over two additional six-month periods, but any such extensions shall be granted only upon certification by the school and the training agency that the practical training cannot be completed in a shorter period of time.
6. If an alien student in the United States has any questions concerning his immigration status, he should not hesitate to call or write to the nearest immigration office. That office will be pleased to help the student.

(Signature of Applicant)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 19____,

at _____
Title

To be sworn to before the American Consular Officer to whom the visa application is made.)

CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

Place: _____

Date: _____

This is to certify that _____ *Instr Adv. Study*
(Name of school or institution)

has accepted for attendance in a full course of study the person described below: (If already in attendance, indicate courses being taken or which have been completed in the preceding year.)

Name: _____, Age _____

Country of citizenship: _____

Describe course of study: _____

*Sec 125.16 Code of Fed
Regs amended*

*Instr. in Nat. Svce
May 25, 1949*

*retained U.S. Dept of
Justice*

D-314.6.89

The above-named school or institution was approved by the Attorney General for the attendance of nonimmigrant students by the *W. S. Dept of Labor*, Immigration and Naturalization Service at *Washington, D.C.* on *Oct 25, 1933*, file number *3380-VS*

I hereby certify that this approval has not been revoked or canceled.

The above-named school or institution is under the jurisdiction of the _____ which was approved as shown above.
(Name of approved school district)

The above-named school or institution agrees that it will:

(1) Immediately upon the admission of a nonimmigrant student to such institution file with the District Director, Immigration and Naturalization Service, of the district in which this institution is located, a report in writing stating the name, age, and local address of such student; the name and complete address of a friend, or relative of such student in the United States; the date when such student was admitted, and the course of study pursued by him.

(2) Forthwith, upon the termination of the attendance of a nonimmigrant student, file with the District Director of the district in which this institution is located a report in writing, stating the date when, and the reasons why, such attendance was terminated, the whereabouts of the alien, if that information is available, and the date, ship, and port of proposed departure if the alien is about to leave the country.

(Signature of registrar or other authorized official)

(Title)

This form must be presented by the prospective student to the American Consular Officer at the time of visa application. It must again be presented to the United States Immigration Officer at the time of application for admission. If the student desires to depart from and return to the United States during the period of the validity of his visa or desires to secure an extension of his temporary admission, or desires to transfer to another school, he must present a new current copy of this form to the United States Immigration Service.

STATEMENT TO BE SIGNED BY APPLICANTS FOR NONIMMIGRANT STUDENT VISAS AND/OR ADMISSION AS
NONIMMIGRANT STUDENTS UNDER SECTION 101(a)(15)(F) OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT

This Certificate of Acceptance shows that I _____ have been
(Name of applicant - please print)

accepted by an institution of learning approved by the Attorney General for the attendance of foreign students. As an applicant for a nonimmigrant student visa and for admission into the United States as a student I declare that:

1. I seek to enter the United States temporarily and solely for the purpose of pursuing a full course of study in the institution or recognized place of study which has accepted me as a student.
2. I will carry a full course of study of the scope and nature required by that institution.
3. Check one:

- I have sufficient scholastic preparation and knowledge of the English language to enable me to undertake my intended course.
- My knowledge of the English language is inadequate, but the institution of learning accepting me is equipped to offer, and has accepted me expressly for, a full program of study in the _____ language with which I am sufficiently familiar to enable me to pursue a full program of study. (A statement to the foregoing effect from the accepting institution must be attached).
- The institution of learning furnishing this Certificate has accepted me for a full course of study in English. (A statement to this effect from the accepting institution must be attached).
- Special arrangements have been made by the accepting institution for tutoring me in English. (A statement outlining the arrangements made issued by the accepting institution must be attached).

4. I will be financially able to pursue a full course of study in the United States. State source of support: _____

(Documentary evidence of means of support must be submitted to the American consular officer to whom the visa application is made. If arrangements for part-time employment on the campus of the accepting institution of learning have been made, a statement to that effect issued by the institution must be attached).

5. I understand that the following conditions must be met by alien students who are admitted into the United States:
 - a. No alien student admitted to the United States temporarily may be employed for a wage or salary or engage in business while in the United States unless it is necessary for him to do so to defray part of his living expenses, and then only if permission to do so has been granted by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. If arrangements for part-time employment have been made with the accepting institution of learning as indicated in the answer to question 4 above, permission to accept employment will be granted at the time of the student's admission into the United States.
 - b. All alien students admitted temporarily are permitted to remain in the United States only for the period fixed at the time of their admission, unless they apply to the nearest office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service on Form I-539 thirty days prior to the expiration of the period of admission authorized, and obtain an extension of their stay.
 - c. All aliens in the United States on the first day of January of each year must send a written notice of their address to the national headquarters of the Immigration and Naturalization Service by the thirty-first day of January. In addition, such a notice must be sent within 10 days after each change of address. Regardless of whether they move, all alien students temporarily in the United States are required to file a written notice of their address every three months. A printed post card notice form obtainable at any United States immigration office or post office should be used in making the address report.
 - d. At the time an alien student departs from the United States, his temporary entry permit (Form 257 a or I-94 C) is to be surrendered to a representative of the steamship or airline if he leaves via seaport or airport; to a Canadian immigration officer, if he leaves across the Canadian border; or to a United States immigration officer, if he leaves across the Mexican border. An alien student who departs temporarily from the United States during the period of his authorized stay in this country is required to be in possession of a valid student's visa when applying for readmission to the United States.
 - e. An alien student admitted temporarily is only admitted for the purpose of pursuing a full course of studies at a specified school, college, or other educational institution. If, after being admitted, such student desires to transfer to another school, college, or educational institution other than that specified at the time of his admission, the student must make a written application in advance to the United States Immigration office having jurisdiction over the place where the student resides, for permission to make such a transfer.
 - f. Whenever employment for practical training is required or recommended by the institution or place of study attended by the applicant, the district director or the officer in charge may permit employment of the alien for a six-month period subject to extension for not over two additional six-month periods, but any such extensions shall be granted only upon certification by the school and the training agency that the practical training cannot be completed in a shorter period of time.
6. If an alien student in the United States has any questions concerning his immigration status, he should not hesitate to call or write to the nearest immigration office. That office will be pleased to help the student.

(Signature of Applicant)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 19____

Title

at _____

(To be sworn to before the American consular officer to whom the visa application is made.)

CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

Place: _____

Date: _____

This is to certify that _____ Instr Adv. Study _____
(Name of school or institution)

has accepted for attendance in a full course of study the person described below: (If already in attendance, indicate courses being taken or which have been completed in the preceding year.)

Name: _____, Age _____

Country of citizenship: _____

Describe course of study: _____

*See 125.16 Code of Fed
Regs amended*

*Imm + Nat Svce
May 25, 1949
D-314.6.89*

*retained U.S. Dept of
State*

The above-named school or institution was approved by the Attorney General for the attendance of nonimmigrant students by the U.S. Dept of State, Immigration and Naturalization Service at Washington, D.C. on Oct 25, 1935, file number 3380-VS

I hereby certify that this approval has not been revoked or canceled.

The above-named school or institution is under the jurisdiction of the _____ which was approved as shown above.
(Name of approved school district)

The above-named school or institution agrees that it will:

(1) Immediately upon the admission of a nonimmigrant student to such institution file with the District Director, Immigration and Naturalization Service, of the district in which this institution is located, a report in writing stating the name, age, and local address of such student; the name and complete address of a friend, or relative of such student in the United States; the date when such student was admitted, and the course of study pursued by him.

(2) Forthwith, upon the termination of the attendance of a nonimmigrant student, file with the District Director of the district in which this institution is located a report in writing, stating the date when, and the reasons why, such attendance was terminated, the whereabouts of the alien, if that information is available, and the date, ship, and port of proposed departure if the alien is about to leave the country.

(Signature of registrar or other authorized official)

(Title)

This form must be presented by the prospective student to the American Consular Officer at the time of visa application. It must again be presented to the United States Immigration Officer at the time of application for admission. If the student desires to depart from and return to the United States during the period of the validity of his visa or desires to secure an extension of his temporary admission, or desires to transfer to another school, he must present a new current copy of this form to the United States Immigration Service.

April 20, 1949

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

Thank you for your letter of April 1, 1949. In this letter you called to our attention that in the past the Institute for Advanced Study has received the approval of the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. You advise us that Section 125.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations fixing qualifications for such approval has been amended; you enquire whether, according to the present code, we fulfill the requirements.

(1) I can certify that the Institute for Advanced Study has been established for more than "two years immediately preceding the filing of this petition"; I can certify that it is a "bona fide institution of learning;" I can certify that "in the field of higher education it possesses the necessary facilities and is otherwise qualified for the instruction of immigrant students."

(2) Although the charter of the Institute contemplated the possibility that it might award doctoral degrees, that is, the highest academic degrees, the Institute has not in fact done so. The characteristic feature of our work is that the studies conducted here are post doctoral. The possession of a Ph.D. or its equivalent is not an absolute requirement for admission to membership; it is, however, a general requirement and is fulfilled by more than ninety-five per cent of our members. The circumstances here outlined clearly mean that we do not "confer upon graduates recognized bachelor, master, doctor, or professional and divinity degrees".

(3) The other ground offered by § C.F.R. 125.16 would be that although we do not confer such degrees, our "academic credits are recognized by and transferable to an approved school, college, academy, seminary, or university which does confer such degrees." The overwhelming majority of the members of the Institute who are United States nationals are professors or instructors in schools which will qualify for the Attorney General's certification and which do give, among others, doctoral degrees. The overwhelming majority of our foreign members are likewise engaged in instruction in recognized institutions of learning which do grant the doctor's degree. I am certain that it would be easy to obtain assurances from such institutions, say from Princeton or Harvard, to the effect that members of their academic staff have attended the Institute and have there

Mr. Zimmerman

-2-

April 20, 1949

engaged in studies on a post doctoral level effectively and profitably from the point of view of university research and instruction. I am not certain whether such assurance, supplementing my own, will or will not constitute evidence that "our academic credits are recognized by and transferable to an approved school."

It is my hope that the certification given above, with, if necessary the further assurances I have mentioned, will suffice to qualify the Institute for approval by the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. It is further my hope that should there be other information which might be useful to you in this connection, and which might assure a favorable outcome, you will communicate with me. A very considerable fraction of our members, perhaps forty or fifty per cent, come from abroad. The preservation of this international character is deemed by the Faculty and the Trustees of the Institute to be essential. We should like to do whatever is necessary in order not to encounter undue obstacles in pursuing this course.

Yours sincerely,

Robert Oppenheimer
Director

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U.S. Department of Justice
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

7 - Immigration - Institute

COPY

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
Franklin Trust Building
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

July 3, 1946

Please address reply to

and refer to this file No.
56182/61
E and RAU

Mr. Frank Aydelotte, Director
The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

My dear Mr. Aydelotte:

This acknowledges the receipt of your letter of June 10, 1946, in which you inquire whether the Institute for Advanced Study is on the list of educational institutions approved by the Attorney General.

The records of this Service show that the Institute for Advanced Study was approved as a school for immigrant students under Section 4(e) of the Immigration Act of 1924 on October 21, 1933.

In regard to your request for a copy of the list of approved institutions, you are informed that this Service does not have available for distribution such a list.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) JOSEPH SAVORETTI

Joseph Savoretti
Assistant Commissioner

*This must be what they threaten to revoke
I do not see that it is useful here.
JB*

September 8, 1949

Memorandum to: Miss Blake
Mrs. Harts
Miss Horton
Miss Melton
Mrs. France

From: Mrs. Leary

In compliance with the regulations of the Immigration Service, the Director's Office must send to the Service arrival and departure data on all foreign members who are in the United States on students' b(e) visas.

When you have the information asked for on the attached sheets for any arriving or departing members who are in the above category, please send it to us in duplicate.

Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Date _____

District Director
Immigration & Naturalization Service
Pennsylvania Building
42 South 15th Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Sir:

Re: _____

In compliance with the regulations of Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Section 125.17, I send you herewith the information requested on the above-named individual who has arrived at the Institute for Advanced Study.

Date and place of birth _____

Princeton address _____

Name and address of friend or relative in the United States: _____

Date of arrival at the Institute _____

The above-named individual is engaged in full-time, advanced research in our School of _____

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Date _____

District Director
Immigration & Naturalization Service
Pennsylvania Building
42 South 15th Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Sir:

Re: _____

In compliance with the regulations of Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Section 125.17, I send you herewith the information requested on the above-named individual who has departed from the Institute for Advanced Study.

Date departed from the Institute _____

Leaving U.S. port of _____ on _____

Via _____ returning to _____

The above-named individual has been doing advanced research in our School of _____ and has terminated his attendance at the Institute inasmuch as his researches here have been completed.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

Follow copy

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

April 29, 1949

Memorandum to:

Miss Blake
Miss Horton
Miss Walton

From: Mrs. Leary

In compliance with the regulations of the Immigration Service, the Director's Office must send to the Service arrival and departure data on all foreign members who are in the United States on students' h(e) visas.

When you have the following information on any departing members who fall in this category, will you please send it to me:

Date of departure from Institute _____
leaving U. S. port of _____ on _____
Via _____ returning to _____

VISA INFORMATION:

For visa information check Federal Register -- suggested by Prof. Morse.

3rd class letter - odds
Form 2006 (Rev. Dec. 1944)

Receipt for Registered Article No. 11189

Registered at the Post Office indicated in the Postmark

Fee paid 25 cents Class postage 1

Declared value _____ Surcharge paid, \$ _____

Return Receipt fee 5 Spl. Del'y fee 15

Delivery restricted to addressee:

in person _____, or order _____ Fee paid _____

Accepting employee will place his initials in space indicating restricted delivery.

POSTMASTER, per HR

(POSTMARK OF



MAILING OFFICE)

The sender should write the name of the addressee on back hereof as an identification. Preserve and submit this receipt in case of inquiry or application for indemnity.

Registry Fees and Indemnity.—Domestic registry fees range from 20 cents for indemnity not exceeding \$5, up to \$1.35 for indemnity not exceeding \$1,000. The fee on domestic registered matter without intrinsic value and for which indemnity is not paid is 20 cents. Consult postmaster as to the specific domestic registry fees and surcharges and as to the registry fees chargeable on registered parcel-post packages for foreign countries. Fees on domestic registered C. O. D. mail range from 40 cents to \$1.40. Indemnity claims must be filed within one year (C. O. D. six months) from date of mailing.

Memorandum

To Mrs. Leary

Date July 12/49

From G. Blake

Re 4(e) Visas - Immigration Service
notifications

S. Chang
Mrs. C.S.W.Chang's transfer to permanent status presumably removes her from the list for Immigration notifications

✓ You have been informed of Dr. Harish-Chandra's departure

✓ Dr. Fritz Rohrllich you probably know left the Institute June ⁵⁻¹⁹10/49 for California, and for 1949-50 will be a Research Associate in the Cornell Laboratory for Nuclear Studies

The only 4(e)'s in the School of Math. now remaining are

Dr. Kuiper who will return to Holland later this month

Dr. Rådström who hopes to stay here

Miss Mor~~y~~ette who will be here next year, though perhaps her journey to Brazil requires notification. Of that I have no information except dates and address in Rio:

S. Chang
"Aug.1-Sept.10 - Centro Brasileiro de Psequizas Fisicas
Rua Pedro Lassa 35, 12 Andar
Sala 1207
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil"

April 29, 1949

Mr. Henry L. Malle
Acting District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Malle:

I am sending directly to you the enclosed letter from President Dodds of Princeton University for Mr. Zimmerman. Will you please add this to the file on the Institute.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

May 2, 1949

Dear Jim:

Thank you for writing that cordial and effective letter to the Department of Justice. We hope very much that the increasing difficulties of bringing foreigners here will not be too much complicated by a change in our status; and I appreciate your willingness to help and the good words that you wrote.

With every warm good wish,

Robert Oppenheimer

James B. Conant, President
Harvard University
Cambridge, Mass.

C
O
P
Y

LETTERHEAD OF

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
Princeton, New Jersey

President's Room

April 29th, 1949

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

It has been brought to my attention by the Director that the Institute for Advanced Study desires to qualify for approval by the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. I hope that this approval will be granted.

The Institute for Advanced Study is, as you know, located in Princeton. Its members, both those from the United States and those from abroad, are engaged in post doctoral research and study. Members of the Princeton faculty have at one time or another been members of the Institute. I am glad to certify that the nature and quality of their work compare favorably with that which they do within our University or any other in the world, and has proved most helpful to them as members of our staff.

We normally grant to members of the Institute full privilege to attend the classes and seminars at the University. It has been a usual practice for the scholars of the two institutions to hold common seminars for mutual benefit.

There is no doubt at all that the quality of the academic work at the Institute for Advanced Study and the facilities there offered for such study fully justify its inclusion by the Attorney General on the list of schools approved for the attendance of immigrant students.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) Harold Dodds

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman,
District Director,
Immigration & Naturalization Service,
U.S. Department of Justice,
42 S. 15th Street,
Philadelphia 2, Penna.

April 28, 1949

Mr. Henry L. Mulle
Acting District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Mulle:

I am sending directly to you the enclosed letter from President Conant of Harvard addressed to Mr. Zimmerman. I thought that you would wish to bring it to his attention and to include it in the Institute file as part of our certification by the Attorney General.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

C
O
P
Y

LETTERHEAD OF
HARVARD UNIVERSITY
CAMBRIDGE 38, MASSACHUSETTS

Office of the President

April 27, 1949

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman, District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U.S. Department of Justice
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

I have been asked by Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer of the Institute for Advanced Study to write you. I understand that you are interested in obtaining evidence as to the standing of the Institute at Princeton. I am very glad to testify as to its high standing and the nature of its work.

A number of professors on our staff here at Harvard have spent profitable time at the Institute in the past ten years carrying on their own research and other scholarly work. While there they have profited from the atmosphere for advanced study for which the Institute is famous. I am sure I do not have to tell you that the calibre of the staff is one of very high distinction. We at Harvard cast envious eyes on the group which is there assembled, and on more than one occasion have tried in vain to persuade a member to transfer from the Institute for Advanced Study to Harvard University.

The work which is carried on there with a small group of advanced students is at the post-doctoral level. It would seem to me that in all matters concerned with the application of the Federal Regulations to students, the Institute for Advanced Study should be treated exactly like a university of high standing.

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) James B. Conant

April 25, 1949

Dear Miss Bonn:

Following our telephone conversation of this morning, I am enclosing Dr. Oppenheimer's letter to the District Director of Immigration. This is the form of certification that was requested ~~of~~ the Institute in order that it should be approved as an institution for immigrant students.

I have pencilled off the section relating to the assurances which Dr. Oppenheimer hopes to have from other institutions. Since the Immigration Service has indicated that such certification from Harvard would be very helpful, we would appreciate it very much if President Conant finds it possible to address a letter to Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman, the District Director in Philadelphia. Should he do so, it would be best to mail the letter to me so that I can forward it to the person directly in charge of this problem.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

Miss Dorothy Bonn
Secretary to President Conant
Harvard University
Cambridge, Massachusetts

Enclosure

D R A F T

4/27/49

(for President Dodds)

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

It has been brought to my attention by the Director that the Institute for Advanced Study desires to qualify for approval by the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. I hope that this approval will be granted.

The Institute for Advanced Study is, as you know, located in Princeton. Its members, both those from the United States and those from abroad, are engaged in post doctoral research and study. Many members of the Princeton faculty have at one time or another been members of the Institute; I am glad to certify that the nature and quality of their work compares favorably with that which they do within the University and has proved most helpful to them as members of our staff.

We normally grant to members of the Institute full privilege to attend the classes and seminars at the University. It has been a usual practice for the scholars of the two institutions to hold common seminars for mutual benefit.

There seems to me no doubt at all that the quality of the academic work at the Institute for Advanced Study and the facilities there offered for such study fully justify its inclusion by the Attorney General on the list of schools approved for the attendance of immigrant students.

Yours sincerely,

Mr. Karl E. Zimmerman
District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

April 21, 1949

Mr. Henry L. Mülle
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Mülle:

I am enclosing a copy of a letter Dr. Oppenheimer has just sent to Mr. Zimmerman concerning the approval of the Institute for immigrant students. He asked me to send it to you in case the original is delayed in reaching you.

Dr. Oppenheimer thought it better to send his certification to your office so that after you have seen it we could have your advice on whether the further certifications would be helpful. So, if you do not mind, I shall telephone you again.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)

Enclosure

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

April 20, 1949

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

Thank you for your letter of April 1, 1949. In this letter you called to our attention that in the past the Institute for Advanced Study has received the approval of the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. You advise us that Section 125.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations fixing qualifications for such approval has been amended; you enquire whether, according to the present code, we fulfill the requirements.

(1) I can certify that the Institute for Advanced Study has been established for more than "two years immediately preceding the filing of this petition"; I can certify that it is a "bona fide institution of learning;" I can certify that "in the field of higher education it possesses the necessary facilities and is otherwise qualified for the instruction of immigrant students."

(2) Although the charter of the Institute contemplated the possibility that it might award doctoral degrees, that is, the highest academic degrees, the Institute has not in fact done so. The characteristic feature of our work is that the studies conducted here are post doctoral. The possession of a Ph.D. or its equivalent is not an absolute requirement for admission to membership; it is, however, a general requirement and is fulfilled by more than ninety-five per cent of our members. The circumstances here outlined clearly mean that we do not "confer upon graduates recognized bachelor, master, doctor, or professional and divinity degrees".

(3) The other ground offered by § C.F.R. 125.16 would be that although we do not confer such degrees, our "academic credits are recognized by and transferable to an approved school, college, academy, seminary, or university which does nonfer such degrees." The overwhelming majority of the members of the Institute who are United States nationals are professors or instructors in schools which will qualify for the Attorney General's certification and which do give, among others, doctoral degrees. The overwhelming majority of our foreign members are likewise engaged in instruction in recognized institutions of learning which do grant the doctor's degree. I am certain that it would be easy to obtain assurances from such institutions, say from Princeton or Harvard, to the effect that members of their academic staff have attended the Institute and have there

Mr. Zimmerman

-2-

April 20, 1949

engaged in studies on a post doctoral level effectively and profitably from the point of view of university research and instruction. I am not certain whether such assurance, supplementing my own, will or will not constitute evidence that "our academic credits are recognized by and transferable to an approved school."

It is my hope that the certification given above, with, if necessary the further assurances I have mentioned, will suffice to qualify the Institute for approval by the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. It is further my hope that should there be other information which might be useful to you in this connection, and which might assure a favorable outcome, you will communicate with me. A very considerable fraction of our members, perhaps forty or fifty per cent, come from abroad. The preservation of this international character is deemed by the Faculty and the Trustees of the Institute to be essential. We should like to do whatever is necessary in order not to encounter undue obstacles in pursuing this course.

Yours sincerely,

Robert Oppenheimer
Director

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U.S. Department of Justice
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

4/19/49

Dr. Oppenheimer:

Mr. Mulle telephoned me 4/18 re certification of Institute as approved institution for immigrant students under new amended regulation to Federal Code.

The certification is to be sent to the Philadelphia office, then forwarded to Washington. Mr. Mulle, the Ass't. Director of District Office, will watch for our letters and add explanation to file of why we differ from usual institutions approved. He said he felt it was essential we get renewed approval; I do not know how much weight that carries in final action.

His suggestion is that you write general letter about purpose of Institute, stressing any factor that comes close to requirements, as:

1. Our by-laws authorize conferring of degrees - mention whether this means Ph.D. (He asked whether our by-laws meant any other degrees than usual ones.)
2. "Academic credits" - or their equivalent, in our case - recognized and transferable to an approved school.

He suggests two or three letters from universities certifying that students of the Institute who would wish to transfer to those universities will be eligible for full recognition at them.

Suggests mention might be made of those here who do not have Ph.D. and can get one on basis of work here.

EWL

April 12, 1949

Mr. Henry L. Mulle
Immigration and Naturalization Service
United States Department of Justice
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Mulle:

We have received the District Director's letter of April 1st concerning the January 31, 1949 amendment of Section 125.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations. We understand that to obtain the renewal of the Attorney General's approval of the Institute as a school qualified for the attendance of immigrant students it is necessary to furnish evidence that the Institute is so qualified under the amended regulation. Our records show that approval was originally granted the Institute in a letter dated October 25, 1933, addressed to the then Director, Dr. Abraham Flexner, by J. H. Wagner for the Commissioner General of Immigration, U. S. Department of Labor, Washington.

Since I have discussed with you some of the Institute's problems, I am writing directly to you for advice on how to proceed. As you know, a large fraction of our scholars come to us from abroad; their work is entirely in the field of higher education. The Institute, under its by-laws, can confer degrees; it has not done so since, in the majority of cases, the work done by the students has continued to be on the post doctoral level and the highest academic degree is the normal requirement for admission.

Dr. Oppenheimer, the Director, is most eager to furnish the necessary certification. It would, however, be helpful to know what would be the best form in which this should be submitted. Since many of our members go on to other institutions which do confer degrees, would certification of this from the President of Princeton University, or Harvard or Columbia, or from the Dean of the Graduate School at Princeton, be appropriate? I would be glad to come to your office to talk this over if you feel it would be best. In any event, I hope to hear from you soon so that the proper steps can be taken immediately.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

File - Immigration & Naturalization
April 20, 1949

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

Thank you for your letter of April 1, 1949. In this letter you called to our attention that in the past the Institute for Advanced Study has received the approval of the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. You advise us that Section 125.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations fixing qualifications for such approval has been amended; you enquire whether, according to the present code, we fulfill the requirements.

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(2) Although the charter of the Institute contemplated the possibility that it might award doctoral degrees, that is, the highest academic degrees, the Institute has not in fact done so. The characteristic feature of our work is that the studies conducted here are post doctoral. The possession of a Ph.D. or its equivalent is not an absolute requirement for admission to membership; it is, however, a general requirement and is fulfilled by more than ninety-five per cent of our members. The circumstances here outlined clearly mean that we do not "confer upon graduates recognized bachelor, master, doctor, or professional and divinity degrees!"

(3) The other ground offered by 8 C.F.R. 125.16 would be that although we do not confer such degrees, our "academic credits are recognized by and transferable to an approved school, college, academy, seminary, or university which does confer such degrees." The overwhelming majority of the members of the Institute who are United States nationals are professors or instructors in schools which will qualify for the Attorney General's certification and which do give, among others, doctoral degrees. The overwhelming majority of our foreign members are likewise engaged in instruction in recognized institutions of learning which do grant the doctor's degree. I am certain that it would be easy to obtain assurances from such institutions, say from Princeton or Harvard, to the effect that members of their academic staff have attended the Institute and have there

Mr. Zimmerman

- 2 -

April 20, 1949

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It is my hope that the certification given above, with, if necessary the further assurances I have mentioned, will suffice to qualify the Institute for approval by the Attorney General as a school for the attendance of immigrant students. It is further my hope that should there be other information which might be useful to you in this connection, and which might assure a favorable outcome, you will communicate with me. A very considerable fraction of our members, perhaps forty or fifty per cent, come from abroad. The preservation of this international character is deemed by the Faculty and the Trustees of the Institute to be essential. We should like to do whatever is necessary in order not to encounter undue obstacles in pursuing this course.

Yours sincerely,

Robert Oppenheimer
Director

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
42 South Fifteenth Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

I & N

March 9, 1949

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director
Immigration & Naturalization Service
Pennsylvania Building
42 South 15th Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

I am returning the recent forms, I-124, for Erdos, Straus, and Min. These three alien students are no longer at the Institute for Advanced Study.

The following are the dates on which they left the
Institute:

Erdos - at the end of the academic year 1939-40.
Straus - August 12, 1948
Min - July 21, 1948

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

February 25, 1949

Mr. Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director
Immigration & Naturalization Service
Pennsylvania Building
42 South 15th Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

I would appreciate it very much if some one in your office could send me instructions about the pre-examination conditions necessary for a change of visa. I very often have requests from people interested in getting a permanent visa, and I do not have accurate or complete information on the subject.

I should also like to know where I should write to get the latest information on immigration and naturalization laws. I have "Immigration and Nationality Laws and Regulations" as of March 1, 1944. Does the Superintendent of Documents, in Washington, issue up-to-date supplements to this volume? If there are any other publications that would be helpful for coming immigration information, I would very much like to know about them.

Thank you very much for your attention to these requests, and for your past courtesies.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs. John D. Leary)
Aide to the Director

*Information rec'd.
In visa information file
EWR*

Handwritten notes:
A 7
2-7
Immigration + 910
Sec

June 16, 1948

Dear Mr. Malle:

Mrs. Leary mentioned her telephone conversation with you of today and the fact that you would appreciate having information about the Institute for Advanced Study. I am enclosing copies of Bulletin No. 1, describing the organization and purpose of this institution, and our latest bulletin, No. 12. These are a little out of date, and we have not as yet prepared an up-to-date bulletin on policy, organization members, faculty members, etc., but this may be of some help to you.

Yours sincerely,

Katherine Russell,
Director's office

Mr. Henry L. Malle
Acting District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
42 S. 15th St.
Philadelphia 2, Pa.

November 19, 1947

SA
(SA)
Immigration

District Director
Immigration & Naturalization Service
Pennsylvania Building
42 South 15th St.
Philadelphia 2, Pa.

Dear Sir:

I enclose notices of arrivals of various members
of the Institute for Advanced Study. These reports have
been delayed due to the pressure of work in our office,
but we shall see that future reports arrive in your office
according to regulations, within two weeks after date of
arrival.

Yours sincerely,

Katherine Russell,
Secretary to the Director

Transmittal
✓
10-15-47
Max

September 15, 1947

Superintendent of Documents
U. S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Attached is a check for \$3.65 for which
please send me one copy of the following documents:

Catalog No. J21.5: 944
Catalog No. J21.5:944/suppl. 1
Catalog No. J21.5:944/supp. 2
Catalog No. 79-2: S.doc.207

I should appreciate having these publica-
tions mailed to the attention of the writer.

Yours sincerely,

Katherine Russell,
Secretary

INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

REQUISITION FOR PAYMENT

Date September 15, 1947

Pay to Superintendent of Documents

Address U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

Approved by (Signature) Amount \$3.65

To be charged to General Administration

In payment of (Itemize)

**1 copy each Immigration and Nationality laws and regulations
Supplement 1
Supplement 2
Nationality Act of 1940 with amendments**

To be filled in by accounting department.

Charge Date Check No. Ext. ckd.

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

Founded by Mr. Louis Bamberger and Mrs. Felix Fuld

PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

August 30, 1947

Superintendent of Documents
U. S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I would appreciate receiving from your office a copy of U. S. Immigration & Naturalization Laws, and Regulations Made Thereunder, published by the Federal Register. I should also like to obtain a copy of Title 8 of U. S. Code Annotated.

Will you send and bill me accordingly for the two former publications, as well as the latter. I should appreciate learning from you where either of the three can be obtained if you do not have them available in your office.

Yours sincerely,

Katherine Russell

Katherine Russell
Secretary to the Director

*Not available from
this office in
separate form.
Annotated Code
published by
West Publishing
Co. St Paul, Minn*

DL 67

[Handwritten mark]

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

~~ROOM 306 NEW CUSTOM HOUSE~~
~~SECOND AND CHESTNUT STREETS~~
~~PHILADELPHIA 6, PA.~~
PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING
42 SOUTH 15TH STREET
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

MF - 1200/Gen.
PLEASE REFER TO THIS FILE NUMBER
December 16, 1946

The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Attention: Jane S. Richardson, Secretary to the Director

Gentlemen:

There are enclosed forms AR-11, "Address Record Card", as requested in your letter of December 10, 1946.

Very truly yours,

Karl I. Zimmerman
District Director

By: *Marie L. DeVlieger*
Marie L. DeVlieger, Acting Chief
Mail, Files, Records & Information Section

enc.



7 - Immigration &
Naturalization

June 14, 1946

MEMORANDUM

TO: Miss Blake
Miss Wisp
Mrs. Barts
Mrs. Lichten
Mrs. Sauncey
Dr. Swann

In compliance with federal regulations, the Director's Office must report to the Immigration and Naturalization Service the arrival and departure of every foreign student in the Institute. For this reason and also to facilitate the preparation of the Staff and Members List and the Who's Who, I should appreciate it if you would have each Institute member fill out two copies of the attached form as soon as possible after arrival and be responsible for sending the duplicate to the Director's Office.

Jane B. Richardson
Secretary to the Director

INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
Princeton, New Jersey

School of

Full name:

Princeton address:

Permanent address:

Date and place of birth:

Citizenship:

If foreign, under what kind of visa did you enter the United States?

Visa No:

Place and date of issue:

Expiration date of visa:

Date and port of entry to United States:

Name of ship:

Name of airline:

Expiration date of entry permit:

Name and address of person, outside of Princeton, to be notified in case of emergency:

Project or field of work at Institute:

Academic degrees: (Give name of college or university and year conferred)

Fellowships: (Give full name, dates and place of study)

All positions held: (Please give dates and state if on leave of absence)

Honors and Societies:

Publications: (Please give title and reference in full, with Vol. No., year and page numbers. Use other side of sheet.)

(Please fill out in duplicate and send copy to Director's Office.)

November 17, 1942

Mr. E. E. Salisbury
Chief, Certification Branch
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

My dear Mr. Salisbury:

In addition to Dr. Arthur H. Stone, about whom you made special inquiry and on whom I have reported in the accompanying letter, I wish to report the following members of the Institute for Advanced Study as here on nonquota immigrant student visas:

Dr. Kei Won Chung (Ki Won Chang); entered this country at San Francisco, December 15, 1930 (see our letter of November 28, 1940, and your reply of February 14, 1941.)

Dr. Shuichi Kusaka, who has been a resident of Canada since 1920, has been studying in the United States since 1937 (Univ. of California from 1937 to 1942), and last entered the United States on August 19, 1941, at Blaine, Washington. Dr. Kusaka made application in May, 1942, for an extension of stay in this country, but no action has yet been taken.

Yours sincerely,

MARIE C. EICHELSEER

Assistant Secretary

M. C. E. note

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

September 12, 1941

ADDRESS REPLY TO SPECIAL ASSISTANT
TO ATTORNEY GENERAL IN CHARGE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

St.
THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED
STUDY
Princeton, N. J.

Miss Esther S. Bailey, Secretary
The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Madam:

Reference is made to your letter dated February 27, 1941 regarding foreign students Felix Adler, Stefan Th. Possony, and Erich Roll enrolled in your school, and supplemental letter dated March 20, 1941 reporting that Paul Frankl received an immigration quota visa on March 11, 1941.

You are advised that since from information furnished this office in your letters under acknowledgment it appears aliens named entered the United States other than as nonquota immigrant students under Section 4(e) of the Immigration Law of 1924, their names need not be included in future reports concerning such students in attendance.

Sincerely yours,

Lemuel B. Schofield
Special Assistant to the Attorney General

By

E. E. Salisbury
Chief, Certifications Branch

March 20, 1941

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Supplementing my letter of February 17, 1941, regarding foreign members enrolled for the second term of 1940-1941 in the Institute for Advanced Study, I desire to report that Paul Frankl received on March 11, 1941, an immigration visa, Quota Number 2489 (Czechoslovakia). He entered the United States on March 18, 1941, from Cuba via S.S. Oriente.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

ESB

Secretary

February 27, 1941

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding
foreign members enrolled in the Institute for Advanced
Study since my letter to you under date of February 17,
1941:

Felix Adler, Swiss
Temporary visitor's visa No. 111 issued at
Marseilles, August 12, 1940
Admitted to New York City, October 26, 1940, via Jersey City
for six months, entry permit expiring April 26, 1941

Stefan Th. Possony, born in Vienna, Austria
Quota immigration visa No. 7958, dated May 27, 1940,
issued at Paris, France
Entered United States on August 11, 1940, at Hoboken, N. J.

Erich Roll, British
Non-quota immigration (4 d) visa No. 83 issued at
Monterey, Mexico, January 6, 1941
Entered United States at Laredo, Texas, January 11, 1941

The person designated as a reference is Dr. Frank Agislotte,
the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY
Secretary

ESB

February 17, 1941

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign members enrolled in the Institute for Advanced Study for the second term of 1940-1941, who were not reported in my letter of October 4, 1940:

Kei Won Chung (Chong Ki Won), Korean
Non-quota immigration visa #11 issued at Seoul, Korea,
November 19, 1930
Entered United States in 1930

Paul Frankl, German
Entered United States October 2, 1938
After a serious illness Dr. Frankl has recovered sufficiently to come into residence, but because of his illness he has not completed arrangements for the extension of his visitor's visa

In my letter of October 4, 1940, Dr. Alfred Hermann Friedrich Vagts was reported as a foreign student. Dr. Vagts became an American citizen on February 5, 1941, citizenship granted by the Superior Court, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

JUSTICE
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ///
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

St.

November 7, 1940

Miss Esther S. Bailey, Secretary
Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Madam:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of October 4, 1940 concerning aliens in attendance at the Institute for Advanced Study.

You are informed no record is found of any of the aliens named as having been admitted to the United States as nonquota immigrant students under Section 4(e) of the Immigration Act of 1924. Reports concerning their school attendance will not, therefore, be required by this Service.

Sincerely yours,

Henry M. Hart, Jr.
Special Assistant to the Attorney General
In Charge pro tem
Immigration and Naturalization Service

By

E. B. Salisbury
Chief, Certifications Branch.

October 4, 1940

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign members enrolled in
the Institute for Advanced Study for 1940-1941:

Etienne Roland Demery, French
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2921, issued at
Montreal, August 19, 1940

Charles de Tolnay, Hungarian
Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 267, issued
at Paris, France, June 6, 1939
Declaration of intention No. 2-691524, Trenton, N. J.
Entered at New York City, September 9, 1939

Felix Gilbert, German
Immigration Visa No. 159 issued at London, England,
July 24, 1936
Entered at New York City on August 30, 1936
Has taken out American first papers

Shizuo Kakutani, Japanese
Non-Immigrant Visa No. 29 (Section 3 (2)), issued at
Osaka, Japan, Service No. 1219 on July 30, 1940
Entered at New York City, September 2, 1940
Entry permit expires Sept. 2, 1941

Albert T. Lauterbach (born Austrian, no citizenship)
Immigration Visa No. 2303, issued at London, Oct. 1, 1938
Entered at New York City October 8, 1938
First American papers taken out December, 1938

Honorable J. H. Wagner

October 4, 1940

2

Allen S. Hoey, Australian - British citizen

Quota (Australian) Immigration Visa (1st Pref.) No. 50, issued at Windsor, Ontario, Canada, January 10, 1940

Entered United States at Detroit, Michigan, January 10, 1940

Gordon Fall, Canadian

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 3094, issued at Montreal July 31, 1940, for one year

Entered at Rouses Point, N. Y., September 20, 1940

Entry permit expires September 20, 1941

Anton Raubitschek, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 19387, issued at Vienna, Germany, June 22, 1938

Entered United States at New York City on September 24, 1938

Has taken out first American papers

Herbert Fritz Bernhard Heinrich Rosinski, German

Visitors Non-Immigrant Visa No. 4885, issued at London, June 28, 1940, and expires January 10, 1941

Entered United States on July 10, 1940, at New York City

Paul Maximilian Tedesco, German

Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 82, issued at Vienna, Germany, October 1, 1938

Entered at New York City, October 21, 1938

Has taken out first American papers

Alfred Hermann Friedrich Vagts, German

Immigration Visa No. 603, issued June 7, 1933

Admitted to United States, June 30, 1933

First American papers taken out at Winsted, Conn., Oct. 17, 1934

Toshinosuke Noto, no citizenship (born Japanese)

Non-Immigrant Visa No. 801 (under Section 3 (1)), issued May 2, 1940

Entered at San Francisco on June 16, 1940

Very truly yours,

ESB

Secretary

P.S. The person designated as a reference is

Dr. Frank Aydelotte, Director of the Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton, New Jersey

F.S.B.

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

(FOUNDED BY LOUIS BAMBERGER AND MRS. FELIX FULD, 1930)

PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

Director: ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Chairman
ALANSON B. HOUGHTON

Vice-Chairmen
HERBERT H. MAASS
WALTER W. STEWART

Treasurer
SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF

Assistant Treasurer
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ESTHER S. BAILEY

Assistant Secretaries
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EDGAR S. BAMBERGER
ALEXIS CARREL
ABRAHAM FLEXNER
JULIUS FRIEDENWALD
JOHN R. HARDIN
ALANSON B. HOUGHTON
SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF
HERBERT H. MAASS
WINFIELD W. RIEFLER
WALTER W. STEWART
PERCY S. STRAUS
OSWALD VEBLEN
LEWIS H. WEED

LIFE TRUSTEES
LOUIS BAMBERGER
MRS. FELIX FULD

October 20, 1939

Dear Miss Cutter:

It is now time for the Institute to send a statement to the U.S. Department of Labor regarding aliens enrolled this term. I assume that there is no change in the status of the following:

Anton Raubitschek, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 19387, issued at
Vienna, Germany, June 22, 1938

← Same.
(has first papers).

If Professor Broneer⁽¹⁾ is not an American citizen, may I have the visa data regarding him?

I am writing directly to the other members:
Messrs. de Tolnay, Hoey, and Tedesco.

Sincerely yours,

Esther S. Bailey

Miss Margot Cutter

ESB

①. Oscar Broneer, Swedish
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2568, issued at
Athens, Greece, May 15, 1939

(expects to receive first papers Dec 1939).

Post- June 22, 1939

N.Y.C.

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

(FOUNDED BY LOUIS BAMBERGER AND MRS. FELIX FULD, 1930)

PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

Director: ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Chairman
ALANSON B. HOUGHTON

Vice-Chairmen
HERBERT H. MAASS
WALTER W. STEWART

Treasurer
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LEAH HARRIS

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ABRAHAM FLEXNER
JULIUS FRIEDENWALD
JOHN R. HARDIN
ALANSON B. HOUGHTON
SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF
HERBERT H. MAASS
WINFIELD W. RIEFLER
WALTER W. STEWART
PERCY S. STRAUS
OSWALD VEBLEN
LEWIS H. WEED

LIFE TRUSTEES
LOUIS BAMBERGER
MRS. FELIX FULD

October 20, 1939

Dear Miss Wise:

It is now time for the Institute to send a statement to the Department of Labor regarding aliens enrolled this term. I assume that there is no change in the status of the following:

Hans Herz, German
Quota immigration visa No. 13822, issued at Zurich, Switzerland, May 6, 1938

J. Rumney, British
Immigrant Visa No. 668, Section 4 (d), issued at London, England, June 20, 1938; arrived New York City on August 28, 1938 *1st papers.*

Jul. 29 - Stanton

If Dr. Vagts is not an American citizen, may

I have the data regarding him?

Sincerely yours,

Esther S. Bailey

Miss Hattie M. Wise

ESB

FOREIGNERS IN SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS WHOSE IMMIGRATION STATUS HAS CHANGED
SINCE OCTOBER 31, 1940

Dr. Felix Adler whose Visitor's visa 1715, issued at Marseilles August 12, 1940, expired February 12, 1941, has applied for prolongation of visa and for examination at State Department for Immigration Visa.

Professor Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar entered U.S.A. at Boston, Mass., December 16, 1936, under Immigration Visa No. 285 (Sec. 4 d), issued London, Eng., November 13, 1936

Professor Shizuo Kakutani, whose entry permit expired September 2, 1941, applied for an extension and has received an acknowledgment of the application but no other action. (Non-immigrant visa (Sec. 3(2)) No. 29, issued July 30, 1940, at Osaka, Japan (Service No. 1219))

Mr. Gerhard K. Kalisch, entered United States at Detroit, Mich, July 5, 1938, on a German quota visa No. 3016, issued at Windsor, Canada, July 2, 1938

Dr. Hans Samelson entered U.S.A. at New York City June 3, 1941, with French Quota Visa 2108, issued January 24, 1941, at Zürich, Switzerland

Dr. Mario Schenberg - probably reported by Guggenheim Foundation

Mr. Arthur Harold Stone entered U.S.A. at Babb, Montana, September 3, 1940, under Student's Visa No. 83 (Sec.4(e)), issued Calgary, Alberta, Canada, August 21, 1940. Entry permit expires September 2, 1942

Handwritten notes:

- ~~Bergmann~~
- ~~Archer~~
- ~~Kalisch~~
- ~~Bill~~
- ✓ Raubitschek
- ~~Karen~~
- Adler
- ✓ Hochschild
- Levi
- ✓ Mantoux R.
- ✓ Passany
- ✓ Nagts
- ✓ Sheller R.
- D'Arcy
- Jedesor
- Piebert
- Yin
- Chung
- de Solway
- Frankel
- Piegel
- Schenberg
- Rubini
- Födel
- Pauli

December 1, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I desire to inform you that

Dr. Felix Gilbert, German, is enrolled as a member in the Institute for Advanced Study for 1939-1940. Dr. Gilbert arrived at New York on August 30, 1936, entering with a Quota Immigration Visa No. 159, issued at London, England, on July 24, 1936. Dr. Gilbert has taken out first papers.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BALEY

Secretary

ESB

October 31, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign members
enrolled in the Institute for Advanced Study for 1939-1940:

Valentin Bargmann, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2241, issued at
Kaunas, Lithuania, May 4, 1937

Alfred Theodor Brauer, German
Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 188, issued at
Berlin, Germany, May 19, 1939, unlimited term
Admitted at New York City, June 19, 1939

Oscar Broneer, Swedish
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2568, issued at
Athens, Greece, May 15, 1939
Admitted at New York City, June 22, 1939

Charles de Tolnay, Hungarian
Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 267, issued at
Paris, France, June 6, 1939, unlimited term
Admitted at New York City, September 9, 1939

Jacobus Stephanus de Wet, South African
The Commonwealth Fund of New York has made a
full report to the Immigration and Naturalization
Service regarding Mr. de Wet and has requested the
Institute for Advanced Study not to make a report
regarding him.

Honorable J. H. Wagner

October 31, 1939

2

Paul Erdős, Hungarian

Non-Quota E. Visa No. 14, issued at London, England, July 8, 1938; admitted at New York City, October 3, 1938, for one year
Made application in September 1939 for extension
Received blank after some delay and sent it by registered mail on October 12, 1939

Guido Fubini-Ghiron, Italian

Non-Quota Immigration Visa 4 (d) No. 214, issued at Paris, France, January 26, 1939; admitted at New York City, March 15, 1939; has taken out first papers

Hans Herz, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 13822, issued at Zurich, Switzerland, May 6, 1938

Allan S. Hoey, Australian

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 8275, issued at London, England, March 30, 1939, valid one year
Admitted at New York City, April 9, 1939

Albert Edward Ingham, English

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 442, issued at London, England, July 10, 1939, valid one year
Admitted at New York City, September 13, 1939

Anton Raubitschek, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 19387, issued at Vienna, Germany, June 22, 1938
Has taken out first papers

J. Rumney, English

Immigrant Visa No. 668, Section 4 (d), issued at London, England, June 30, 1938
Admitted at New York City, August 28, 1938
Has taken out first papers

Paul Tedesco, German

Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 82, issued at Vienna, Germany, October 1, 1938, unlimited term
Admitted at New York City, October 21, 1938
Has taken out first papers

Alfred Vagts, German

Immigration Visa No. 603, issued June 7, 1933
Admitted to United States, June 30, 1933
First papers taken out at Winsted, Conn., Oct. 17, 1934

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BARNETT
Secretary

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

October 25, 1939

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

"Immigration visa" I understand implies definitely immigration for permanent settlement, and therefore nothing is required regarding Drs. Bargmann and Fubini-Ghiron. As Mr. deWet's Commonwealth Fellowship was originally for two years, I assume that the Commonwealth Fund remains responsible for any report concerning him.

Dr. Paul Erdős, who was admitted by the Immigrant Inspector at New York City on October 3, 1938, to remain until October 3, 1939, tells me that he wrote late in September for a blank on which to make application for extension of his entry permit. This blank was delayed in reaching him, and on October 12, 1939, he sent it in by registered mail, requesting only 6 months extension because his passport will expire by that time. At the end of these 6 months he is to have both his passport and his entry permit extended.

New reports

ALFRED THEODOR BRAUER, German (application filed for 1st U.S.A. naturalization Non-quota Immigration visa No. 188, issued Berlin, May 19, 1939, /papers) unlimited term. Arrived New York City June 19, 1939

ALBERT EDWARD INGHAM, English
Temporary Visitor's visa No. 442, issued London, July 10, 1939,
expires July 10, 1940. Arrived New York City September 13, 1939.
Entry permit expires September 13, 1940.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Esther S. Bailey

October 23, 1939

Dear Professor Fubini:

Mrs. Bailey is required to file now with the Immigration authorities information regarding the immigration status of all non-citizens registered in the Institute for Advanced Study. Will you please let me know at once whether there is anything to add to the information you gave us on your arrival; that is, that you arrived at New York on March 15, 1939, under Non-Quota Immigration visa 4 (d) No. 214, issued in Paris, January 26, 1939.

Yours sincerely,

G.F.

Secretary, School of Mathematics

Professor Guido Fubini-Chiron
Fine Hall
Princeton

*No reply received
Oct 25/39*

October 20, 1939

Dear Miss Blake:

It is now time for the Institute to send a statement to the U. S. Department of Labor regarding aliens enrolled this term. Last year I made the following reports, and there may be data to add in the cases of Messrs. Erdős and Fubini-Ghiron:

Valentin Bargmann, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2241, issued at Kaunas,
Lithuania, May 4, 1937

Jacobus Stephanus de Wet, South African
The Commonwealth Fund of New York has made a full report to the Immigration and Naturalization Service regarding Mr. de Wet and has requested the Institute for Advanced Study not to make a report regarding him.

Paul Erdős, Hungarian
Non-Quota B. Visa No. 14, issued at London,
England, July 8, 1938; admitted by Immigrant Inspector,
New York City, October 3, 1938, until October 3, 1939

Guido Fubini-Ghiron, Italian
Non-Quota Immigration Visa 4 (d) No. 214, issued
in Paris, January 26, 1939; arrived at New York on
March 15, 1939

May I have the visa data regarding Mr. Ingham and any other new foreign students enrolled in the School of Mathematics?

Very sincerely yours,

Miss Gwen Blake

ESTHER S. SALEY

ESB

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Please refer
to file No.

St-11279

ERDOS, Paul

October 14, 1939.

Registrar,

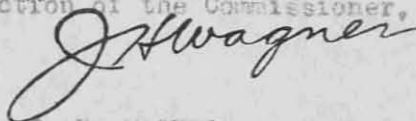
Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear Sir (Madam):

Please advise whether Mr. Paul Erdos
was in attendance at your school during the
academic year 1938-1939. If so, it is
desired to know whether the alien carried a
full course of study in day classes or its
equivalent.

Very truly yours,

By direction of the Commissioner,



J. H. WAGNER, Assistant.

P. S. Also state whether alien is enrolled for the
present school term.

October 19, 1939

Refer to File No.
St-11279
ERDOS, Paul

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of October 14, 1939, I may say that Paul Erdős was enrolled in the Institute for Advanced Study during the academic year, 1938-1939, and carried a full course of study. He is also enrolled for the present term.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER B. SEALY

Secretary

ESB

April 1, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I desire to inform you that

Dr. Guido Fubini-Chiron, Italian, is enrolled as
a member in the Institute for Advanced Study for
the second term of the academic year, 1938-1939.
Dr. Fubini arrived at New York on March 15, 1939,
entering with a Non-Quota Immigration Visa 4 (D)
No. 214, issued in Paris, January 26, 1939.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

ESB

Secretary

April 18, 1939

55883/694
CLV&R

Dear Mr. Wagner:

Thank you very much for your great kindness in facilitating the report in respect to Mr. Eisler. I am forwarding it to Mr. Willert through whom the application came to me.

I certainly feel for you and your associates, for I can judge from the relatively slight pressure here something of the terrific pressure under which you and your associates are working. I shall not bother you if I can possibly avoid doing so.

Ever sincerely,
ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

AF:ESB

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS, FINE HALL
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

March 22, 1939

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

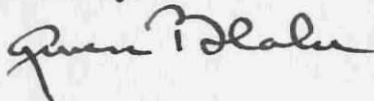
Re Prof. Guido Fubini

Professor Fubini arrived at New York March 15, 1939, entering with a Non-Quota Immigration Visa 4(D) No. 214, issued in Paris, January 26, 1939 (Immigration identification card 1078108).

Professor Veblen suggests listing him in the Bulletin 8 without a "formerly", as follows: of Pisa
** Guido Fubini, Doctor in Mathematics 1900 University/
Professor, Polytechnic School and University of
Turin

His address, in case you don't know it, is 293 Nassau Street; no telephone I gather, at least as yet.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Esther S. Bailey
P.O. Box 631
Princeton, N.J.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

55998/39
Cor.

March 8, 1939

Miss Esther S. Bailey, Secretary,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear Madam:

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of February 3, in which you report that Mr. Tadasi Nakayama arrived at San Francisco, on September 3, 1937, on the M. S. Tatsuta-Maru (N. Y. K. Line). This office is informing the San Francisco office of this Service in regard to the validity of this person's Japanese passport as reported in your letter of November 4, 1938.

Very truly yours,

By direction of the Commissioner,

Henry B. Hazard
Henry B. Hazard, Assistant.

March 1, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Supplementing my letter of February 1,
1939, I desire to state that Dr. Georg Swarzenski,
German, is enrolled as a member in the Institute
for Advanced Study for the second term of the
academic year, 1938-1939. Dr. Swarzenski has
a quota immigration visa No. 6463, issued at
Stuttgart on September 1, 1938.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

NY-Europa-11/4/38
Georg Swarzenski
NY-Bremen-9/20/36
Johannes Swarzenski

February 16, 1939.

RN

Dr. Abraham Flexner,
Director, The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

My dear Dr. Flexner:

With reference to the son of Professor Georg Swarzenski
who is in business in Egypt:

I do not know just what amount of leeway you have in mind. If he is a businessman and would enter into business here, upon making the proper showing of capital he might convince the consul that he is not amenable to the contract labor law. If he were coming here as a business executive he would be regarded as outside of the sphere of contract labor, since his position would be mental rather than manual. In either event he would have to come in under the quota apparently and, at present, the nonpreference quota for Germany is about two ~~years~~ years oversubscribed so it would take two ~~years~~ years for him to be reached on the quota. Since the father did not enter the United States until November, 1938, it would not appear that he would be eligible to naturalization before the son in Egypt reaches the age of twenty-one; the son would not, therefore, be eligible to come in under Section 4 (a) so he would have to resort to the quota.

If the son wishes to enter college here and is accepted by one, he could apply for a Section 4 (e) visa as a student. Of course, this would not give him a permanent status.

With respect to the point presented in the second paragraph of your letter, I can only repeat what I have heard in talks with visitors to this office—that they have a good Intelligence Service and know what is going on concerning their nationals. I could not even guess what might result if the professor were to take any steps that might jeopardize the income to his relatives.

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Commissioner:

J. H. Wagner
J. H. Wagner, Assistant.

Henryfield

*Return to
M.C.E.*

February 24, 1939

Dear Dr. Swarzenski:

I am sending you herewith copy of a
letter which I have received from Mr. Wagner of
the Immigration and Naturalization Service regard-
ing your brother in Egypt.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Dr. Hanns Swarzenski
347 Nassau Street
Princeton, New Jersey

February 11, 1939

Dear Mr. Wagner:

I have just had an interview with Professor Georg Swarzenski, who is lecturing in the School of Humanistic Studies of the Institute for Advanced Study this term. Professor Swarzenski has a non-quota visa. He also has a son, Hanns Swarzenski, who is in Princeton on a non-quota visa. Both have taken out their first papers. There is another son, a boy of twenty, who is in business in Egypt, and there appears to be some doubt whether he will be allowed to remain there. The father and mother are anxious to reunite their whole family in this country. They are people of the finest character and highest standing. Am I correct in thinking that the immigration authorities have a certain amount of leeway so as to permit the reunion of families which have been torn asunder as this one has?

There is another point regarding which I would like your advice. One of our professors has been here for several years as a resident alien. He has not taken out his citizenship papers because he has some income in Germany, which thus far has been paid regularly in Germany and used in Germany for the support of relatives over there. He asks me this question: If I take out my first papers, is there any likelihood or danger that knowledge of this fact would reach the German government and that they would

Mr. Wagner

February 11, 1939

2

stop payment of my income over there?" Have you any experience or knowledge which would enable you to answer this question?

With all good wishes and deep appreciation,

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLENNER

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

AF/MCE

February 5, 1939

Refer to File Number
55998/39
Cor.

Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Attention of Mr. Henry B. Hazard

Dear Sir:

Replying to your inquiry of
January 27, 1939, I may say that Mr. Tadasi Naka-
yama arrived at San Francisco, California, on
September 5, 1937, on board the M.S. Tatsuta-Maru
(N. Y. K. Line).

Very truly yours,

Esther S. Bailey

Secretary

ESB

February 2, 1939

Mrs. Esther S. Bailey
Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

Thank you for your letter of January 31.

I arrived at San Francisco, Cal. on September
the third, 1937 on board of M.S. Tatsuta-Maru (N. Y. K.
Line).

Sincerely yours,

Tadasi Nakayama

56 Jefferson Road
Princeton, New Jersey

February 1, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign members enrolled
in the Institute for Advanced Study for the second term of the academic year,
1938-1939:

Niels Bohr, Danish

Non-immigrant visa No. 254, issued at Copenhagen,
Denmark, November 21, 1938 - term of twelve months
Admitted at New York City, January 16, 1939, for four months

John Marcus Fleming, Scotch

Non-quota immigration visa No. 13, issued at Zurich,
Switzerland, August 4, 1938
Admitted at New York City, October 8, 1938, for twelve months

Hans Herz, German

Quota immigration visa No. 13922, issued at Zurich,
Switzerland, May 6, 1938

Doro Levi, Italian

Temporary visitor's visa No. 66, issued at Florence,
Italy, valid until December 6, 1939

Leon Rosenfeld, Belgian

Temporary visitor's visa No. 171, issued at Antwerp,
Belgium, December 29, 1938
Admitted at New York City to September 5, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner

February 1, 1939

2

Antigone J. Threpsiades, Greek
Temporary visitor's visa No. 502, issued at Berlin,
Germany, August 29, 1938 - term of twelve months
Admitted at New York City, October 8, 1938, for six months

Inasmuch as all the members are adults, the name and address
of the person designated as a reference is Dr. Abraham Flexner, Director
of the Institute for Advanced Study, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Dr. Kurt Goedel, who was with the Institute the first term of
the current academic year, is now at the University of Notre Dame in
Indiana.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS
FINE HALL
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

January 31, 1939

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

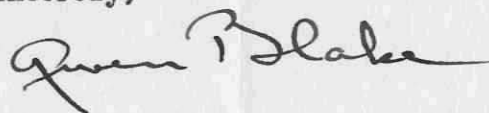
Here is the visa information requested by
your letter of January 26:

Niels Bohr (Danish), No. 254, Non-immigrant [Sec. 3(2)
of 1924 Immigration Act], issued Copenhagen,
Nov. 21, 1938, 12 months term. Admitted at New
York City, January 16, 1939, for 4 months.

Léon Rosenfeld (Belgian), No. 171, Temporary visitor
[Sec. 3(2)], issued Antwerp, Dec. 29, 1938,
"expiring Sep. 5, 1939" (Presumably Sep. 5
was the date Prof. Rosenfeld gave the port
authorities at New York as the limit of his
stay, rather than expiration date of the visa?
I have not seen his actual visa.)

Willem J. van Stockum (Dutch) - Quota visa.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Esther S. Bailey
P.O. Box 631
Princeton, N.J.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

55998/39
Cor.

January 27, 1939

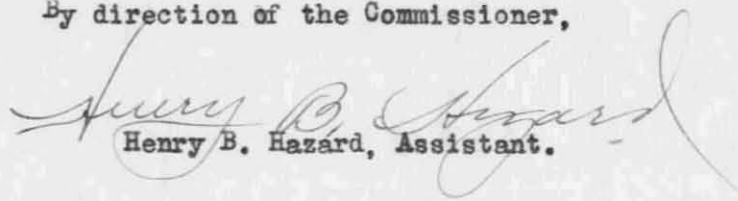
Miss Esther S. Bailey, Secretary,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear Madam:

Reference is made to your letter of November 4, 1938, with which you forwarded copy of a letter of October 31, 1938, addressed to Mr. Tadasi Nakayama, Institute for Advanced Study, Fine Hall, Princeton, New Jersey, by the Chancellor of the Consulate General of Japan in New York, in regard to the validity of the Japanese passport of Mr. Nakayama, who apparently was admitted to this country under Section 3 (1) of the Immigration Act of 1924. If possible, please furnish this office information regarding the date, port and vessel of Mr. Nakayama's arrival in this country in order that the necessary data may be placed in the appropriate record.

Very truly yours,

By direction of the Commissioner,


Henry B. Hazard, Assistant.

January 31, 1939

Professor Tadasi Nakayama
56 Jefferson Road
Princeton, New Jersey

My dear Professor Nakayama:

Will you be good enough to let me know the date, port, and vessel of your arrival in the United States? This information is requested by the U. S. Department of Labor in order to complete their records.

Sincerely yours,

ESB

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

January 26, 1939

Dear Miss Wise:

It is necessary for the Institute to file a statement with the United States Department of Labor Immigration Service regarding foreign members. Will you kindly send me the following data regarding visa of Mr. Fleming:

Classification and number
Date and place issued
Date of expiration

Also, what is his "country of origin"?

Will you ask Mr. Fleming and Mr. Warren to stop at 20 Nassau Street at the office of the Institute to sign the register at their convenience?

Thanking you,

Sincerely yours,

E. S. B.

John Marcus Fleming - Scotland

Non-quota immigration visa #13, Section 4^e

dated Aug. 4, 1938, issued at Zurich, Switzerland

~~Expiry~~ Entered New York Oct. 8, 1938, valid

until October 9, 1939

2.1.2

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

Regnatz 1/20
(55998/390)

January 20, 1939.

Dr. Abraham Flexner,
Director, The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Dr. Flexner:

After receiving your letter of January 16, I requested transcript of the manifests covering the arrivals of Mr. Georg Hirschland and his wife and daughter, which shows that they were admitted at the port of New York, November 16, 1938, on the SS Ile de France, for six months for pleasure under Section 3(2) of the 1924 Act.

The memorandum accompanying your letter does not state whether Mr. Hirschland has any citizen relatives in the United States who would be eligible to file petitions for immigration visas for him or his wife. I must assume, therefore, that they would have to come in under the German quota. The last information I had from the Department of State was to the effect that the German quota is now approximately two or three years over-subscribed. If they desire to enter the United States permanently under the German quota, it will be necessary for them to apply at an American consulate outside of the United States for quota immigration visas, and remain under the jurisdiction of the consulate while their names are on the waiting list. Should they move from one country to another it may be possible for them to have their applications transferred to the countries to which they might migrate. However, under the State Department's regulations they cannot reside in the United States while their names are on the waiting lists for visas. The enclosed circulars may help them in respect to their visas.

I notice their present stay is authorized to May 16, 1939. I enclose application forms upon which they may apply for extensions of stay beyond that date, if they decide to remain here longer pending some solution of their cases. A further six months' extension, if granted, would carry them beyond the date of the expiration of their passports. I cannot state at this time how much of an extension might be granted after May 16. Under the present policy we would be permitted to grant extensions in cases like this up to within fifteen days of the expiration of the passport. What our future policy may be I cannot tell; neither is it possible to anticipate what, if anything, Congress might do in the situation.

- 2 -

I am sorry I cannot give you more hopeful suggestions.

Thank you again for your mighty fine cooperation in the Jaenicke matter.

Sincerely yours,

By direction of the Commissioner:



J. H. Wagner, Assistant.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION

WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO
COMMISSIONER GENERAL OF IMMIGRATION
AND REFER TO

No.

Student.

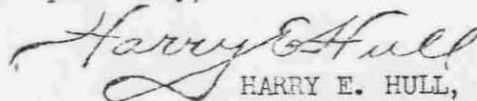
The records of the bureau show that your school has been approved by the Secretary of Labor as an institution of learning for immigrant students in accordance with the Immigration Act of 1924, and I beg to call to your attention the following:

1. The experience of the bureau in the past two and one-half years is to the effect that many nonquota immigrant students gain admission to the United States totally unfit, because of insufficient knowledge of the English language, to at once enter the school to which destined and from which they have secured certificates of admission. These students cause much concern to the bureau and to the schools, and therefore it is considered advisable to request the Department of State to instruct consular officers that greater care should be exercised in the issuance of such visas and where the school has omitted to state in the certificate of admission the amount of English required by the student, and the prospective student is clearly unable to enter classes conducted in the English language, that the issuance of such visa be withheld until it can be definitely ascertained whether the school will be able to accept a non-English speaking student. Therefore, it is requested that all schools indicate in the certificate of admission the exact knowledge of the English language a student must have before he can be accepted.

2. Under the present practice the schools are requested to forward to the bureau (1) a notice of personal enrollment of the nonquota student, together with his address and the name and address of a reference in this country, and this information, together with (2) notice of termination of attendance, is all the reports require unless unusual circumstances arise in an individual case. Many schools neglect to advise as to termination of attendance, and the bureau frequently finds a student has been away from the institution of learning for some time but no notice to that effect has been sent here. The bureau, therefore, requests that in addition to the reports indicated above, a notice be sent here immediately after the beginning of the fall and spring terms as to whether any change has occurred in the information previously furnished by the school and whether the alien is still in attendance for a full course of work.

It is believed that the change in the procedure as above outlined is necessary to a proper administration of the law, and it is expected that the various schools will cooperate to the fullest extent.

Respectfully,



HARRY E. HULL,
Commissioner General.

3236

U. S. Department of Labor
BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION
Washington

STUDENT

The Department has ruled that alien students admitted under the Act of 1924 who leave the United States and return within six months and who have not proceeded to countries other than Canada, Newfoundland, Mexico, Cuba, Bermuda, or the Bahamas, may be readmitted, provided they are found otherwise admissible and establish to the satisfaction of the appropriate immigration officials that they have not terminated their connection with the school to which they were admitted or to which they thereafter transferred with the consent of the Bureau, and that they are returning to continue their studies therein.

These aliens will be subject to most of the regulations now in effect covering the original admission of nonquota students; that is, a departure bond may be exacted if deemed necessary at the port of entry and admission will be for a definite period only, a passport being required valid for two months beyond the time for which admission is sought. The requirement of a passport will not apply to such alien students who are nationals of certain countries return to which may be made without passports. The last mentioned class, however, may be admitted only for the remainder of the period for which originally admitted or to which admission has been extended or for a fixed period terminating when their studies at the particular approval school will ordinarily be completed.

You are, therefore, requested to advise all students in attendance at your school who have been admitted to the United States as nonquota immigrant students, under Section 4 (e) of the Immigration Act of 1924, or who are hereafter so admitted and who are about to depart from the country to one of the countries named above, either temporarily or even permanently, that they should present themselves to the appropriate United States Immigration officers at the port of exit in order that their departure may be verified in every case and arrangements may be made for the identification of those who intend to return after a temporary absence and the closing of records of those who do not intend to return.

Alien students of the Chinese race who were admitted to the United States on or after July 1, 1924, under the section cited, should not make any arrangements to proceed to any of the countries named herein, even for temporary visits, without first presenting their cases to the Bureau for consideration for the reason that some of the countries named will not admit Chinese unless this Government has authorized their return to the United States and it is not always possible to do this. The Exclusion Acts in force in this country also present obstacles involving the presentation of special documentary evidence and the opening of ports of entry especially for Chinese.

It is not expected that a student will leave the United States for a visit of any duration during a semester except at vacation periods or in an

- 2 -

STUDENT

emergency.

The foregoing does not in any manner change any existing instructions so far as submission of reports by the school to the Bureau is concerned.

Respectfully,


Harry E. Hull

Commissioner General.

Date of Receipt

PETITION FOR CLASSIFICATION OF QUOTA IMMIGRANT FOR ALIEN WHOSE SERVICES ARE NEEDED URGENTLY IN THE UNITED STATES

NOTE.—This form is for use by a person, institution, firm, organization, or governmental agency for whom the services are to be performed, and who is seeking the classification of quota immigrant (under section 204(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) for an alien whose services are needed urgently in the United States. Attach the required remittance. (See instructions.)

(NOT TO BE FILLED IN BY PETITIONER)

ACTION BY DISTRICT DIRECTOR AT

Approved. Disapproved.

Date _____, 19__

(Signature of District Director)

ON APPEAL OR CERTIFICATION

Approved. Disapproved.

Date _____, 19__

(Signature of Assistant Commissioner)

REMARKS:

The Secretary of State is hereby informed that the person in whose behalf this petition was filed is entitled to the classification requested.

Petition was filed at _____ M. on _____ The approval of this petition is valid until _____

(Signature)

(Title)

(PETITIONER NOT TO WRITE ABOVE THIS LINE)

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE:

I hereby apply, pursuant to the provisions of part 204, title 8, Code of Federal Regulations for classification of the person named below as an immigrant under section 203(a)(1)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

1. Location of American consulate at which application for visa will be made:

2. Name and address of (check appropriate block) person, institution, firm, organization, or governmental agency filing this petition:

3. If petitioner is a corporation, date and place of incorporation:

4. Brief nontechnical description of nature of business conducted by petitioner and net annual income derived therefrom:

5. Description of work, labor or services to be performed by the beneficiary, and the terms and conditions of employment:

6. The prospective immigrant is identified as follows:
 (And any other names ever used or by which known)

<i>Full name</i>	<i>Marital Status</i>	<i>Birthplace</i>	<i>Birth Date</i>
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7. Present address of prospective immigrant:

(Street)	(City)	(Province)	(Country)
----------	--------	------------	-----------

8. The prospective immigrant _____ at any time been in the United States. (If ever in the United States, give information requested below):

(Has)	(Has not)	<i>Place of last entry</i>	<i>Date of last entry</i>	<i>Date of departure</i>
-------	-----------	----------------------------	---------------------------	--------------------------

9. If admitted to the United States, the beneficiary of this petition will perform the services at:

(Number and street)	(City)	(Zone No.)	(State)
---------------------	--------	------------	---------

10. The prospective immigrant will _____ be accompanied by his or her spouse _____ and by his or her children: _____
 (Name of husband or wife)

Name	Date of Birth	Sex

11. Attached hereto and made a part of this petition are (check appropriate boxes): (See Instructions)
- Clearance order bearing a statement from the United States Employment Service concerning the availability of like labor in the United States.
 - Affidavit as to period of time required to become skilled or proficient, in the field of work, labor or services to be performed by the beneficiary.
 - Statements of efforts made to find, within the United States, persons qualified to perform the work, labor or services which will be rendered by the beneficiary.
 - Statement as to manner in which services of beneficiary will be substantially beneficial prospectively to the national economy, cultural interests, or welfare of the United States.
 - Description of high education, technical training, specialized experience, or exceptional ability of the beneficiary, and supporting affidavits.

I do swear that I have read the foregoing petition and that the statements contained therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature _____

Name _____
 (Type or print)

Title _____
 (Must be petitioner himself or authorized representative of institution, firm, organization, or governmental agency filing this petition. See instructions.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 19____, at _____

My commission expires _____

Signature of officer administering oath _____

(SEAL)

Title _____

LIST OF OFFICES TO WHICH THIS PETITION MAY BE SUBMITTED

INSTRUCTIONS

(Tear off this page before submitting this Petition)

1. ALIENS ELIGIBLE TO CLASSIFICATION.—Under section 203 (a) (1) (A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, "Immigrant visas to quota immigrants shall be allotted in each fiscal year as follows: (1) The first 50 per centum of the quota of each quota area for such year, plus any portion of such quota not required for the issuance of immigrant visas to the classes specified in paragraphs (2) and (3), shall be made available for the issuance of immigrant visas (A) to qualified quota immigrants whose services are determined by the Attorney General to be needed urgently in the United States because of the high education, technical training, specialized experience, or exceptional ability of such immigrants and to be substantially beneficial prospectively to the national economy, cultural interests, or welfare of the United States."

2. PREPARATION OF FORM.—This form must be typewritten or printed legibly with pen and ink, and submitted in duplicate to the office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service having jurisdiction over the place where the beneficiary is to be employed. (See list of Application Receiving Offices on reverse side.)

3. EXECUTION OF FORM.—This petition must be made under oath. It may be sworn to before an officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, without payment of notarial fee, or before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths for general purposes; in such cases the official seal or certificate of authority to administer oaths must be affixed. If this petition is executed outside the United States it must be sworn to before a consular officer of the United States.

When this petition is filed by an agent or representative of an institution, firm, organization, or governmental agency, there must be attached evidence showing that the official executing this petition is the properly authorized representative of such institution, firm, organization, or governmental agency.

4. DOCUMENTS TO BE ATTACHED.—The following documents shall be attached to and made a part of the petition:

- (1) One copy of a clearance order bearing a statement, from the United States Employment Service, that qualified persons are not available within the United States to perform the work, labor, or services which are to be performed by the beneficiary. The clearance card issued by the Employment Service of the Territory of Guam shall be accepted in lieu of that issued by the United States Employment Service in connection with a petition to import laborers for employment in Guam.
- (2) The petitioner shall attach to the petition affidavits of persons having special knowledge or information in the field of work, labor, or services which the beneficiary is to perform, showing the approximate length of time required for a person to become skilled or proficient in the performance of such work, labor, or services.
- (3) The petitioner shall attach to the petition, as a part thereof, a statement of efforts made by him or on his behalf to secure persons in the United States to perform the work, labor, or services to be performed by the beneficiary, including clippings of advertisements placed in newspapers, trade journals, professional and similar publications in the field of such work, labor, or services and copies of all correspondence, reports, replies, and responses received or obtained as a result of such advertisement. If no reply, response, or report was received, the petitioner should so indicate.
- (4) The petitioner shall attach to the petition, as a part thereof, a statement setting forth a full, complete, and detailed analysis establishing in what manner the services of the beneficiary will be substantially beneficial prospectively to the national economy, cultural interests, or welfare of the United States.
- (5) The petitioner shall attach to the petition, as a part thereof, a full, complete, and detailed description of the high education, technical training, specialized experience, or exceptional ability of the beneficiary on the basis of which the beneficiary's services are alleged to be urgently required in the United States. Allegations of high education or technical training shall be supported by original, certified, or photographic copies of diplomas, school certificates, or equivalent documents or affidavits attesting to such education or technical training executed by the person in charge of the records of the educational or other institution, firm, or establishment wherein such education or training was acquired, improved, or effected. Allegations of specialized experience or exceptional ability shall be supported by affidavits attesting to and describing the degree and extent of special experience or ability, executed by the appropriate officer of the firms, organizations, establishments, or other institutions wherein the beneficiary acquired, improved, or perfected such experience or ability.

5. FEE.—A fee of ten dollars (\$10) for each beneficiary must accompany this petition. Remittances should be made payable to the "Treasurer of the United States." If residing in the Virgin Islands, remittances should be drawn in favor of the "Commissioner of Finance of the Virgin Islands." If residing in Guam, remittances should be drawn in favor of the "Treasurer, Guam." Do not send coins or postage stamps.

16-67828-1

LIST OF OFFICES TO WHICH THIS PETITION MAY BE SUBMITTED

City	State
Fresno	California
Los Angeles	California
Sacramento	California
San Diego	California
San Francisco	California
Denver	Colorado
Hartford	Connecticut
Washington	D. C.
Miami	Florida
Honolulu	Hawaii
Boise	Idaho
Chicago	Illinois
Hammond	Indiana
Portland	Maine
Baltimore	Maryland
Boston	Massachusetts
Springfield	Massachusetts
Detroit	Michigan
Flint	Michigan
Duluth	Minnesota
St. Paul	Minnesota
Kansas City	Missouri
St. Louis	Missouri
Omaha	Nebraska
Reno	Nevada
Newark	New Jersey
Albany	New York
Buffalo	New York
New York	New York
Cincinnati	Ohio
Columbus	Ohio
Toledo	Ohio
Portland	Oregon
Philadelphia	Pennsylvania
Pittsburgh	Pennsylvania
Providence	Rhode Island
El Paso	Texas
San Antonio	Texas
Salt Lake City	Utah
St. Albans	Vermont
Seattle	Washington
Spokane	Washington
Tacoma	Washington
Milwaukee	Wisconsin

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 Washington 25, D. C.

(Must be petitioner himself or authorized representative of relative, friend, neighbor, or other person who has knowledge of the facts and circumstances of the case.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____ 19____ at _____

My commission expires _____

Signature of officer administering oath _____

(8642)

Title _____

4(e) students going to Canada

They have to have a certifying letter showing that they are going to return to the United States to resume their studies. Can only depart from the U.S. while the passport is valid. Cannot leave the western hemisphere, and must not stay out of the U.S. more than 4 months.

3(2) Exchange Visitors going to Canada

Need only certifying letter showing that they are going to return to the United States to resume their studies or research. Must come back into the U.S. through same place of entry into Canada, and cannot stay more than 29 days.

November 18, 1938

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding
Miss Popham, foreign student, who enrolled in the
Institute for Advanced Study after November 1 and
was therefore not included in my letter of the first:

Kathleen Marie Annie Popham, British
Visa No. 575, issued at London,
England, September 2, 1938
Admitted by Immigrant Inspector,
New York City, November 3, 1938,
until April 30, 1939

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

November 4, 1938

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

On November 1, 1938, I sent you a letter containing data regarding the foreign students enrolled in the Institute for Advanced Study for the whole or part of the academic year, 1938-1939. On page 2, the second name listed is Tadasi Nakayama. Thinking that his visa might not still be valid, I asked him for additional information. He has sent me the enclosed from the Consulate General of Japan in New York City. Will you accordingly please file this with the other data?

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

ESB

Secretary

Form 513

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
DIST. NO. 3

No. 98524/384

Place Ellis Island

New York Harbor

Date November 3, 1938

NOTICE OF ADMISSION OF ALIEN UNDER SECTION 4 (e)

COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The following information is furnished concerning the alien named below, who was admitted *today* under Section 4 (e) of the act of 1924:

Name of student Popham, Kathleen Marie Annie

Country of origin Britain

Country of birth Newport, England Race English

Date and number of visa September 2, 1938 - #575 Consulate London

Ship or other means of arrival Queen Mary

Name of a friend or relative in this country of alien if shown by papers --

Address of friend or relative --

Educational institution to which destined The Institute for Advanced Study
Princeton, New Jersey

Passport status expires July 16, 1940

Admitted to April 30, 1939

Readmitted to --

(If returning from short visit to nearby countries named in G. O. 232)

A duplicate of this form is being mailed today to the educational institution to which the alien is destined. The school is requested to make all reports to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Washington, D. C.

BYRON H. UHL
District Director
New York District

sk

By [Signature]
Inspector in Charge, Record Division

November 1, 1938

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign students enrolled
in the Institute for Advanced Study for the whole or part of the academic year,
1938-1939:

Valentin Bargmann, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2241, issued at Kaunas,
Lithuania, May 4, 1937

Herbert Busemann, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 680, issued at Copenhagen,
Denmark, July 20, 1936

Claude Chevalley, French
Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 5545, issued at Paris,
France, July 30, 1938; expiration date July 30, 1939;
admitted by Immigrant Inspector, New York City, October 20, 1938,
for six months

Jacobus Stephanus deWet, South African
The Commonwealth Fund of New York has made a full report to
the Immigration and Naturalization Service regarding Mr. deWet
and has requested the Institute for Advanced Study not to make
a report regarding him.

Paul Erdős, Hungarian
Non-Quota E Visa No. 14, issued at London,
England, July 8, 1938; admitted by Immigrant Inspector,
New York City, October 3, 1938, until October 3, 1939

Honorable J. H. Wagner

November 1, 1938

2

Kurt Goedel, German

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 68, issued at Vienna, Germany, August 24, 1938; expiration date July 15, 1939
Arrived New York City, October 15, 1938

Tadasi Nakayama, Japanese

Government Official's non-immigrant Visa No. 168, issued at Tokyo, Japan, August 12, 1937, valid for presentation at U.S. port at any time during twelve months provided passport continues to be valid for such period; admitted by San Francisco Immigrant Inspector on September 3, 1937

Anton Raubitschek, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 19387, issued at Vienna, Germany, June 22, 1938

J. Rumeny, British

Immigrant Visa No. 668, Section 4 (d), issued at London, England, June 20, 1938; arrived New York City on August 23, 1938

Gertrude K. Stanley, British

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 3229, issued at London, England, May 12, 1938; expiration date May 12, 1939; arrived from Montreal September 1938; left October 20, 1938, by train for Niagara Falls and Toronto

Paul Tedesco, German

Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 82, issued at Vienna, Germany, October 1, 1938; arrived New York City, October 21, 1938

Ioannes Threpsiades, Greek

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 502, issued at Berlin, Germany, August 29, 1938; expiration date theoretically one year from date of issue, but Immigrant Inspector of New York City marked on visa "admitted for six months"

Inasmuch as all of the students are adults, the name and address of the person designated as a reference is Dr. Abraham Flexner, Director of the Institute for Advanced Study, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

Threpsiades

Nationality: Greek

Temporary Visa, issued at Berlin, Aug. 29, 1938

Visa No. 502

Expiration theoretically one year from date of issue, but immigration inspector at New York marked on visa "admitted for six months".

Raubitschek Nationality: German

Immigration Quota Visa #19387

Issued at Vienna June 22, 1938

From American Consulate General, Tokyo
"For the journey to the United States of Tadasi Nakayama
Dated August 12, 1937

"Visa valid for presentation at U. S. port at any
time during twelve months from date provided
passport continues to be valid for such period

Non-immigrant visa

Entry permit said nothing about time limit

Dr. Paul Tedesco

Nationality

German

Type of visa, date and place issued, Number

Date of expiration

*Non quota Immigration visa,
Oct. 1, 1938, Vienna, Germany,
No. 82*

(Sect 4 (d))

Kind of visa - Immigrant visa N^o 668 Section 4 (d)
Date of issue- June 20th 1938
Place of issue - London, England
Port of arrival- New York, August 28, 1938
Nationality- British

J. Rummy

Copy

Consulate General of Japan
500 Fifth Avenue
New York, N. Y.

October 31, 1938

Mr. Tadasu Nakayama
Institute for Advanced Study
Fine Hall
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of October 28th we wish to inform you that the validity of a Japanese passport expires when and if the holder returns to Japan. In other words, the passport is good as long as the holder remains in a country other than Japan.

Your status as a visitor to the United States is "Official", as you were sent by the Department of Education, Tokyo, and this corresponds to the status given by the American Consulate - Visa Section 3 (1). As long as you are connected with the Department of Education, Tokyo, your status remains the same.

We shall be pleased to answer any other questions you may have concerning Japanese passport regulations.

Very truly yours,

CONSULATE GENERAL OF JAPAN

(Signed) M. Murakami,
Chancellor

VISAS

October 26, 1938

not a student

not a student

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country of Origin</u>	<u>Classification</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Date of Issue</u>	<u>Expires</u>
Valentin Bargmann	[Same as in 1937]					
Peter G. Bergmann	[Same as in 1937]					
Herbert Busemann	[Same as in 1936]					
Claude Chevalley	France	Temporary Visitor	5545	Paris	July 30, 1938	July 30, 1939 §
§ Admitted by Immigrant Inspector, New York City, October 20, 1938, for 6 mos.						
Paul Erdős	Hungary	Non-Quota E	14	London	July 8, 1938	§
§ Admitted as Student by Immigrant Inspector, New York City, October 3, 1938, until October 3, 1939						
Kurt Goedel	Germany	Temporary Visitor	69	Vienna	Aug. 24, 1938	9 mos. from Oct. 15, 1938
Arrived New York City, Oct. 15, 1938						
Witold Hurewicz	[Same as in 1937]					
Tadasi Nakayama	[Same as in 1937 - will take up matter of extension at once]					
Gertrude K. Stanley	England	Temporary Visitor	9229	London	May 12, 1938	May 12, 1939 §
§ Arrived from Montreal about September 13, 1938; Left October 20, 1938 by train for Niagara Falls and Toronto						
Jacobus Stephanus deWet	[Reported by the Commonwealth Fund - see Littell letter to Dr. Flexner Sep. 20/38]					

May 7, 1938

Dear Mr. Wagner:

Dr. Edward J. Jurji, who is here for purposes of study in the field of Oriental studies and has been a student at Princeton University and is now a member of the Institute for Advanced Study, wishes to continue his work in this country. He informs me that his American permit will expire on July 23 and he would like to have it extended. Anything that can be done to aid Dr. Jurji we shall of course greatly appreciate.

I repeat the data which were furnished you on October 20, 1937:

Edward J. Jurji, Syrian
Passport No. 3, issued at Philadelphia by French consul on January 23, 1935; renewed on October 9, 1936; expiration date, January 23, 1938; under recent renewal, expiration date, September 12, 1938, by the French consul at New York

With kind regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

AF:ESB

February 5, 1938

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding
Dr. Hecke, a foreign student, who has enrolled in
the Institute for Advanced Study for the second term
of the academic year, 1937-1938:

Erich Hecke, German
Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 592,
issued at Hamburg, Germany, on December 15, 1937
Date of expiration of visa - July 28, 1938
Arrived Port of New York on January 28, 1938

The name and address of the person designated as
a reference are:

Dr. Abraham Flexner, Director of the Institute for
Advanced Study, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS, FINE HALL
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

February 4, 1938

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

Here is the information regarding Professor Erich

Hecke's visa:

Country of origin - Germany

Classification - Non-Immigrant

No. - 592

Issued - Hamburg

Date of Issue - Dec. 15, 1937

Expires - July 28, 1938 (Docked N.Y.C. Jan. 28, 1938)

I have just told Miss Eichelser that his

Princeton address is Nassau Club, telephone 580.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Esther S. Bailey

P.O. Box 631

Princeton, N.J.

December 11, 1937

Refer to File Number
55956/791
RN

Dear Mr. Wagner:

Thank you very much for yours of
December 9. You showed great wisdom in appealing
to my daughter and in accepting her assurance that
the Institute will pay the cablegrams sent to Hamburg
by the State Department regarding Dr. Erich Hecke.
We should be willing to be bound by any action she
may authorize in future.

With renewed thanks and all good wishes
to you and your associates,

Ever sincerely,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

AF:ESB

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

55956/791

RN

December 9, 1937.

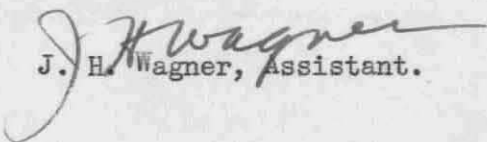
Dr. Abraham Flexner,
Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

My dear Dr. Flexner:

Upon receipt of your letter of December 8,
I inquired of your daughter whether she thought
you would be willing to pay for the cablegram by
the Department of State to the American Consulate
at Hamburg, Germany, to let the Consul know that
we would hold the contract labor law inapplicable
to the case of Dr. Erich Hecke. We did so today
and I hope he will experience no further difficulty
in coming to your Institute. The State Department
will send the bill to you direct.

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Commissioner:


J. H. Wagner, Assistant.

December 8, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Wagner:

The Institute for Advanced Study has invited Dr. Erich Hecke of the University of Hamburg (Germany) to come to Princeton for the next half year for study and research at the School of Mathematics of the Institute and will make a grant to him of \$1,500. This is precisely the sort of thing that we have been doing for foreigners from other countries. Yesterday I received the following cablegram from Dr. Hecke: "Labor Department may waive contract labor provisions for my visitor admission."

I replied: "Institute grant for study and research Not salary for teaching."

This morning comes the following: "Departments inquiry by Institute inevitable

I am now cabling him: "Inquiring Labor Department", but I am puzzled by Professor Hecke's cables, for no question has ever been raised in cases of professors who come for study and research. I wonder if there is a representative in the Labor Department in Hamburg who is making difficulties or whether I can send him a letter from you which he may use with American authorities in Hamburg so as to facilitate his coming to Princeton.

With all good wishes and deep appreciation,

Sincerely yours,

AF:ESB

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

December 4, 1937

Refer to St-7391
STEENSHOLT, Gunnar

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Referring to your inquiry of December 3 in regard to
Dr. Gunnar Steensholt, I may state that Dr. Steensholt was registered
at the Institute for Advanced Study for the second term of the academic
year, 1936-1937, and upon the completion of his studies departed from
Princeton and sailed for Europe at the end of July, 1937, to return
to his home in Norway.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

December 4, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I desire to report that Dr. Johannes Swarzenski, German citizen, who has a Quota Immigration Visa #6132, issued in Berlin by the United States Department of State, on June 30, 1936, after engaging in research at various art museums in Europe, returned to the United States on the S.S. Europa on November 1, 1937, and is enrolled as a student in the Institute for Advanced Study for the academic year, 1937-1938.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

St-7391
STEENSHOLT, Gunnar

December 3, 1937.

Miss Esther S. Bailey, Secretary,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, N. J.

Dear Madam:


In the report recently submitted by your institution,
no reference is made to the students listed ~~on the list~~ above
~~attached sheet~~ for whom your school is responsible to the
Government.

Information is needed as to whether these students
are enrolled for a full course of study in day classes.
If any of these students have terminated attendance, your
report should state the reasons therefor and their present
addresses. If any of them have left the United States or
plan to do so shortly, information as to the date, ship and
port of departure or intended departure of each student
should be furnished.

Your prompt response will be greatly appreciated.

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Commissioner:


J. H. WAGNER, Assistant.

Encl. No.

St-6.

October 30, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Supplementing my letter to you, dated October 20, 1937,
I send you the following data regarding foreign students enrolled
in the Institute for Advanced Study for the academic year, 1937-1938:

Richard Ettinghausen, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 2, issued at London,
England, on November 8, 1934
Arrived Port of New York on December 12, 1934

Witold Hurewicz, Pole
Non-quota Immigration Visa No. 155, issued at
Warsaw, Poland, on October 2, 1937 - duration unlimited
Arrived Port of New York on October 23, 1937

Cecil J. Hesbitt, Canadian
Visitor's Visa No. 152909
Admitted as a visitor at Niagara Falls on September 24,
1937, until June 30, 1938

Henry T. Wade-Gery, English
Visitor's Visa No. 735, issued at London, England,
on July 17, 1937, expires July 17, 1938
Entered at Niagara Falls on September 18, 1937

The name and address of the person designated as a reference
is Dr. Abraham Flexner, Director of the Institute for Advanced Study, 20 Nassau
Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Very truly yours,
ESTHER S. BAILEY
Secretary

ESB

Act.
Oct. 29
E.S.D.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS
WASHINGTON

October 28, 1937

Mrs. Esther S. Bailey
The Institute For Advanced Study
20 Nassau Street
Princeton, New Jersey

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

I have just taken up your two communications with Mr. Wagner of the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization and he advises me as follows:

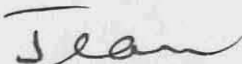
In re: Professor Henry T. Wade-Gery.
Professor Wade-Gery should fill in the enclosed application in duplicate and send both copies to the Immigration and Naturalization Officer at Niagara Falls, New York. It would be best to send this application around May 1, 1938. There will probably be no difficulty about securing the extension. He should also hold the "Record of Alien Admitted as Visitor", which I am returning to you, herewith.

In re: Wife and Mother-in-law of Dr. Kurt Weitzmann.

Mr. Wagner has filed form 575 here. The other documents should be sent to the wife and mother-in-law to be presented to the Consul when they apply for a visa. That is all there seems to be to that.)

I hope the respective parties get in and stay in!

Sincerely yours,



JEAN A. FLEXNER
Industrial Economist

JAF:ds

October 22, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Wagner:

In the absence of Dr. Flexner, I
desire to thank you for your letter of October 20
and for sending him six copies of Form 575.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB:MBG

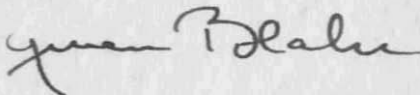
THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS, FINE HALL
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

October 18, 1937

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

As we have now heard that Dr. Hurewicz will not arrive until next Saturday, and Drs. Bassi and van Stockum are not likely to arrive until later, I am sending you now the statement you requested in regard to visas of all foreigners (except Canadian) now in the School of Mathematics.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Esther S. Bailey
P.O. Box 631
Princeton, N.J.

Nesbitt

Admitted as a visitor at
Niagara Falls, September 24, 1937,
until June 30, 1938. Visa
No. 152909

Richard Ettinghausen, German

Quota immigration visa No. 2

Issued by American Consulate at London,
England

November 8, 1934

#815696

Arrived Port of New York Dec. 12, 1934

H.T.Wade-Gery, English

Visitor's Visa No. 735, issued by American Consulate at
London, England, dated July 17, 1937, expires July 17, 1938

Entered Port of Niagara Falls, N.Y., Sept. 18, 1937

Dr. Hurewicz:

October 16

For the Institute's report to the Immigration authorities, will you please give me the following information at once about your visa:

No. 155

Kind of Visa Non quota immigration visa; section 4 D
Issued where Warsaw When October 2, 1937
Duration Unlimited

And when you were admitted at New York City on

October 23, did the Immigration officer fix
any time limit for your stay? *No*

G. Blake

October 20, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign students enrolled
in the Institute for Advanced Study for the whole or part of the academic year.

1937-1938:

Valentin Bergmann, German
German Quota Immigration Visa No. 2241, issued at Kaunas,
Lithuania, May 4, 1937

Peter G. Bergmann, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 317, issued at Prague, Czechoslovakia,
on July 20, 1936 - 1st naturalization papers have now been taken out

Herbert Busemann, German
Quota Immigration Visa No. 686, issued at Copenhagen, Denmark, on
July 20, 1936

Vaclav Elavaty, Czechoslovakian
Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 373, issued at Prague, Czechoslovakia,
on June 10, 1937; expiration date, June 10, 1938 - admitted by
Immigrant Inspector at New York City, October 1, 1937, for one year

Leopold Infeld, Polish
Visitor's Visa No. 3291, issued at London, England, on September 4, 1936
valid for one year, but prolonged by letter 99401/845 of September 23, 1937,
until October 3, 1938

Honorable J. H. Wagner.

-2-

October 20, 1937

Edward J. Jurji, Syrian

Visa Valid until January 23, 1938

Passport No. 8, issued at Philadelphia by French consul on January 23, 1935; renewed on October 9, 1936; expiration date, January 23, 1938; under recent renewal, expiration date, September 12, 1938 by the French consul at New York

Tadasi Nakayama, Japanese

Government Official's non-immigrant Visa No. 168, issued at Tokyo, Japan on August 12, 1937; expires August 12, 1938 - admitted by San Francisco Immigrant Inspector on September 3, 1937

Maxwell H. A. Newman, English

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 2812, issued at London, England, on September 13, 1937 - admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City, September 28, 1937, for one year

Frank Smithies, Scotch

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 342, issued at Glasgow, Scotland, on September 10, 1937; expires September 10, 1938 - admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City, October 4, 1937, for ten months

Inasmuch as all of the students are adults, the name and address
Dr.
of the person designated as a reference is/Abraham Flexner, Director of the
Institute for Advanced Study, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB:MBG

October 18, 1937

VISAS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country of Origin</u>	<u>Classification</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Date of Issue</u>	<u>Expires</u>
Valentin Bergmann	Germany	German Quota Immigration	2241	Kaunas, Lithuania	May 4, 1937	*****
Peter G. Bergmann [Same as in 1936 except that 1st naturalization papers have now been taken out]						
Herbert Rusemann [Same as in 1936]						
Václav Hlavatý	Czechoslovakia	Temporary Visitor	373	Prague	June 10, 1937	June 10, 1938 §
§ Admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City, October 1, 1937, for 1 year						
Leopold Infeld [Same as in 1936, but <u>prolonged</u> by letter 99401/845 of September 23, 1937, <u>until Oct. 3, 1938</u>]						
Tadasi Nakayama	Japan	Government Official's non-immigrant	168	Tokyo	Aug. 12, 1937	Aug. 12, 1938 §
§ Admitted by San Francisco Immigrant Inspector September 3, 1937						
Maxwell H.A. Newman	England	Temporary Visitor	2812	London	Sept. 13, 1937	§
§ Admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City, September 28, 1937, for 1 year						
Frank Smithies	Scotland	Temporary Visitor	342	Glasgow	Sept. 10, 1937	Sept. 10, 1938 §
§ Admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City, October 4, 1937, for 10 mos.						

September 1, 1937

Mr. Byron H. Uhl, District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York

File No. 169/375

My dear Mr. Uhl:

Inasmuch as Dr. Pei-Yfan Chou, who was
a member of the Institute last year, has returned to China,
I am answering your letter of August 27 addressed to him.
It is my understanding that Dr. Chou sailed from Vancouver
on May 15, 1937.

Very truly yours,

MARIE C. EICHELSEER

MCE:MBG

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
ELLIS ISLAND, NEW YORK HARBOR, N.Y.

IN REPLYING PLEASE REFER TO THIS

FILE NUMBER

169/375

Aug. 27, 1937.

Mr. P'ei Yuan Chou
Fine Hall
Princeton, N.J.

Sir:

Your temporary stay in the United States expires to-day.

It is therefore requested that you please notify me of your arrangements to leave this country furnishing the name of vessel, date and port of your departure.

Respectfully,

Byron H. Uhl
Byron H. Uhl
District Director
New York District.

b

Received May 15

Refer to File No.
98524/385-G.O.117

May 19, 1937

Mr. Byron H. Uhl, District Director
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

I have your letter of May 17, 1937, regarding Zdenka Cechova, wife of Eduard Cech, a very distinguished professor in Masaryk University, Brno, Czechoslovakia, who was enrolled as an advanced student in the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, New Jersey, U.S.A., in 1935-1936. Professor Cech began his research studies here on October 1, 1935, and his wife joined him the following December. Professor Cech and his wife left Princeton early in April, 1936, and sailed for Hamburg in the spring of 1936 on a steamship of the United States Lines. Since leaving the United States they have been at their residence - Kounicova 63, Brno, Czechoslovakia. If you need additional data, kindly let us know.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

May 7, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

In Dr. Flexner's absence I desire to thank you for your letter of the sixth in which you send Form 631, Application for Reentry Permit, for Dr. Kurt Weitzmann. I wish to thank you also for the additional copies of Form 631 and of Form I-2 which you mailed to us for use of any of our students who are legally admitted for permanent residence who may desire to travel abroad.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

ESB

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

RN

May 6, 1937.

Mr. Abraham Flexner, Director,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear *Mr Flexner*:

Receipt is acknowledged of your attached letter of the 5th instant, dealing with the subject of contemplated trip abroad of Dr. Kurt Weitzmann, who, it is understood, proposes to visit in Paris and London during the summer in connection with research work at museums in those cities.

In accordance with your request there is being forwarded herewith a supply of reentry permit applications so that they will be readily available for the use of any of your students who are legally admitted for permanent residence who may desire to travel abroad.

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Acting Commissioner:

J H Wagner
J. H. Wagner, Assistant.

Enclosures.

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

(FOUNDED BY LOUIS BAMBERGER AND MRS. FELIX FULD, 1930)

OFFICE

20 NASSAU STREET

PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

CABLE ADDRESS: VANSTITUTE PRINCETON NEW JERSEY

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Chairman

HERBERT H. MAASS

Vice-Chairman

WALTER W. STEWART

Vice-Chairman

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LIFE TRUSTEES

LOUIS BAMBERGER

MRS. FELIX FULD

May 5, 1937

Mr. J . H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Wagner:

Dr. Kurt Weitzmann, who is field mediaevalist of the
Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, now finds it necessary
in connection with his studies to do some research work in the
art museums in Paris and London during the summer. He is
planning to sail on June 12 and will need a permit to re-enter
the United States after his absence of four months.

Would you be good enough to send me the application
blank and prescribed regulations, that Dr. Weitzmann may comply
with the laws of the United States?

With much appreciation, I am

Sincerely yours,

Abraham Flexner

AF:ESB

(Circular stamp with illegible handwritten text)

(Handwritten notes and scribbles)

April 23, 1937

Dear Mr. Wagner:

I was in Washington Wednesday and hoped to get a chance to drop in to see you, but I was so occupied from the moment I arrived until the moment I had to leave in the late afternoon that it was absolutely impossible for me to do so.

I have written Mr. Simmons today regarding Dr. Nicholas von Neumann at his suggestion, and he will communicate with you if there is any occasion to do so.

May I take this opportunity to thank you for the two copies of Form 631 which you sent me for the use of Dr. and Mrs. Swargenski, and I should like to express my deep appreciation of the constant helpfulness which I have received from you and those associated with you.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

AF:ESH

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER
Regnatz 21

April 21, 1937.

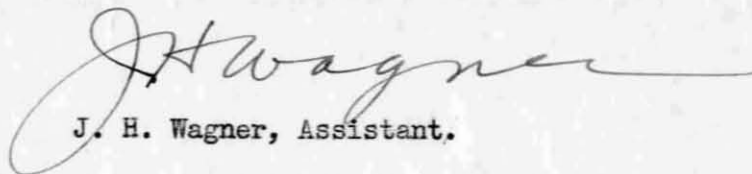
Dr. Abraham Flexner,
Director, Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

My dear Dr. Flexner:

If you will have the young man concerning whom you spoke from Mr. Simmons' office, today, execute the enclosed application for extension of stay, in duplicate, and either send or take them to Ellis Island, they will be very glad to give them appropriate attention. If there are any complications let me know and I shall be glad to look into the matter personally should the case be referred to Washington.

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Acting Commissioner:


J. H. Wagner, Assistant.

Enclosure.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER
Regnatz. 22

April 22, 1937.

Dr. Abraham Flexner,
The Institute for Advanced Study,
20 Nassau Street,
Princeton, New Jersey.

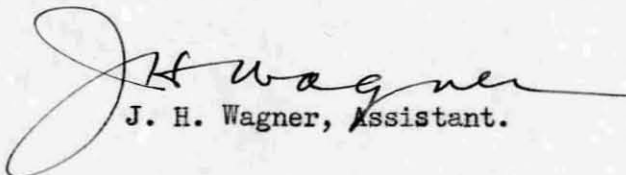
My dear Dr. Flexner:

I have your letter of April 20, concerning Dr. and Mrs. Hanns Swarzenski, German citizens, who desire to go abroad this summer, from June to November, in order that Dr. Swarzenski may engage in research at various art museums in Europe.

Two copies of Form 631, Application for Reentry Permit, are attached for Dr. and Mrs. Swarzenski's use. Full instructions are contained on the back of the application.

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Acting Commissioner:


J. H. Wagner, Assistant.

Enclosures.

April 20, 1937

Mr. J. H. Wagner
Immigration and Naturalization Service
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Wagner:

Dr. Hanna Swarzenski, who is doing some research work for the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, now finds it necessary in connection with his studies to do some research work at a number of art museums in Europe during the summer. He and his wife, who will accompany him, are German citizens, and will need a permit to re-enter the United States after their absence from June to November.

Would you be good enough to send me the application blanks and prescribed regulations, that Dr. and Mrs. Swarzenski may comply with the laws of the United States?

With much appreciation, I am

Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM FLEXNER

St. 7391
STERNHOLT, Gunnar
February 26, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I have your inquiry of February 24 and in reply quote my letter to you of February 1, 1937:

"The following foreign students have registered at the Instituté for Advanced Study for the second term of the academic year, 1936-1937:

Gunnar Steensholt, Norway
Non-quota Immigration Visa No. 79 issued at Oslo, Norway
Visa will expire January 23, 1938

André Weil, France
Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 51 issued at Strasbourg, France
Visa will expire July 14, 1937

I also report that Dr. Antonio I. Flores of Spain has left the Institute for Advanced Study, having sailed for Europe from New York City on January 27, 1937."

The additional data you request are

	<u>Local Address</u>	<u>Reference and Address</u>
Dr. Gunnar Steensholt,	27 Mercer St., Princeton, N.J.	Director G. Carlsen Hedrum Sparebank, Larvik, Norway
Prof. André Weil,	77 Olden Lane, Princeton, N. J.	Dr. B. Weil 3, Rue Auguste Comte, Paris, France

References in the United States are Dr. Abraham Flexner, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton and Professor Oswald Veblen, 58 Battle Road, Princeton, N. J.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY
Secretary

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO COMMISSIONER OF
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION
AND REFER TO FILE NUMBER

St. 7391

STEENSHOLT, Gunnar

February 24, 1937.

Registrar,
Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton, New Jersey.

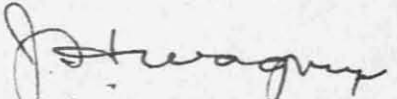
Dear Sir:

A report does not appear to have been received from you concerning the above mentioned student who was recently admitted to this country under Section 4(e) of the Immigration Act of 1924.

Will you please furnish information as to whether such student has enrolled for a full course in day classes and furnish the student's local address and the name and address of a person designated by him as a reference?

Cordially yours,

By direction of the Acting Commissioner:


J. H. WAGNER, Assistant.

St-7.

Feb. 1

Mrs. Bailey:

Professor André Weil entered U.S. under Temporary Visitor's visa No. 51, issued at Strasbourg, Dec. 8, 1936, expiring July 14, 1937.

How he left

Dr. Gunnar Steensholt (S), 27 Mercer St. - phone 223-M

Entered U.S.A. at N.Y.C. Jan.23/37 under non-quota

Immigration visa No. 79 issued Oct.17/36 at Oslo,

Norway, expiring Jan.23/38

February 1, 1937

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

The following foreign students have
registered at the Institute for Advanced Study
for the second term of the academic year, 1936-1937:

Gunnar Steensholt, Norway
Non-quota Immigration Visa No. 79,
issued at Oslo, Norway
Visa will expire January 23, 1938

Andre Weil, France
Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 51,
issued at Strasbourg, France
Visa will expire July 14, 1937

I also report that Dr. Antonio I. Flores
of Spain has left the Institute for Advanced Study,
having sailed for Europe from New York City on
January 27, 1937.

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

October 22, 1936

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding foreign students enrolled in the School of Mathematics of the Institute for Advanced Study for the academic year, 1936-1937:

Reinhold Baer, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 297, issued at Rotterdam, Holland, on November 12, 1935

Peter G. Bergmann, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 317, issued at Prague, Czechoslovakia, on July 20, 1936

Louis P. Bouckaert, Belgian

Non-Quota Immigration Visa No. 24, issued at Antwerp, Belgium, on September 17, 1936 - admitted at New York City until September 29, 1937

Herbert Busemann, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 636, issued at Copenhagen, Denmark, on July 20, 1936

Pei-Yfan Chou, Chinese

Traveler's Visa No. 96, issued at Tientsin, China on June 24, 1936
Admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City August 26, 1936, for six months ; visa expires December 24, 1936

Antonio I. Flores, Spanish

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 11, issued at Madrid, Spain, on July 11, 1936 - admitted by Immigrant Inspector at New York City Aug. 1, 1936, for six months

Honorable J. H. Wagner

October 22, 1936

2

Witold Hurewicz, Polish

Visitor's Visa No. 189, issued at Amsterdam, Holland,
on September 8, 1936 - admitted at New York City on
September 27, 1936, for ten months

Leopold Infeld, Polish

Visitor's Visa No. 3291, issued at London, England,
on September 4, 1936, valid for one year

Tsai-Han Kiang, Chinese

Temporary Visitor's Visa No. 20, issued at Tientsin, China,
on August 12, 1936, valid for one year

Maurice H. L. Pryce, English

Non-Quota Student's Visa No. 107, issued at London, England,
on August 8, 1935 - admitted at New York City, September 24, 1935,
to stay until September 24, 1937

Otto F. G. Schilling, German

Non-Preference Quota Immigration Visa No. 696, issued at
Hamilton, Bermuda, on July 14, 1936

Frank Smithies, Scotch

Non-Immigrant Visa No. 112, issued at Edinburgh, Scotland,
on August 31, 1936 - admitted at New York City on September 21, 1936,
for ten months

Martin H. Stobbe, German

Quota (French non-preference) Visa No. 2967, issued at Montreal,
Canada, on July 3, 1935

Eric Donovan Tagg, English

Non-Quota Student's Visa No. 38, issued at London, England,
on July 16, 1935, valid until September 17, 1937

Rupert Wildt, German

Quota Immigration Visa No. 613169, issued at Toronto, Canada,
on August 27, 1936

Yue Kei Wong, Chinese

Form of Chinese Certificate Customs No. 680 2-23 Student,
Consular No. 111/1923, issued Canton, China, July 16, 1923,
Service No. 1350 - admitted at Seattle, August 20, 1923;
Reentry Permit 939123 issued at Washington, D. C., Oct. 27, 1933,
Extended indefinitely Nov. 15, 1934

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

October 19, 1936

Honorable J. H. Wagner
U. S. Department of Labor
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I send you the following data regarding
foreign students enrolled in the School of Humanistic
Studies of the Institute for Advanced Study for the
academic year, 1936-1937:

Wilhelm Sebastian Heckscher, German
Non-quota Immigration Visa No. 36 issued
September 4, 1936, American Consulate General,
Hamburg, Germany, valid until September 25, 1937

Edward J. Jurji, Syrian
→ Visa valid until January 23, 1938
Passport No. 8 issued at Philadelphia by
French consul on January 23, 1935; renewed
on October 9, 1936; expiration date, January 23, 1938

Johannes Swarzenski, German
Quota Immigration Visa #6132, issued in Berlin by
the United States Department of State, June 30, 1936

Very truly yours,

ESTHER S. BAILEY

Secretary

*Entered N.Y.
Sept 20, 1936*

Form I-2
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

EFFECT OF ABSENCE FROM UNITED STATES UPON NATURALIZATION ELIGIBILITY

The law provides, among other things, that: "If an individual returns to the country of his allegiance and remains therein for a continuous period of more than 6 months and less than 1 year during the period immediately preceding the date of filing the petition for citizenship for which continuous residence is required as a condition precedent to admission to citizenship, the continuity of such residence shall be presumed to be broken; but such presumption may be overcome by the presentation of satisfactory evidence that such individual had a reasonable cause for not returning to the United States prior to the expiration of such 6 months. Absence from the United States for a continuous period of 1 year or more during the period immediately preceding the date of filing the petition for citizenship for which continuous residence is required as a condition precedent to admission to citizenship, shall break the continuity of such residence, * * * except that in the case of an alien declarant for citizenship, employed by or under contract with the Government of the United States or an American institution of research recognized as such by the Secretary of Labor, or employed by an American firm or corporation engaged in whole or in part in the development of foreign trade and commerce of the United States or a subsidiary thereof, no period of residence outside the United States shall break the continuity of residence if (1) prior to the beginning of such period (whether such period begins before or after his departure from the United States) the alien has established to the satisfaction of the Secretary of Labor that his absence from the United States for such period is to be on behalf of such Government or for the purpose of carrying on scientific research on behalf of such institution, or to be engaged in the development of such foreign trade and commerce or whose residence abroad is necessary to the protection of the property rights in such countries of such firm or corporation, and (2) such alien proves to the satisfaction of the court that his absence from the United States for such period has been for such purpose.

"SEC. 2. No period of residence outside of the United States during the 5 years immediately preceding the enactment of this act shall be held to have broken the continuity of residence required by the naturalization laws if the alien proves to the satisfaction of the Secretary of Labor and the court that during all such period of absence he has been under employment by, or contract with, the United States, or such American institution of research, or American firm or corporation, described in section 1 hereof, and has been carrying on the activities described in this act in their behalf."

If you have filed a declaration of intention and you are going abroad:

1. On behalf of the Government of the United States and you are employed by or under contract with such Government; or
2. For the purpose of carrying on scientific research on behalf of an American institution of research recognized as such by the Secretary of Labor, and you are employed by or under contract with such institution; or
3. For the purpose of engaging in the development of foreign trade and commerce of the United States as an employee of an American firm or corporation or subsidiary thereof engaged in whole or in part in the development of such trade and commerce; or
4. For the purpose of protecting the property rights of such firm or corporation in any foreign country or countries;

your absence from the United States may not break the continuity of your residence for naturalization purposes, even though such absence may be in excess of 1 year. If you are going abroad for the purpose indicated above, you should forward with your application for a reentry permit another application on Form 2363 "Application for the Benefits of the Act of June 25, 1936 (Public, No. 805—74th Congress)."

3380-VS

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Immigration and Naturalization Service
~~BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION~~
WASHINGTON

ADDRESS REPLY TO
COMMISSIONER GENERAL OF IMMIGRATION
AND REFER TO

October 25, 1933.

No. Student
INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY

Dr. Abraham Flexner, Director,
Institute for Advanced Study,
Princeton, New Jersey.

Dear Sir:

It gives me pleasure to advise that your school has been duly approved by the Secretary of Labor as an institution of learning for immigrant students, in accordance with the Immigration Act of 1924. The Department of State has been notified of this action for transmission of the information to all American consular officers, who will then be in a position to consider applications for the required nonquota student visa.

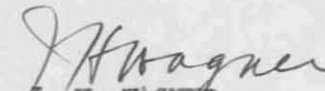
There are enclosed herewith several copies of a printed circular explaining the student provision of the Act referred to, which may be of value to you in communicating with applicants. You will note that the matter of issuing visas is entirely in the hands of American consuls. In other words, this Department and Service have no part in the procedure, after a school is approved, until applicants for admission as students reach a United States port.

It is unnecessary to communicate with this Office relative to the expected arrival of individual students. However, it probably would be helpful in many cases if the immigration officer in charge at the port of arrival could be informed as to the date and ship on which students are expected to come, together with any evidence which may be available showing that such persons have definitely arranged to enter the school concerned.

A copy of the Agreement to Report Termination of Attendance of Immigrant Students, which you signed, together with circular letters which have been sent to all approved schools, is attached hereto in order that you have same for your files.

Cordially yours,

By director of the Commissioner,


J. H. WAGNER
Chief Administrative Officer.

Encl. No. 11792